

# **Balston Coalescing Compressed Air Filters**



Remove 99.99% of 0.01 micron particles of oil, water, and dirt from compressed air and other gases

Continuously trap and drain liquids

Service flow ranges from a few SCFM to 40,000 SCFM

*Remove trace oil vapor with adsorbent cartridges* 

*Lifetime warranty (20 year) with select 1/4" to 2" line filters* 

#### **Balston Microfiber® Filter Assemblies**

Balston Coalescing Compressed Air Filters protect your equipment and delicate instruments from the dirt, water, and oil usually found in compressed air. Balston Coalescing Filters remove these contaminants at a very high efficiency - up to 99.99% for 0.01 micron particles and droplets. Liquid releases from the filter cartridge to an automatic drain as rapidly as it enters the filter. This allows a Balston Coalescing Filter to continue removing liquids for an unlimited time without loss of efficiency or flow capacity. Select 1/4" to 2" line filters come with a lifetime (20 year) warranty which guarantees the product against defects and other failures.



# NEW

# from Parker Balston! Energy Saving Filter Car<u>tridges!</u>

New and improved with the same filter performance you have come to expect from Balston cartridges, the new XE-Cartridges will reduce your annual operating costs!

# What is creating the operating cost?

For every 2 psi of differential pressure in a compressed air system, the drive energy on the compressor is increased by 1%.
By minimizing differential pressure drop through compressed air filters, less drive energy on the compressor is realized and thus lower energy costs.

# What is the savings solution?

The new XE-Cartridges from Parker Balston exhibit a 2+ psi pressure drop improvement over the current X cartridge. This produces a cost savings of \$27.00 to \$240.00 per year per installed filter cartridge depending on the number of work shifts.\*

# How do I order them?

For your next order of filter cartridge replacements be sure to order the NEW XE-Cartridges! Just simply add an "E" for energy savings to the end of the part number! See example below.

Current Part # New 100-18-DX 100-7

New Part # 100-18-DXE

Now is the time to outfit your entire facility with the NEW Parker Balston XE-Cartridge!

If you have any questions please feel free to call us at 800-343-4048 and ask for Technical Services Department.

\*based on \$0.07 Kwh as a national average electrical cost. Savings are more significant in higher cost regions!





Parker Hannifin Corporation Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston

#### **Filter Cartridge Description**

General purpose applications such as plant compressed air	Single stage filtration. Use a Grade DXE filter cartridge
Instrument air and other critical air requirements	Two stage filtration is necessary. Use a Grade DXE followed by a Grade BXE filter cartridge. As a general rule, a Grade BXE filter cartridge should not be used alone.
Removal of trace compressor oil vapor	For rare instances where even a trace amount of oil vapor can cause a problem, three stage filtration is necessary. Use a Grade DXE followed by a Grade BXE, and a type CI cartridge.

#### Physical Properties, Microfibre Filter Cartridges

Temperature Range	-150°F to 300°F (-100°C - 149°C)
Maximum Pressure Differential Across Filter, Inside-to-Outside Flow:	100 psi
Materials of Construction	Borosilicate glass microfibers with fluorocarbon resin binder. Resistant to water, all hydrocarbon and synthetic lubricants.

<b>Retention Efficiency</b>	
Grade	Efficiency for 0.01 Micron Particles and Droplets
DXE	93%
BXE	99.99%

#### **Balston Filter Cartridges**

Balston provides two grades of coalescing filter cartridges, Grade DXE and Grade BXE. Singly or in tandem, these filters satisfy all requirements for removing liquid and solid contaminants from compressed air. Balston also has an activated carbon adsorbent CI-type cartridge for the removal of trace oil vapors from a compressed air line. The activated carbon cartridge is Grade 000.

# How to Select the Filter Cartridge and Housing

- 1 Decide which grade(s) of filter cartridges fits the application (see selection boxes at left).
- 2 Select the filter housing with a port size equal to the line size where the filter is to be located.
- 3 For a new installation in which the line size has yet to be selected, determine the gas flow rate and pressure at the point where the filter will be located, and then refer to the flow chart on the reverse side of this data sheet. NOTE: The filter port size must be equal to or larger than the line size (when specified).

#### How to Order the Filter Assembly

- Build your own custom filter assembly using the guideline matrix on Page 8 and specify your model number. Example: 1/2" filter with DPI and Auto Drain with Grade DXE Filter = 2104N-1B1-DX
- 2 Each assembly is shipped with the filter cartridge installed. To order additional filter cartridges, indicate the model number of the cartridges, and the grade. Examples 050-05-DXE, 050-05-BXE. The grade used for Type CI cartridges is 000 (CI-100-12-000).

Note: Assemblies with CI Cartridges are shipped with the adsorbent cartridge wrapped separately. This shipping method prolongs the life of the cartridge.



Parker Hannifin Corporation Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston



## **Flow Rates**

Filter Housing Model	Port Size	Filter Cartridge Grade	Flow ra Charts PSIG	ites (SCF in each j	M), at 2 p product d	osi drop a lata shee	at indicate t for max	ed line p imum pr	ressure. essure ra	Refer to ating of e	Principa each hou:	I Specific sing	ation
			2	20	40	80	100	125	150	200	250	400	650
A94A	1/4"	DXE	4	9	13	24	29	36	43	55	67		
A914, A914D, A914P		BXE	1.2	2.4	4	7	8	9	12	15	17		
2002	1/4"	DXE	9	19	39	51	63	76	90	117	145		
2003	3/8"	BXE	3	8	11	21	25	31	36	47	58		
2004	1/2"	CI	2	5	7	12	15	18	22	28	35		
2104	1/2"	DXE	19	41	65	113	137	166	196	257	316		
		BXE	9	19	30	51	63	76	90	117	145		
		CI	6	12	19	32	39	48	56	73	90		
2206	3/4"	DXE	37	78	123	214	259	315	371	484	596		
		BXE	10	21	34	56	70	85	101	131	162		
		CI	8	16	26	44	53	65	76	99	122		
2208	1"	DXE	55	115	181	314	380	463	546	711	877		
		BXE	11	23	37	64	77	94	111	144	178		
		CI	10	20	32	56	67	82	96	125	154		
2312	1 1/2"	DXE	98	203	319	554	670	816	963	1254	1546		
		BXE	22	46	74	129	155	189	223	290	358		
		CI	16	33	52	91	110	134	158	206	253		
A15/80	2"	DXE	160	333	525	908	1100	1340	1580	2060	2540		
		BXE	45	94	148	256	310	378	445	580	715		
		CI	23	49	77	133	161	197	231	301	371		
AKN-0280	3"	DXE	364	760	1190	2060	2500	3045	3600	4680	5770	9030	14480
AKC-0280		BXE	90	190	300	510	620	755	890	1160	1430	2240	3590
AKH-0280		CI	47	98	154	266	322	394	462	602	742	1160	1860
AKC-0480	4"	DXE	740	1540	2430	4210	5100	6210	7300	9550	11750	18400	29480
AKH-0480		BXE	180	380	590	1020	1240	1510	1780	2320	2860	4480	7180
		CI	94	196	308	632	644	780	920	1200	1480	2320	3710
AKC-0880	6"	DXE	1500	3120	4910	8500	10300	12550	14800	19300	23700	37120	59460
AKH-0880		BXE	360	750	1180	2050	2480	3020	3560	4640	5710	8940	14330
		CI	188	392	616	1064	1280	1560	1840	2390	2950	4620	7400
AKC-1480	8"	DXE	2620	5450	8580	14860	18000	21900	25800	33700	41540	65050	104200
AKH-1480		BXE	630	1310	2070	3580	4340	5300	6230	8120	10010	15680	25100
		CI	329	686	1078	1860	2250	2740	3230	4210	5190	8130	13020
AKC-2280	10"	DXE	4080	8470	13350	23110	28000	34100	40200	52400	64590	101150	162050
AKH-2280		BXE	1000	2070	3270	5660	6850	8340	9840	12800	15780	24700	39600
		CI	516	1077	1690	2920	3540	4310	5070	6610	8150	12760	20450

#### Table taken from ISO8573 - 1

	Solid			Water		Oil		
Class	Maximum Particle Size (μm)	Maximum Concentration ppm (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )		Max Pressure °F	kimum Dewpoint (°C)	Maximum Concentration ppm (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
1	0.1	.08	(0.1)	-94	(-70)	.008	(0.01)	
2	1	.8	(1)	-40	(-40)	.08	(0.1)	
3	5	4.2	(5)	-4	(-20)	.83	(1)	
4	15	6.7	(8)	37	(+3)	4.2	(5)	
5	40	8.3	(10)	45	(+7)	21	(25)	
6	-	-	-	50	(+10)	-	-	



Note: In the pictorial examples shown above, the contribution of hydrocarbon vapors has not been taken into account in determining the OIL class category.



#### **Recommendations for Typical Filter Installations**

Selecting the proper location for a filter in a compressed air line is as important as selecting the proper filter. In most cases you will probably be able to base your own installation on these recommendations for typical installations.

#### **Placing the Filter at the Compressor**

The standard compressor installation consists of a prefilter (mounted on the compressor), a compressor, aftercooler, and a receiver. The Balston filter should be installed downstream from the receiver. In a system with an efficient aftercooler, the distance from the receiver to the filter is not important. Since the filter is usually maintained by the personnel responsible for the compressor, it is often convenient to install the filter downstream from the receiver. If there is no aftercooler, or the aftercooler is not efficient, coalescing filter be installed as close to the point(s) of use as possible.



Compressor Filter Specifications						
Microfibre Filter Cartridge	Grade DXE					
Filter Housing	Determine filter size from flow chart on page 3, but port size must be equal to or larger than the line size					
Automatic Drain	Recommended					
Differential Pressure Indicator	Recommended					

Some compressor installations do not have an aftercooler (this is an undesirable situation). Air saturated with water vapor leaves a compressor at 240°F to 400°F (116°C to 204°C). Without an aftercooler, the air cools close to room temperature in the distribution lines and water condenses throughout the air distribution system. About two-thirds of the total water content of the air will be condensed when the air has cooled to 100°F

(38°C). A filter located just before the main air line branches into smaller distribution lines will remove most of the water load from the system. The filter requirements for the main line are described above; they are the same as for a system with an aftercooler. However, since the air will continue to cool in the distribution system, additional filters located at end- use points will be required to remove water condensed downstream from the main line filter.

#### How to Obtain a Trouble-Free Coalescer

The mechanism of coalescing leads to three important considerations in selecting and installing a coalescing filter:

- 1 The filter should be large enough to ensure that the air exits the filter at low velocity and does not carry over coalesced liquid. Proper sizing of a Balston coalescing filter is easily done by using the recommendations or the maximum flow rate data. There is no danger on oversizing the filter. A Balston coalescing filter is even more efficient at extremely low flow rates than at its maximum rated flow capacity.
- 2 To avoid liquid carryover, the coalesced liquid should not be allowed to build up in the filter housing above the level of the bottom of the filter tube.

Rather than relying on operator attention to this easilyoverlooked job, Parker Hannifn Corp. recommends automatic drains with all coalescing filters.

3 The flow direction through the Microfibre filter tube must be inside-to-outside to permit the liquid to drip from the outside of the tube to the drain in the filter housing. If installed outside-to-inside, the filter will at first function as a coalescing filter, but liquid will collect on the inside of the filter tube. Since there is no way of draining the liquid, the level will build up rapidly until it begins to be carried downstream by the air flow. The filter will work at removing liquids for a short time, and then not work at all. If the Balston coalescing filter exhibits these symptoms, reversing the flow direction will solve the problem.







### **Removing Oil from Compressed Air**

The source of oil in compressed air is the compressor lubricant. The common plant problems resulting from oil in the air are caused by liquid oil depositing in valves, instrument control surfaces, and other critical points in the air distribution system.

Balston often receives inquiries from users of compressed air about removing oil vapor from the air, yet the only reason for concern about oil vapor in most applications is that it may condense to liquid oil. Just like water vapor, oil vapor will condense to liquid when the temperature is reduced or the air pressure is increased at constant temperature. However, the table below show that while in theory, condensation of oil vapor and water vapor are similar, in practice the effect of condensation of the two vapors is quite different.

Concentration of vapor, parts per million by weight (ppm) in air at 100 psig, at indicated temperature						
	Petroleum Base Oil	Synthetic Oil	Water			
80°F	0.012	0.002	2,743.			
100°F	0.05	0.01	5,137.			
125°F	0.2	0.06	10,508.			
150°F	0.7	0.2	20,119.			
200°F	3.5	2.4	62,371.			

From the above figures, one can calculate that if 100 SCFM of air is filtered at 125°F to remove all liquids, and is subsequently cooled to 80°F, condensed liquids would consist of: water 3.6 lbs per hour, and either petroleum base oil 0.001 lbs. per hour, or synthetic oil 0.0003 lbs per hour. Condensed water is potentially a serious problem, but the quantity of condensed oil vapor is extremely small.

Field tests show that the liquid oil in air from a wellmaintained reciprocating compressor is typically in the range of 15 to 30 ppm. With an oil-sealed rotary screw compressor, liquid oil content in the compressed air can vary from 10 to more than 100 ppm, depending upon the efficiency of the bulk oil separator. Compared to these figures, the approximate 0.2 ppm of liquid oil which could result from oil vapor condensation is for practical purposes negligible.

Therefore, removing the liquid oil from compressed air with a Balston coalescing filter, even at temperatures as high as 125°F, will eliminate the chance of oil-caused problems downstream in virtually all installations.

There are rare instances in which even 0.2 ppm oil vapor in the air or gas can cause a problem; for example, in contact with a sensitive catalyst or other highly reactive material.

In those cases, the trace quantity of oil vapor can be reduced using an adsorbent-loaded cartridge, following coalescing filter to remove the liquid oil.

#### Placing the Filter at the Point-Of-Use

Whether or not the system has an aftercooler, Balston strongly recommends a filter at each critical end-use point, even if a main line Grade DXE filter has been used. The point-of-use filters will remove dirt and oil which may have been in the distribution lines, as well as water that has condensed downstream from the main filter. If there is a pressure regulator at the end-use point, the filter should be installed immediately upstream from the regulator. Alternatively, replace the existing regulator with a combination Balston filter-regulator.



#### **Point-of-Use Filter Recommendations**

Microfibre Filter Cartridge	Grade BXE
Filter Housing	Size from flow chart or by line size
Automatic Drain	Recommended (refer to Page 18)

If there is no Grade DXE filter upstream from the final filter, or if a significant amount of water or oil is expected, then a two-stage system, Grade DXE followed by Grade BXE, is required at each use point. The housing and automatic drain for the Grade DXE prefilter should be the same as for the Grade BXE final filter (if the flow capacities permit).

Even if the application is not particularly sensitive to impurities in the air - for example, an air-driven tool - it is still good practice to remove condensed water with a filter at the end of the line. Balston recommends a single-stage Grade DXE filter with automatic drain.



### **Using Filters With Air Dryers**

Properly specified filters are relatively inexpensive protection for air dryers. Both refrigerated and desiccant dryers benefit from filter protection.

#### **Refrigerated Dryers**

A Grade DXE prefilter with automatic drain should be installed upstream from a refrigerated dryer to prevent oil and condensed water from entering the dryer. Oil entering a dryer coats the cooling coil and reduces its efficiency; condensed water increases the cooling load and reduces dryer capacity. A dryer that was in operation before a Balston filter was installed may already have oil inside it. Therefore a second filter, a Grade BXE filter with automatic drain, must be installed downstream from the dryer if oil-free air is required.

#### **Desiccant Dryers**

Desiccant dryers are very sensitive to water and oil droplets. Water can saturate the desiccant and reduce its drying efficiency or even destroy it. Oil can coat the desiccant, rendering it ineffective, or the oil can accumulate on the desiccant and create a combustion hazard when the desiccant is heated for regeneration.

For maximum protection of the desiccant dryer, a twostage filter (Grade DXE followed by Grade BXE) system with automatic drains should installed upstream from the dryer. To protect downstream delivery points from abrasive desiccant particles, a high efficiency filter with high solids holding capacity should be installed downstream from the dryer. The Balston Grade DXE filter cartridge is recommended for this downstream installation location. (Note: All Balston desiccant dryers are equipped with prefilters and final filters, as recommended above).

#### Membrane Dryers

Membrane air dryers are sensitive to water and oil droplets. Oil can permanently damage the hollow fiber core. Balston Membrane Air Dryers are assembled with maximum protection, two stage coalescing filters (Grade DXE followed by BXE) designed to remove all contaminants down to 0.01 microns. Most all other membrane dryers are not assembled with adequate prefiltration protection and should be protected with a two stage Balston Filter System (Grade DXE, Grade BXE).

# **Maintaining The Filters**

In a typical compressed air delivery system, a properly specified Balston filter cartridge can be expected to last for one year. The filter cartridge can continue to coalesce indefinitely, but solids loading in the depth of the cartridge will cause a pressure drop through the housing. The filter should be changed when the pressure drop reaches 10 psi. At pressure drops higher than 10 psig, the cartridge will continue to perform at its rated efficiency, but downstream instrumentation may be affected by the pressure drop.

To monitor the condition of the filters, install Balston Differential Pressure Indicators (DPI) on the filters or across a multi-filter installation. The DPI gives a visual indication of differential pressure through the filter cartridge. The Balston Differential Pressure Indicator is factory-installed on 1/4" and larger line size Balston Compressed Air Filter Assemblies. To use a DPI with a smaller Balston Compressed Air Filter, pressure taps must be provided with "tees" on the line upstream and downstream from the filter.







#### Models A914D, A914P, A914, A914A

Models A914P and A914D are 1/4" line size assemblies with simple, reliable "automatic" drains used for low flow applications with moderate levels of liquid contaminate. The A914P is designed to empty condensate when there is a sudden pressure drop through the system (intermittent compressed air demand applications). The A914D incorporates an overnight drain which will drain liquid contaminate when the compressed air system pressure drops below 5 psig. The standard A914 utilizes a standard manual threaded drain. All models have a transparent polycarbonate bowl with an aluminum head. The Model A914A has a zinc bowl.

#### Models 2002, 2003, and 2004

Models 2002 and 2003 are 1/4" and 3/8" line size assemblies. These filters have increased liquid holding capacity and are equipped with high capacity float drains, differential pressure indicators, sightglass, pressure relief valve, and 1/4 turn bayonet bowl closures. The 2004 series is designed to service 1/2" compressed air lines with low flow rates.

#### **Model 2104**

The Model 2104 is a 1/2" line size assembly with an aluminum bowl. The filter housing has a large liquid holding capacity and a high capacity float drain, differential pressure indicator, sightglass, pressure relief valve, and 1/4 turn bayonet bowl closure.



Model A914D, A914P, A914



Model A914A



Model 200X Series



Model 2104 Series

Principal Specificatio	ns			
Model	A914	A914A	2002, 2003, 2004 (1)	2104 (1)
Port Size Materials of Construction	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4", 3/8", 1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT
Head	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.
Bowl	Polycarbonate	Zinc	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.
Internals	Nylon	Nylon	Nylon	Nylon
Seals	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N
Maximum Temperature	120°F (49°C)	220°F (104°C)	130°F (54°C) (2)	130°F (54°C) (2)
Maximum Pressure (3)	150 psig	250 psig	250 psig	250 psig
Minimum Pressure (4)	5 psig	5 psig	15 psig	15 psig (4)
Shipping Weight	0.5 lbs. (0.2 kg)	0.5 lbs. (0.2 kg)	2.0 lbs. (0.9 kg)	2.5 lbs. (1.1 kg)
Dimensions	1.5"W X 4.0"L (4cm X 10cm)	1.5"W x 4.0"L (4cm X 10cm)	3.3"W X 8.5L" (8cm X 20cm)	3.3"W X 11.3"L (8cm X 28cm)

#### **Ordering Information**

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time

Model	A914	A914A (8)	2002, 2003, 2004 (1)	2104 (1)
Differential Pressure Indicator (7)	Not Included	Not Included	Included	Included
Replacement Filter Cartridges				
No. Required	1	1	1	1
Box of 5 (5)	5/050-05-🗅	5/050-05-🗅	5/100-12-🗅	5/100-18-🗅
Cartridges Box of 10 (5)	050-05-🗅	050-05-🗅	100-12-🖵	100-18-🖵
CI Cartridge				
Box of 1 (5)			CI-100-12-000	CI-100-25-000

Notes:

1 Lifetime (20 year) Warranty included. Contact your local representative for details.

2 Automatic drain and Differential Pressure Indicator are temperature limiting factors. For Temperature capabilities to 220°F (104°C), order assemblies without automatic Drain and Differential Pressure Indicator.

3 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 130°F (54°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

4 Required for proper operation of piston drain, overnight drain, or float drain.

5 Indicate grade of filter cartridge by putting appropriate letter after ordering number. To order assembly with Type CI cartridges, add-000 after assembly number. Example: 2104N-0A0-000

6 Automatic drains not supplied with assemblies containing Type CI cartridges.

7 Differential Pressure Indicator (DPI) Kit may be ordered separately, P/N 41-071. DPI is sensitive in the range of 0-7 psi differential.

8 Order A914D-\_X for overnight drain installed in the filter assembly. Order A914P-\_X for piston drain installed in the filter assembly. Order A914A-\_X for aluminum bowl and 250 psig rating.

# How to Order the Filter Assembly\*

Build your own custom filter assembly using the guideline matrix below and specify your model number. Example: 1/2" filter with DPI and Auto Drain with Grade DXE Filter = 2104N-1B1-DX.



\*Consult Factory. Not all configurations are available.



#### Models 2206, 2208, 2312, and A15/80

The Model A15/80 filter assembly has 2" NPT inlet and outlet ports, an automatic float drain and differential pressure indicator installed. The Models 2206, 2208, and 2312 filter assemblies have 3/4", 1", and 1 1/2" NPT inlet and outlet ports, respectively; these models are also equipped with automatic drains, sight glasses, pressure relief valve, bayonet closures, and differential pressure indicators. Materials of construction are shown below.



Principal Specificati	ons			
Model	2206	2208	2312	A15/80 (1)
Port Size Materials of Construction	3/4" NPT	1" NPT	1 1/2" NPT	2" NPT
Head	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.
Bowl	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Steel
Internals	Nylon	Nylon	Nylon	St. Steel
Seals	Nylon	Nylon	Nylon	Buna-N
Maximum Temperature (2)	130°F (54°C)	130°F (54°C)	130°F (54°C)	130°F (54°C)
Maximum Pressure (3)	250 psig	250 psig	250 psig	250 psig
Minimum Pressure (4)	15 psig	15 psig	15 psig	15 psig
Shipping Weight	8 lbs. (3.6 kg)	8 lbs. (3.6 kg)	15 lbs. (6.8 kg)	11 lbs. (5 kg)
Dimensions	4"W X 13"L (10cm X 33cm)	4"W X 13"L (10cm X 33cm)	5.0"W X 17L" (13cm X 43cm)	6.3"W X 28"L (16cm X 71cm)

#### **Ordering Information**

For assistance, call toll-free	For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time							
Ma dal	000/	2200	0010	A 4 E /00				
IVIODEI	2206	2208	2312	A15/80				
Differential Pressure Indicator (6)	Included	Included	Included	Included				
Replacement Filter Cartridges								
No. Required	1	1	1	1				
Box of 5 (5)	5/150-19-🖵	5/150-19-🗖	5/200-35-🖵	5/200-80-🖵				
Box of 10 (5)	150-19-🗅	150-19-🖵	200-35-🖵	200-80-🖵				
CI Cartridge (Box of 1)	CI 150-19-000	CI 150-19-000	CI 200-35-000	CI 200-80-000				

#### Notes:

1 Lifetime (20 year) Warranty included. Contact your local representative for details.

2 Automatic Drain and Differential Pressure Indicator are limiting factors. For temperature capabilities to 220°F (104°C), order assemblies without Auto Drain and Differential Pressure Indicator.

3 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 130°F (54°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

4 Required for proper operation of the float drain.

5 Indicate grade of filter cartridge by putting appropriate letter after ordering number (please refer to PK1-2). Example: 5/150-19-DXE, 200-35-BXE.

**6** The DPI is sensitive in the range of 0-5 psi differential.



### K-Series and H-Series Multiple Cartridge Filter Assemblies

These filter assemblies provide high efficiency filtration of compressed air and other compressed gases at very high flow rates. With inlet and outlet ports accommodating 3" to 10" pipe sizes, standard K-series and H-series housings are available in carbon steel or Type 316 stainless steel construction up to a maximum capacity of 28,000 SCFM at 100 psig. The standard carbon steel units, which are generally in stock (through 6" line size), have pressure ratings from 200 to 325 psig. Special high pressure units can be provided for pressure ratings to 665 psig.

All K-series and H-series housings are ASME Code Stamped for the rated maximum operating pressure (except Model AKN-0280). All vessels have built-in legs for floor mounting. With the exception of Model AKN-0280, all vessels have in-line Flanged ports.

In all K-series models, the filter cartridges are sealed by tightening the threaded retainer cap onto the rigid tie rod. Since the filter cartridges are self-gasketing, the only resilient seal in the system is the o-ring in the head of the vessel.

Each K-series Assembly is equipped with a stainless steel automatic float drain (P/N 20-211), differential pressure indicator (P/N 41-071), and a set of filter cartridges (except where noted).



Model AKN-0280



Model AKC-1480

Principal Specifications						
Model (3)	AKN-0280 (7)	AKC-0280	AKC-0480	AKC-0880	AKC-1480	AKC-2280
Port Size Materials of Construction	3" NPT	3" FLG	4" FLG	6" FLG	8" FLG	10" FLG
Vessel	Carbon Steel	Carbon Steel	Carbon Steel	Carbon Steel	Carbon Steel	Carbon Steel
Filter Cartridge Holders	303 St. Steel	303 St. Steel	303 St. Steel	303 St. Steel	303 St. Steel	303 St. Steel
Seals	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N
Maximum Temperature (1)	250°F (121°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)
Maximum Pressure (2)	325 psig	250 psig	250 psig	200 psig	200 psig	200 psig
Minimum Pressure (4)	10 psig	10 psig	10 psig	10 psig	10 psig	10 psig
Shipping Weight	132 lbs. (60 kg)	140 lbs. (64 kg)	210 lbs. (64 kg)	360 lbs. (163 kg)	590 lbs. (268 kg)	880 lbs. (400 kg)
Dimensions	6.6"W X 36"H (17cm X 92cm)	16"W X 36"H (41cm X 91cm)	21"W X 36"H (53cm X 91cm)	25"W X 38"H (64cm X 97cm)	34"W X 54"L (86cm X 137cm)	36"W X 56"H (91cm X 142cm)
Flange Center Line to Floor Dimension	7.6" (19 cm)	7.75" (20cm)	6.25" (11cm)	7.5" (19cm)	16.25" (41cm)	17.25" (44cm)
Flange to Flange Dimension	13"	15.62″	20.63"	24.75″	34"	36"

Footnotes on page 11.



Principal Specifications - High Pressure Group							
Model (5)	AKH-0280	AKH-0480	AKH-0880	AKH-1480	AKH-2280		
Port Size Materials of Construction	3" FLG	4" FLG	6" FLG	8" FLG	10" FLG		
Vessel	Carbon Steel						
Filter Cartridge Holders	303 St. Steel						
Seals	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N		
Maximum Temperature (1)	250°F (121°C)	250°F (14°C)	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)		
Maximum Pressure (2)	665 psig						
Minimum Pressure (4)	10 psig						
Shipping Weight	150 lbs. (68 kg)	270 lbs. (123 kg)	560 lbs. (254 kg)	1120 lbs. (508 kg)	1430 lbs. (649 kg)		
Dimensions	16"W X 41"H (41cm X 104cm)	21"W X 40"H (53cm X 102cm)	25"W X 43"H (64cm X 109cm)	34"W X 54"H (86cm X 137cm)	36"W X 57"H (91cm X 145cm)		
Flange Center Line to Floor Dimension	7.75" (20cm)	6.25" (16cm)	8.5" (22cm)	16.25" (41cm)	17.25" (44cm)		
Flange to Flange Dimension	15.63" (40cm)	20.63" (52cm)	24.75" (63cm)	34" (86cm)	36" (91cm)		

#### **Ordering Information (3)**

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time

Model	AKN-0280-	AKC-0280-	AKC-0480-	AKC-0880-	AKC-1480-🗖	AKC-2280-
Replacement Filter Cartridge	S					
No. Required	2	2	4	8	14	22
Box of 5 (6)	5/200-80-🗅	5/200-80-🗅	5/200-80-🗅	5/200-80-🖵	5/200-80-🗅	5/200-80-🗅
Box of 10 (6)	200-80-🖵	200-80-🖵	200-80-🖵	200-80-🖵	200-80-🖵	200-80-🖵
CI Cartridge (Box of 1)	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000

#### **Ordering Information - High Pressure Group (4)**

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time	

Model (5)	AKH-0280-🗖	AKH-0480-🗖	AKH-0880-🗖	AKH-1480-🗖	AKH-2280-
Replacement Filter Cartridge	2S				
No. Required	2	4	8	14	22
Box of 5 (6)	5/200-80-🗖	5/200-80-🖵	5/200-80-🖵	5/200-80-🖵	5/200-80-🖵
Box of 10 (6)	200-80-🗖	200-80-🖵	200-80-🖵	200-80-🗖	200-80-🖵
CI Cartridge (Box of 1)	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000	CI-200-80-000

#### Notes:

1 Maximum operating temperature of carbon steel vessel is 650°F (343°C). Minimum operating (process and ambient pressure) temperature is -20°F (29°C). Max. Temps. for Seal material: 250°F (Buna), 400°F (Viton), 450°F (Silicone). Seal material may not be the limiting factor. Maximum temperature for assemblies with DPI is 130°F (54°C) 2 Vessel is ASME Section VIII, Div. 1 code stamped for rated pressure. All AKC series housings have CRN registration numbers assigned in all Canadian provinces.

3 K-series Filter Assemblies are shipped complete with Automatic Drain (P/N 20-211), Differential Pressure Indicator (P/N 41-071), and one set of filter cartridges. 4 Maximum operating pressure for 41-071 Differential Pressure Indicator is 250 psig. The DPI is sensitive in the range of 0-7 psi differential. The Maximum operating pressure for 20-211 Auto Drain is 400 psig. Minimum operating pressure is 10 psig.

5 Differential Pressure Indicator and Automatic Drain are not included with AKH Assemblies, or with assemblies containing Type CI Cartridges. 6 To order filter cartridges, indicate grade of filter cartridge by placing appropriate letter cartridge designation after the last digit. Example: 200-80-DXE.

7 AKN-0280 is not ASME code stamped.



# Models 9955-05-DX, 9955-11-DX, 9955-12-DX, 18/18-DX

Balston Filter/Silencers for air exhausts offer the combination of unusually effective sound attenuation and filtration of all visible oil mist from the exhaust air. The Filter/ Silencers are available in 1/8", 1/4", 1/2", and 3/4" port sizes. They contain a Grade DX Microfiber Filter Cartridge sealed into a molded nylon or steel holder.

Balston Filter/Silencers are remarkably efficient sound mufflers, far more efficient than the felts, pleated paper, sintered plastic, and sintered metal products commonly used in other exhaust silencers. A sound attenuation efficiency test comparing a 9955-12-DX, 1/2" Filter/ Silencer with a sintered polyethylene silencer is described below.

This silencing efficiency test simulates the action of an air cylinder discharging rapidly to atmosphere. A length of 1/2" line between two ball valves is pressurized with air to a controlled pressure. The upstream valve is closed and then the downstream valve is opened rapidly to discharge the fixed volume of air under pressure to atmosphere. Noise levels were measured at a 3 foot distance with no silencer on the end of the line, with the Balston Filter Silencer, and with competitive silencers.

Noise Level	Upstre	eam Press	sure (psig	)	
(dBA)	100	80	60	40	20
Without Silencer	102	102	101	99	95
With Balston Silencer	70	70	69	67	65
With Sintered Polyethylene Silencer	88	88	87	87	81

A similar test of the Model 18/18 on a 3/4" air line gave the following results:

Sound Level 3 ft. from 3/4" Air Line Discharging Air At 100 PSIG Atmosphere				
Without Silencer	With Model 18/18-DX			
113 dBA	94 dBA			



Model 9955-05-DX



Model 9955-11-DX



Model 9955-12-DX



Model 18/18-DX





#### **Principal Specifications**

Model	9955-05-DX	9955-11-DX	9955-12-DX	18/18-DX
Inlet Port	1/8" NPT (Male)	1/4" NPT (Male)	1/2" NPT (Male)	3/4" NPT (Female)
Drain Port	1/4" OD Tubing	1/4" OD Tubing	1/4" OD Tubing	1/8" NPT (Female)
Materials of Construction				
Filter Cartridge	Borosilicate glass microfibers	with fluorocarbon resin binder		
Holder	Nylon	Nylon	Nylon	Steel
Internals				Steel
Maximum Internal				
Pressure at 110°F (43°F) (1)	100 psig	100 psig	100 psig	100 psig
Maximum Temp. at	0(005 (40700)			20005 (1.1000)
0 psig Internal Pressure	260°F (127°C)	260°F (127°C)	260°F (127°C)	300°F (149°C)
Shipping Weight	0.5 lb (0.2 kg)	0.5 lb (0.2 kg)	0.5 lb (0.2 kg)	1 lb (0.5 kg)
Dimensions	1.4" dia. X 2.0"h	1.4" dia. X 3.0"h	2.0" dia. X 3.7"h	3.5" dia. X 5.4"h
	(4cm X 5cm)	(4cm X 8cm)	(5cm X 9cm)	(9cm X 14cm)

#### Notes:

1 With the outlet open to atmosphere.

Otherwise, maximum internal pressure is 15 psig.

#### **Ordering Information**

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time

Model 9955-05-DX, 9955-11-DX, 9955-12-DX 18/18-DX Description Standard Pack 10 Filter Silencers per box, individually wrapped One Model 18/18-DX per box.

#### **Flow Rates**

	Flow Rate from Pressured Line through Filter to Atmosphere (cu. ft. per sec.)			
Filter Housing Type 9955-05-DX	100 psig Line Pressure 3	60 psig Line Pressure	20 psig Line Pressure 0.2	
9955-11-DX	10	4	0.7	
9955-12-DX	35	14	2.2	
18/18-DX	105	42	6.6	

#### **Filter-Regulator Combinations**

Balston Filter-Regulators combine a high efficiency coalescing filter with a high quality pressure regulator. Air flows through the filter, then to the pressure regulator. The filter is a Balston coalescing compressed air filter (Grade BX) and will completely remove oil, water, and dirt from compressed air and other compressed gases. Flow direction through the element is inside-to-outside for optimum oil and water removal. An automatic drain is installed on the 3/8", 1/2", and 3/4" models offering maintenance-free operation. Pressure gauges are standard and are available in up to 4 different ranges (see ordering information).



AFR-940, AFR-940A



**12E Series** 





#### Parker Hannifin Corporation Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston



Principal Specifications							
Model	AFR-940	AFR-940A	12E27	12E37	12E47		
Port Size	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	3/8" NPT	1/2" NPT	3/4" NPT		
Materials of Construction	1/8 NP1	1/8 NP1	1/4 NP1	1/4 NP1	1/4 NP1		
Head	Anod. Alum.	Anod. Alum.	Zinc	Zinc	Zinc		
Bowl	Polycarb.	Anod. Alum.	Zinc	Zinc	Zinc		
Bonnet	Polycarb.	Polycarb.	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic		
Internals	Brass/Buna	Brass/Buna	Zinc/Nitrile	Zinc/Nitrile	Zinc/Nitrile		
Maximum Temperature	220°F (104°C)	220°F (104°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)		
Maximum Pressure (2)	150 psig	250 psig	250 psig	250 psig	250 psig		
Minimum Pressure			15 psig (1)	15 psig (1)	15 psig (1)		
Shipping Weight	0.5 lbs. (0.2 kg)	0.5 lbs. (0.2 kg)	2.5 lbs. (1.1 kg)	2.5 lbs. (1.1 kg)	2.5 lbs. (1.1 kg)		
Dimensions	1.2"W X 6"L (3cm X 15cm)	1.2"W X 6"L (3cm X 15cm)	3.25"W X 13"L (8 cm X 33cm)	3.25"W X 13"L (8 cm X 33cm)	3.25"W X 13"L (8cm X 33cm)		

#### **Ordering Information**

#### For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time

Model	AFR-940	AFR-940A	12E27	12E37	12E47
Control Gauge Pressure Range					
0-30 psig	AFR-940-30	AFR-940A-30	see ordering matrix below		<b></b>
5-60 psig	AFR-940-60	AFR-940A-60	see ordering matrix below		<b></b>
10-130 psig	AFR-940-130	AFR-940A-130	see ordering matrix below		
Auto. Drain (1)	N/A	N/A	Included	Included	Included
Doplocoment Filter Cartridges					
Replacement Filter Califidges					
Number Required	1	1	1	1	1
Box of 5	5/050-05-BXE	5/050-05-BXE	5/130-14-BXE	5/130-14-BXE	5/130-14-BXE
Box or 10	050-05-BXE	050-05-BXE	130-14-BXE	130-14-BXE	130-14-BXE
Mounting Bracket	11536	11536	PS807P	PS807P	PS807P

#### Notes:

1 Minimum operating pressure for automatic drain is 15 psig.

2 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 130°F (54°C). Please consult the factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

# How to Order

To order product with desired port size and Regulating Pressure Range, select the indicator digits from the matrix (at right). This will complete the entire model number which is needed to place an order.





#### **Model 17L Series**

Many pneumatic system components and most tools require oil lubrication for proper operation and long service life. This lubricant is typically carried by the air stream. Too little oil can cause excessive wear and premature failure. Too much oil is wasteful and can become a contaminant. Use of the proper lubricator can greatly extend the life of expensive downstream pneumatic equipment.

The 17L Series Micro-Mist Lubricators offer proportional oil delivery over a wide range of air flows. The precision needle valve assures repeatable oil delivery and provides simple adjustment of delivery rate. They are designed to generate oil droplets of 5 microns or smaller downstream to lubricate systems having complex piping arrangements. The 17L series are ideal for low and high flow applications with changing air flow.



17L Series

#### How to Select the Correct Lubricator

Once the required flow is determined for a pneumatic application, the lubricator can be selected by using the flow chart. To read the lubricator flow chart, first determine the inlet pressure that will be used. Find the appropriate pressure curve on the graph. Each graph will contain three pressure curves. If the required inlet pressure is not on the graph, interpolate a similar curve for the required pressure. Next, determine the acceptable pressure drop across the lubricator and locate it on the vertical axis. Find the intersection point of the acceptable pressure drop and the inlet pressure curve. At this point, follow a vertical path downward to view the flow in SCFM. If the flow is too low, select a larger port size or body size to give the required flow. If the flow is higher than necessary, select a smaller port size or body size to give the required flow.

#### Model 17L22B



Model 17L32B and 17L42B





Principal Specificati	Principal Specifications						
Model	17L22BE	17L32BE	17L42BE				
Port Size	3/8" NPT	1/2" NPT	3/4" NPT				
Gauge Ports	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT				
Materials of Construction							
Head	Zinc	Zinc	Zinc				
Bowl	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate				
Bowl Guard	Steel	Steel	Steel				
Collar	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic				
Seal	Nitrile	Nitrile	Nitrile				
Sight Dome	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate				
Sight Gage	Polyamide	Polyamide	Polyamide				
Maximum Temperature	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)				
Maximum Pressure	150 psig	150 psig	150 psig				
Minimum Pressure	15 psig	15 psig	15 psig				
Shipping Weight	1.9 lbs. (0.9 kg)	1.9 lbs. (0.9 kg)	1.9 lbs. (0.9 kg)				
Dimensions	3.25"W X 9.27"L (85mm X 235mm)	3.25"W X 9.27"L (85mm X 235mm)	3.25"W X 9.27"L (85mm X 235mm)				

Ordering Information						
For assistance, call toll-free a	t 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM East	ern Time				
Model Service Kit	17L22BE (3/8″NPT) PS748P	<b>17L32BE (1/2″NPT)</b> PS748P	<b>17L42BE (3/4″NPT)</b> PS748P			



20-440

# High Capacity Electric Solenoid Drain

The Balston Automatic Drain Assembly, P/N 20-440 automatically removes water from Balston filter housings. The autodrain consists of a solenoid valve and an automatic timer that can be adjusted to the desired cycle time and is powered by 120/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz. To drain receiving tanks, use any commercially available Y-strainer (ex. Keystone 911 Series or Watts Model 7771) to protect the 20-440.

### **High Capacity Non-Electrical Float Drain**

In the 20-211 design, a sealed stainless steel float operates a needle valve by means of a lever. All internal parts are stainless steel. The 20-211 drain is a rugged design for high volumes of liquid.

#### **Normal Capacity Non-Electrical Float Drain**

In the 20-402 design, a float rises to operate a pilotcontrolled valve when the liquid level in the body of the drain reaches a predetermined level. The float is reseated by the force of line pressure as soon as the liquid is drained.

Principal Specifications and Ordering Information						
Model	20-211	20-440	20-402			
Port Size	1/2" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT			
Maximum Pressure	400 psig	300 psig	200 psig			
Minimum Pressure	10 psig	20 psig	15 psig			
Maximum Temperature	500°F (260°C)	122°F (50°C)	130°F (54°C)			
Shipping Weight	2 lbs. (0.9 kg)	2 lbs. (0.9 kg)	2 lbs. (0.9 kg)			
Dimensions	2.5"W X 7.3"L (6cm X 19cm)	3"W X 4"L (7cm X 10cm)	3"W X 4L (7cm X 10cm)			





20-402







Model 20-600



Conserves compressed air energy, zero compressed air is expelled, only oil/water condensate

Condensate can be piped to the top or bottom of drain, simplifying difficult installations

Automatically adjusts to all common powers from 24V to 230V

Test button enables manual discharge

Internal electronics continuously monitor operation, and alarm light on front panel indicates faults

### Zero Air Loss Drain

The Parker Balston Zero Air Loss Drain is suitable for use on all filters and dryers. As condensate collects in the internal sump, a diaphragm is held closed by the system pressure. When the liquid level sensor detects an accumulation of condensate, an electromagnet is activated, relieving the system pressure above the diaphragm. As the condensate level decreases, system pressure is reintroduced above the diaphragm, closing off the flow of condensate before compressed air can escape.

Ideal for filters with flow rates to 3600 SCFM, and for dryers rated up to 720 SCFM.





#### **Principal Specifications**

Model

Maximum Compressor Performance Maximum Refrigerated Dryer Performance Maximum Filter Capacity Short Term Condensate Quantity Pressure Range Power Supply Power Consumption

Potential-Free Ålert Contact Temperature Range Protection Weight (empty) Materials of Construction Wetted Plastic Parts Body Seals

#### 20-600

360 SCFM (612 NM<sup>3</sup>/H) 720 SCFM (1224 NM<sup>3</sup>/H) 3600 SCFM (6120 NM<sup>3</sup>/H) 8 gal/h (100 PSI) 12-250 PSI (0.8-17 bar) 24-230 V<sub>bC'</sub> self regulating 80-230V<sub>AC'</sub> self regulating 5VA Max. 350 V AC/DC, Max. 0,1A (electric relays) 35°F to 140°F (2°C to 60°C) NEMA 4x or IP 65 2 lbs. (1 kg.)

High impact glass filled engineered plastic Aluminum Coated Viton

#### **Ordering Information**

#### For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time

Model 20-600	Zero Air Loss Drain
301364	Repair Kit

#### Notes:

1 Installation is quick and simple. A 1/2" NPT pipe adaptor (supplied) is threaded into a filter housing drain port. A drip leg, or other pipe connection and the 20-600 can then be fitted into the system with the simple twist of a threaded collar.





# **Balston Differential Pressure Indicator**

The Balston Differential Pressure Indicator (DPI) is used to monitor the pressure drop across the filters or other components in a compressed air system. The DPI is sensitive in the range of 0 to 5 psi differential.

Principal Specifications a	& Ordering In	formation
Model	41-070	41-082
Differential Pressure Indicator	41-070	41-082
Indicator and Installation Kit (1)	41-071	N/A
Port Size	1/8" NPT	3/8"-24
Maximum Pressure	250 psig	250 psig
Maximum Temperature	130°F (54°C)	130°F (54°C)
Dimensions	1.7"W X 1.8"H (4cm X 5cm)	2.9"W X 2.25"H (7cm X 6cm)

Note

1 Installation kit includes fittings and tubing necessary for line-mounting the 41-070 DPI



41-070



41-070 Mounted on Filter Assembly



41-082



41-082 Mounted on Filter Assembly



**Parker Hannifin Corporation** Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston

# Models 9922-05, 9933-05, 4433-05 and 9900-05

The 99XX-05 Models are the smallest Disposable Filter Units with

11.7 ml internal volume. These models are used in low flow gas or liquid sampling applications, such as liquids to specific-ion analyzers or gases to personal samplers. The Model 4433-05 has 1/4" and 3/8" barb connections molded into the inlet/outlet ports. The 9900-05 is available with a color indicator that turns red when saturated with oil.

#### Models 9922-11 and 9933-11

Models 9922-11 and 9933-11 are used for applications similar to the smaller DFUs (Models 9922-05 and 9933-05) which require greater solids holding capacity and can tolerate the increased retention time.

#### Model 8833-11

These Disposable Filter Units are used as continuous coalescing filters with a third port serving as the drain, slip-stream, or by-pass port.



Retention Efficiency					
Model	Efficiency for 0.01 Micron Particles and Droplets				
DX BX, BK	93% 99.99%				

#### **Flow Rates**

Air Flow at	Air Flow at 2 psi drop, standard cu. ft. per min. (SCFM) at indicated line pressure									
Filter Housing Type	Volume of Housing (CU. FT.)	Filter Tube Grade	Flow Rate (CFM) At 10" Water Press. Drop., 0 PSIG	2 psig	20 psig	40 psig	60 psig	80 psig	100 psig	125 psig
9900-05	0.0004	DQ	0.2	1.2	2.5	3.9	5.4	6.8	8.3	10.1
9922-05 9933-05 4433-05	0.0004	BQ/BK	0.1	0.8	1.6	2.6	3.5	4.5	5.4	6.6
8822-11	0.0007	DX	0.4	1.8	3.6	6	8	10	12	14.6
9922-11	0.0007	ВХ	0.2	0.9	1.8	3	4	5	6	7.3

#### Installation Information

Compression fittings for 1/4" O.D. tubing may be obtained from the following manufacturers: Hoke, Inc. (Gyrolock); Crawford Fitting Co. (Swagelok); Parker-Hannifin Corp. (CPI); Legris, Inc. (push-on fittings); Jaco Mfg. Co. (plastic fittings).

The following brass fittings seal by O-ring compression and may be completely recovered and reused when changing filters. They may be purchased from Parker Hannifin Corp.

Connector	1/4" tubing to 1/4" NPT, female - P/N 11970
Connector	1/4" tubing to 1/4" tubing - P/N 11971
Elbow on	1/4" tubing to 1/8" NPT female (for manual drain Type 8833-11) - P/N 11972

For connections to low pressure plastic tubing

Tubing with 1/4" ID may be slipped over the DFU end fittings and held with tubing clamps. Parker Hannifin Corp. supplies plastic barbs to connect the DFU to smaller diameter plastic tubing. The connection is suitable for pressures to 50 psig.

DFU to 1/16" ID tubing

P/N 14000 (bag of 20 barbs)

DFU to 1/8" ID tubing P/N 14001 (bag of 20 barbs) Parker Hannifin Corp. also offers a manual drain value for remo

Parker Hannifin Corp. also offers a manual drain value for removal of coalesced liquids from the Type  $8833\mathchar`-10X$ 

Drain Valve

1/8" NPT (male) x 1/8" ID tubing (requires elbow part 11972) P/N 20125



Principal Specifications							
Model	9922-05	9900-05, 9933-05	4433-05	9922-11	9933-11	8833-11	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1st Tier/Barb 1/4" Tube 2nd Tier/Barb 3/8" Tube	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	
Drain	None	None	None	None	None	1/4" Tubing	
Material of Construction	PVDF	Nylon	Nylon	PVDF	Nylon	Nylon	
Filter Cartridge Length	1.25" (3.2 cm)	1.25" (3.2 cm)	1.25" (3.2 cm)	2.25" (5.7 cm)	2.25" (5.7 cm)	2 1/4"	
Maximum Temperature (1)	275°F (135°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)	275°F (135°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)	
Maximum Pressure (2)	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig (2)	125 psig (2)	125 psig (2)	
Dimensions	1.0"D X 3.25"L (2.5 cm X 6 cm)	1.0"D X 3.25"L (2.5 cm X 6 cm)	1.0"D X 3.43"L (2.5 cm X 8.72 cm)	1.4"D X 4.6"L (9.1 cm X 12 cm)	1.4"D X 4.6"L (9.1cm X 12 cm)	1.4"D X 4.6"L (9.1 cm X 12 cm)	

Ordering Information	ı						
For assistance, call toll-f	ree at 1-800-343	-4048 8AM to 5	PM Eastern Tir	ne			
Model Filter Cartridges	<b>9922-05</b> 9922-05-⊒ Box of 10	<b>9900-05</b> 9900-05-🗖	<b>4433-05</b> 4433-05-□	<b>9933-05</b> 9933-05- <b>□</b>	<b>9922-11</b> 9922-11-🗅	<b>9933-11</b> 9933-11-q	<b>8833-11</b> 8833-11-q
Available in types Q and X (3)							

#### Notes:

1 At 0 psig

#### 2 At 110°F (43°C)

3 To designate the grade of filter tube in the DFU, insert Grade letters after DFU designation. For example, to obtain a grade BQ filter tube in a DFU 9922-05, order: 9922-05-BQ. Please note the following limitations:

DFU	Supplied With These Grades		
4433-05, 9900-05, 9922-05, 9933-05 9922-11, 9933-11	DQ, BQ, AQ (BK) (4) DX, BX, AQ		
8822-11,8833-11	DX, BX		

4 The BK Grade filter has a color indicating feature, which turns the cartridge red when saturated with oil.



# **Application Notes**





# Balston Sample Filters



Remove liquids and solids from gas samples

*Remove solids and gas bubbles from liquid samples* 

*Coalesce and separate two liquid phases* 

Filter solids and liquids from gases with 99.999% efficiency at 0.01 µm

*Temperature resistance to 900°F (482°C)* 

Low pressure drop

Long life between filter element changes

# Balston Sample Filters Protect Sensitive Analyzers

Balston Gas and Liquid Sample Analyzer Filters protect analyzers from sample impurities by removing solids and liquids from gases with 99.999% efficiency at 0.01 micron. Balston Sample Filters offer liquid filtration to 1 micron or lower. Composed of borosilicate glass microfibers with a resin binder, Balston sample filters are inert to most any gas or liquid.

To satisfy the extremely wide range of requirements for analyzer sample filters, Parker Hannifin Corporation supplies a complete line of filter housings in stainless steel, polypropylene, and other corrosion resistant materials, as well as a choice of high efficiency filter elements which are inert to most all liquids and gases.



# NEW

# from Parker Balston! **Energy Saving Filter Cartridges!**

New and improved with the same filter performance you have come to expect from Balston cartridges, the new XE-Cartridges will reduce your annual operating costs!

# What is creating the operating cost?

For every 2 psi of differential pressure in a compressed air system, the drive energy on the compressor is increased by 1%. By minimizing differential pressure drop through compressed air filters, less drive energy on the compressor is realized and thus lower energy costs.

# What is the savings solution?

The new XE-Cartridges from Parker Balston exhibit a 2+ psi pressure drop improvement over the current X cartridge. This produces a cost savings of \$27.00 to \$240.00 per year per installed filter cartridge depending on the number of work shifts.\*

#### How do I order them?

For your next order of filter cartridge replacements be sure to order the NEW XE-Cartridges! Just simply add an "E" for energy savings to the end of the part number! See example below.

> Current Part # 100-18-DX

New Part # 100-18-DXE

Now is the time to outfit your entire facility with the **NEW Parker Balston XE-Cartridge!** 

If you have any questions please feel free to call us at

#### 800-343-4048 and ask for Technical Services Department.

\*based on \$0.07 Kwh as a national average electrical cost. Savings are more significant in higher cost regions!





Table I Filler Carlr	lage Description
LP Cartridges:	Designed to filter liquids with high solids contents. Have an integral prefilter and an external support structure (flow direction is inside-to- outside).
X-Type Cartridges:	Used for solids and relatively large amounts of suspended liquids in gases. Provide excellent chemical resistance, temperature resistance to 300°F (150°C), and good mechanical handling properties. These cartridges have thick walls for improved coalescing efficiency. Should be used whenever permitted by housing internal volume. Fluorocarbon Resin Binder.
Q-Type Cartridges:	Used for solids and trace amounts of liquids in gases. Similar to X-Type cartridges in chemical and temperature resistance. Fluorocarbon Resin Binder.
H-Type Cartridges:	Recommended for oxygen service or when X-Type or Q-Type are unsuitable. H-Type cartridges have temperature resistance to 1000°F (538°C) in dry gas, 100°F (38°C) in liquid . Quartz construction,
Sintered Stainless Steel Cartridges:	Designed for applications having heavy loading of solid contaminants. These cartridges are also suitable for removing heavy, viscous liquids from gases and as prefilters to high efficiency final filters. Constructed of 316 stainless steel with molded viton end seals.
CI Cartridges:	Used to remove trace quantities of oil vapor. Activated carbon sandwiched between two layers of microfiber filter media absorbs oil vapor. Must be prefiltered with Grade DX and Grade BX.

Retention Efficiency Gas and Liquid Sam	of Filter Cartridges for ple Filtration
Microfibre Filter Cartridg Grades DXE, DQ, DH Grades BXE, BQ, BH Grade AQ Grade AAQ	Gas Filtration at 0.01 µm es 93% 99.99% 99.9999+% 99.9999+%
Sintered SS Cartridges Grade 5M Grade 10M Grade 20M Grade 40M Grade 70M Grade 00M	Liquid and Gas Filtration at Indicated Micron Size 5 µm Nominal 10 µm Nominal 20 µm Nominal 40 µm Nominal 70 µm Nominal 100 µm Nominal
Microfibre Filter Cartridg Grades DXE, DQ, DH Grades BXE, BQ, BH Grade AQ Grade AAQ LP Cartridges (80% reter	Liquid Filtration es (98% retention) 25 μm 2 μm 0.9 μm 0.3 μm tion)
Grade 10 Grade 20 Grade 30 Grade 50	75 μm 25 μm 10 μm 1 μm

# **Filter Cartridge Description**

Parker Hannifin supplies filter cartridges in three different designs: LP Cartridges, Sintered Stainless Steel Cartridges, and Microfibre Filter Cartridges (X, H, or Q-type). See Table 1 for descriptions:

# How To Select The Filter Cartridge

- 1 When selecting a cartridge, do not overspecify. Select the coarsest grade which will adequately protect the instrument. Coarser grade filters provide lower pressure drop and longer life than finer grades.
- 2 When selecting X, Q, or H type cartridges, a D or B positioned before the cartridge type will determine the retention efficiency (see chart to the left). For LP and Sintered Stainless Steel Cartridges, the numerical Grade value indicates retention efficiency (see Table 2).
- 3 Refer to the chemical compatibility chart on page 29 to confirm compatibility of the filter cartridge material with the sample composition.

# How To Select The Filter Housing

- 1 Select a filter housing in the material appropriate for your application. Please refer to the Application Index on page 29, and the appropriate data sheet.
- 2 Select a filter housing with a port size equal to the line size where the filter is to be located. If the line size at the filter has not yet been selected, determine the gas flow rate and pressure at the point where the filter will be located, and refer to the appropriate flow chart on pages 30 and 31 of this bulletin. Flow rates for liquids are located on page 30 and flow rates for air and gas sample filters are located on pages 31 and 32.





Notes:

1 In DAU 9933-05-107 and DAU 9933-11-107, color indicator turns violet when adsorbent is spent.

2 Maximum operating temperature is 180°F.

# Vapor Adsorption Cartridges

Type CI Vapor Adsorption Cartridges contain a bed of adsorbent granules in the annular space between two Microfibre Filter Tubes, with permanently bonded end caps. Utilizing a wide choice of adsorbents, the Type CI cartridges selectively remove vapors from air and other gases. Flow direction is inside-to-outside through the cartridge, and the outer Microfibre Filter cartridge serves as an integral final filter to prevent carryover of adsorbent particles.

For low flow applications, Disposable Adsorption Units (DAU) provide a means of utilizing the same choice of adsorbents used in the Type CI cartridges in a completely disposable package (please refer to page 34).

Because the absorbed vapor remains trapped in the solid bed, the Type CI cartridge has a fixed upper limit of total weight of vapor which can be captured. It is usually not feasible to regenerate the cartridge when it has reached its adsorption limit. Type CI cartridges should be used only when small quantities of vapor are to be removed.

#### Adsorbents used in Type CI Cartridges

Adsorbent	Grade No.	Use For
Carbon	000	Compressor oil vapors, $\rm C_5$ and heavier hydrocarbons, aromatics, oxygenated hydrocarbons, chlorinated organics, freons, carbon disulfide.
Molecular Sieve 13X	103	Most C <sub>4</sub> and lighter hydrocarbons, etylene, propylene, acetylene, ethyleneType oxide, ammonia, mercaptans, sulfur hexafluoride, triethylamine, and smaller amines.
Mixed Sodium and cium Hydroxides	107	all acidic gasses, including sulfur trioxide, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, Cal- carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen chloride, phosphorus trichloride, boron triflouride.

# **Considerations in Using Adsorbent Cartridges**

The following factors should be considered when selecting a vapor adsorbent cartridge:

- 1 Solid adsorbents are effective only for vapors. Since liquids will damage or inactivate most solid adsorbents, the Type CI cartridge or DAU must be preceded by an efficient coalescing filter. Recommendations for prefilters are given on page 27.
- 2 In contrast with Microfibre Filters, which operate at their initial efficiency throughout their life, adsorbent cartridges have a limited holding capacity. When the adsorption capacity is reached, no further adsorption occurs. The limiting capacity, or "break-through" point, is not sharply defined, and the exit vapor concentration will increase rapidly as saturation is approached. To avoid unwanted vapor contaminants downstream, it is necessary to change the adsorbent cartridge will before it has reached its ultimate adsorption capacity.
- 3 Adsorption is reversible, if operating conditions change, a vapor may desorb rather than adsorb. For example, if a temporary surge in vapor impurity concentration causes a relatively high concentration to be absorbed on the solid, a subsequent decrease in inlet vapor composition will result in desorption of vapor from the solid to the gas stream.
- 4 The efficiency of a given adsorbent for a given vapor depends upon the specific operating conditions. Therefore, again in contrast to filtration, it is not possible to assign a single efficiency rating to an adsorbent. While it is not possible to predict or guarantee an adsorption efficiency for any specific set of conditions, it is possible to enhance the conditions beneficial to adsorption and avoid conditions which interfere with adsorption. Conditions which aid adsorption are: low temperature, high pressure, low flow rate, and absence of competing vapors (particularly water vapor).



Remove solids and liquids from gas samples

Remove solids from liquid samples

Filtration efficiencies from 5 to 100 micron

**316L stainless steel construction** 

Long life, cleanable filter cartridges

Temperature resistance to 400°F

Up to 200 psid (differential pressure)



# Advantages

The Balston Stainless Steel Sintered Metal Filter is suitable for applications which require a durable, low maintenance reusable stainless steel filter. The filter cartridge is constructed of 316 stainless steel with two molded Viton gaskets. It may be installed in select Balston filter housings which are designed to accommodate an 050-11, 100-12, and 100-25 size filter cartridge. The Balston Stainless Steel Sintered Metal Filters may be used in liquid or gas service, to filter particulate sized from 5 micron to 100 micron, depending on the grade of the filter used.

The Balston Stainless Steel Sintered Metal Filter has excellent chemical resistance characteristics.

Installation of the Balston Stainless Steel Sintered Metal Filter is straightforward and requires approximately 2-3 minutes. First, remove the filter bowl from the filter housing into which the filter will be installed. Next, place the molded Viton gaskets on to the ends of the cartridge. For 050-11 elements, make sure the shoulder of the gasket fits snugly onto the outer diameter of the cartridge. Finally, holding the gaskets in place on the cartridge, slide the cartridge on the support core or tie rod of the housing, and reassemble the filter housing. Check the filter housing for leaks after reassembling.

The Balston Stainless Steel Metal Filter Cartridge should be removed from service and cleaned annually, or when the pressure drop across the filter is significant enough to adversely affect the user's application.

The cartridge may be cleaned by backflushing or ultrasonic methods. After cleaning, visually inspect the filter cartridge to confirm it's integrity for continued service.

#### Applications

Samples with heavy loading of solid contaminants

Removal of heavy, viscous liquids from gas samples

Prefilters to final high efficiency filters

Ideal for sample lines that are periodically backflushed

High temperature applications





Flow Rat	es (SCF	M) Flov	w Rates, S	CFM, a	at 2 ps	i drop	at ind	dicate	d line	press	ure, ps	ig			
Filter Housing Model	Filter Size	Filter Cartridge Grade	Max Porosity (Micron)	2 psig	20 psig	40 psig	60 psig	80 psig	100 psig	125 psig	160 psig	200 psig	250 psig	300 psig	500 psig
95, 85, 91	050-11	05M	5	0.8	1.6	2.6	3.6	4.4	5.4	6.6	7.8	10	12	15	24
Series		10M	10	1.2	2.4	3.9	5.4	6.6	8.1	9.9	12	15	19	22	36
		20M	20	1.6	3.2	5.2	7.2	8.8	11	13	16	20	25	30	48
		40M	40	2.4	4.8	7.8	11	13	16	20	23	31	37	44	73
		70M	70	3.4	6.8	11	15	19	23	28	33	43	53	63	103
		00M	100	4.4	8.8	14	20	24	30	36	43	56	68	81	133
31S6, 33S6,	100-12	05M	5	2.4	5.2	8.0	11	14	17	21	24	32	39	47	76
31G,33G,		10M	10	3.6	7.8	12	17	21	26	31	37	48	69	70	114
37/12		20M	20	4.8	10	16	22	28	34	41	49	64	78	93	152
		40M	40	7.2	16	24	33	42	51	62	73	95	118	140	229
		70M	70	10	22	34	47	60	72	88	104	135	167	198	324
		00M	100	13	29	44	61	77	94	113	134	175	216	256	419
41S6, 45S6	100-25	05M	5	3.4	7.2	11	16	20	24	29	34	45	55	66	108
41G, 45G		10M	10	5.1	11	17	23	30	36	44	52	68	83	99	161
37/25		20M	20	6.8	14	23	31	40	48	58	69	90	111	132	215
		40M	40	10	22	34	47	59	72	88	103	135	166	197	323
		70M	70	14	31	48	66	84	102	124	146	191	235	280	457
		00M	100	19	40	63	86	109	132	161	189	248	305	362	592

#### Specifications

#### **Balston Sintered Metal Filter**

Filter Efficiency	5 micron to 100 micron (nominal) in gas and liquid
Materials of Construction	316L Stainless Steel Cartridge, Viton Gasket
Maximum Temperature	400°F
Maximum Pressure Drop	200 psid (14 bar)
Dimensions (including gaskets)	
050-11 size	.75″D x 2.28″L
100-12 size	1.21″D x 2.48″L
100-25 size	1.21″D x 6.98″L
Shipping Weight	0.5 lb. (0.2 kg)

Ordering Information for a	ssistance, call 800-	343-4048. 8am to 5p	m Eastern Time.
	050-11 Size	100-12 Size	100-25 Size
Sintered Metal Filter	050-11-()	100-12-()	100-25-()
Replacement Viton Gaskets	A05-0045	A05-0046	A05-0047
Example: 100-12-40M			

Sintered Sta	inless Stee	I Cartridge	es
Filter Housing Model	Filter Size	Filter Cartridge Grade	Water Flow Rate in GPH at 1 PSI pressure drop
95, 85, 91	050-11	05M 10M 20M 40M 70M 00M	11 26 30 35 38 38
31S6, 33S6 31G, 33G 37/12	100-12	05M 10M 20M 40M 70M 00M	26 62 71 82 93 93
41S6, 45S6 41G, 45G 37/25	100-25	05M 10M 20M 40M 70M 00M	61 111 128 148 154 154

Parker

Chemical and Temperature Resis	stance of Filter Cartridges (For Terr	peratures Up To 75°F/24°C)*	
Chemical or Solvent	X-Type or Q-Type with Fluorocarbon Resin Binder	H-Type With Quartz Construction	LP Cartridge With Polypropylene Support
Cold Water	Excellent	Fair	Excellent
Hot Water (to 180°F/82°C)	Excellent	Not Recommended	Excellent
Steam (to 20 psig)	Excellent	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Acids, except Hydrofluoric:			
Dilute concentrations	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Intermediate concentrations	Excellent	Excellent	Good
Concentrated, except phosphoric	Good-Fair	Excellent	Not Recommended
Concentrated phosphoric acid	Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Hydrofluoric Acid	Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Caustic, below 45%	Excellent	Not Recommended	Fair
Caustic, above 45%	Fair	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Chlorine, liquid or gas	Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Ammonia, liquid or gas	Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Fair
Ethylene Oxide, liquid or gas	Not Recommended	Not Recommended	See Pack 5
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Excellent	Excellent	Good
All other Hydrocarbons	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Ketones	Not Recommended	Excellent	Fair
Alcohols	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Freons	Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Phenol	Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Chlorinated Solvents	Excellent	Excellent	Fair
Ethylene Diamine	Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Ethanolamine	Not Recommended	Excellent	Not Recommended
Utner Amines	Good-Fair	Excellent	Not Recommended
Polar Solvents, including:		E collect	NUD
DIVIF, DIVIAC, NIVIP, DMSO	Not Recommended	EXCEIIENT	Not Recommended
Maximum Operating Temperature	300°F (150°C)	1000°F (538°F)	180°F (82°C)

\*Consult factory for compatibility at elevated temperatures

Application Index		Stainlass Stool Manal	Diactic
Operating Requirement	Filter Cartridge Type	or Aluminum Housing	Housing
Severe Operating Conditions			
Pressure 250 to 5000 psig	All	91S6, 97S6, 95M, 85, 37/12, 37/25, 27/35 27/80, 95S6, 95A, 48S6, 49S6, 105S6, 47S6	N/A
Temperature 300°F (150°C) to 600°F (315°C)	Н, М	Any stainless steel or Monel housing with Viton seals	N/A
Temperature 600°F (315°C) to 900°F (480°C)	H, M	30/12, 30/25	N/A
Exceptional Chemical Resistance	See chart above	95M/Monel	9922, 8822/PVDF, 95T/Teflon, 90/Polypropylene
NACE Compliance	All	95\$6, 85, 37/12, 37/25, 27/35, 27/80	NA
FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS			
Separate liquids from gases	XE, Q	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25, 48S6, 49S6, 47S6	8822-11, 8833-11, 95T
Separate two liquid phases	XE, LP	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25, 48S6, 49S6, 47S6	8822-11, 8833-11, 95T
Remove gas bubbles from liquids	XE, Q	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25, 48S6, 49S6, 47S6	8822-11, 95T
Quantitative measurement of solids in gases	H, Q	30/12, 30/25	N/A
Slipstream or Bypass Filtration	XE, Q, LP, M	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25	8822-11, 95T, 53/18, 53/50
Filter liquids with high solids content	LP, M	All housings	All housings
Filter gas or liquid samples to analyzers	XE, Q, LP, M	All housings	9933-05, 9922-05, 90

Flow Rates For Liquid Fil	Iters			Water Flow	Rate, Gallons P	er Hour			
Filter Housing Model	Volume of H	lousing	Initial Pressure Drop		BO BX	LP Cartridge Grade 10	Grade 20	Grade 30	Grade 50
Stainless Steel, Monel and Teflo	n Housings	Enters	ыор	Delbr	balbk				
			1 psi	7	2				
105S6			5 psi	24	10				
			1 psi	14	4				
48S6			5 psi	51	21				
95M, 95S6, 95T, 95A	0.005	0.02	1 psi	18	5				
91S6, 47S6 85	.009 0.015	0.036 0.06	5 psi	64	26				
31S6			1 psi	54	13				
31G	0.026	0.098	5 psi	129	56				
			1 psi	57	14				
49S6			5 psi	135	60				
33S6			1 psi	63	16	50	50	40	10
33G 37/12	0.042	0.16	5 psi	150	66	210	210	180	45
41S6			1 psi	95	30				
41G	0.051	0.19	5 psi	260	121				
37/25			1 psi	109	35	75	75	60	15
45S6 45G	0.111	0.42	5 psi	300	140	300	300	260	65
07/05		4.40	1 psi	325	90				
27/35	0.394	1.49	5 psi	875	400				
0.0150	0.011	2.45	1 psi			210	210	210	80
C-0150	0.911	3.45	5 psi			720	720	720	390
27/00	0.750	2.04	1 psi	390	170				
27/80	0.750	2.84	5 psi	990	610				
15/0004 (2)			1 psi	1650	720				
15/6030 (2)			5 psi	4000	2500				
C 0105	1.37 5.20	E 20	1 psi			420	420	420	160
<u> </u>	1.57	5.20	5 psi			1440	1440	1440	780
Plastic Housings									
9922-05	0.003	0.01	1psi	12	3				
9933-05	0.005	0.01	5 psi	30	15				
8822-11, 8833-11	0.005	0.02	1 psi	18	5				
9922-11, 9933-11	0.003	0.02	5 psi	45	26				
90			1 psi	23	10				
			5 psi	46	36				
7700-12	0.034	0.13	1 psi			50	50	40	10
58P	0.004	0.15	5 psi			210	210	180	45
53/18	0.185	0.70	1 psi			100	100	100	40
			5 psi			360	360	360	190
53/50	0.346	1.31	1 psi			210	210	210	80
54/50	0.010		5 psi			720	720	720	390
53/95	0.661	2 50	1 psi			420	420	420	160
00/70	0.001	2.00	5 psi			1440	1440	1440	780

Notes: 1 For liquids with viscosity higher than the viscosity of water (1 centipoise), divide the flow rates in the above table by the viscosity of the liquid in centipoises. Example: For liquid with 10 centipoise viscosity, flow rate with Model 53/50 housing, Grade 50 filter cartridges at 5 psi drop will be 390/10=39 GPH. 2 Flow rates for Model 15/80S6 are estimated.



Flow Rates for Air and Gas Filters

Parker

			Flow Rate (CFM) at				(I)	Flow R	tates, S	scFM, at	t 2 PSI I	Drop at I	ndicateo	Line Pr	essure,	PSIG									
Filter \Housing Model	Volume of Housing (ml)	Filter Tube Grade	10" Water Press. Drop. 0 nsin	2 nsid	20 nsin	40 A10 A21	ster to P 60 nsin	roduct 80 nsin	Specifi 100 nsin	cation C 125 nsin	narts for 150 nsin	- Maxim 200 nsin	um Pres 250 nsin	sure Rat 300 nsin	500 Ex 500 510	ach Hous 750 nsin	ing 1000 nsid	1500 nsig	2000 nsin	2500 nsin	3000 nsia	3500 nsin	4000 nsin	4500 nsid	5000 nsig
9922-05		DO	6150 C U	1.7	2.5	3.9	5.4	8.9	8.3	10.1			Pro I	5		200		Bin I	20	Bro I	Rico I	<b>D</b> 1	20 10	Pico I	20 10
4433-05 9900-05 9933-05	11.33	BQ DAU	0.1 N/A	0.5	1.6 1.2	2.6	3.5 2.6	4.5 3.3	5.4 4.0	6.6	11														
8833-11 9922-11	0007	DXE	0.4	1.8	3.6	6	œ	10	12	14.6	1	1	I	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9933-11	19.82	BXE DAU	0.2 N/A	0.9 0.7	1.8 1.7	€	4 3.7	5 4.3	20	7.3	11		11			11		11							
9756	11 33	DQ	0.7	r,	7	10	14	18	22	27	32	41	51	09	66	147	195	290	386	482	578	674	770	886	962
0017	-	BQ	0.2	0.9	1.8	3	4	2	9	7	6	11	14	16	26	39	52	77	103	128	154	179	205	230	256
95A, 95M 95S6 95T	19.82	DQ	1.5	3.9	œ	13	18	22	27	33	39	51	62	74	121	180	239	357	470	590	710	830	940	1060	1180
91S6, 47S6	5 BQ	0.3	1.5	3	5	7	ω	10	12	14	19	23	27	45	67	88	132	180	220	260	310	350	390	440	
7007		DQ	N/A	2.5	10	16	23	28	33	40	47	61	75	89	145	210	280	420	560	700	840	980	1120	1260	1400
40.00		BQ	N/A	2	2	8	6	10	11	13	16	20	25	29	46	70	06	130	180	220	260	300	340	380	420
OE	E 0 11	DXE	2.2	5.9	12	19.5	26	32	41	50	58	76	92	111	182	270	360	540	710	890	1065	1245	1420	1600	1770
Q	14.40	BXE	0.4	2.2	4.6	7.7	10	12	15	18	22	28	34	41	68	113	134	200	265	325	400	475	530	590	660
00		DQ, DXE	3.0	I	I	1	I	I	1	I	I	-	I	I	I	I	I	1	1	1	I	-		1	I
06		BQ, BXE	0.5	I	1	1	1	1		I	ł	1	1	I	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
316 316	02 46	DQ, DXE	2.6	10	22	35	48	61	74	60	107	140	172	205	1	I	l	-	1		1	-	-		I
	04.04	BQ, BXE	0.45	2	9	6	12	16	20	24	29	37	46	54	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30/12, 33S£	2 1 E 0 E 0	DXE	3.0	12	26	40	55	70	85	103	122	159	196	233	381	567	752	1122	1493	1863	2234	2600	2970	1	I
33G, 37/12	8C.8CI	BXE	0.5	3	٢	10	14	18	22	27	32	41	51	60	66	147	195	291	387	483	579	695	770	1	1
7007		DQ	N/A	13	28	45	61	78	94	115	135	177	218	259	423	629	834	1245	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
00 6 4		BQ	N/A	9	13	21	28	35	43	53	62	81	100	119	194	288	383	571	1	1	1	1	1		1
11C6 A1C	79 OCC	DQ, DXE	6.6	15	32	50	69	87	106	129	152	199	245	291	1	I	I	1	1	1	1	1	1		I
	10.022	BQ, DXE	1.1	٢	15	24	32	41	50	61	72	93	115	139	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	1	1	1	I
30/25 4556 45G	419.09	DQ, DXE	7.5	17	36	57	78	66	120	146	172	225	277	329	538	800	1062	1585	2108	2631	3156	3680	4200	1	1
37/25	(0.71±	BQ, BXE	1.3	8	17	26	36	45	55	67	79	103	127	151	247	367	487	727	976	1207	1447	1690	1930	-	1
27/35	1500 00	DXE	13.3	40	83	130	178	225	273	332	392	510	629	748	1220	1820	2410	3600	4780	5970	7160	8340	9530	10720	11900
26/35	00.000	BXE	3.3	19	39	62	84	107	129	157	185	241	297	353	578	858	1140	1700	2260	2820	3380	3940	4500	5060	5630
	0.0400	DXE	20.0	43	06	142	193	245	297	362	426	555	684	814	1330	1980	2625	3900	1	1	1	1	1		I
00117	20.0002	BXE	5.8	28	59	93	127	161	195	237	280	365	449	534	873	1300	1722	2540	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15/8056	4700	DXE	20.0	160	333	525	717	908	1100	1340	1580	2060	2540	3020	4940		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
		BXE	5.8	45	94	148	202	256	310	378	445	580	715	850	1390	1	1	1		1		!			1
NA = DATA	NOT AVAILA	BLE	1 For l	ine pre	ssures	above	150 PSI	G, cons	ult facto	ory for to	ital syste	im pressi	ure drop	at operat	ling conc	litions									

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Parker Hannifin Corporation Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston **Stainless steel construction** 

Pressure to 5000 psig

Temperature to 900°F (482°C)

Ideal end use filter

#### Model 97S6

Miniature 316 stainless steel filter with 1/4" NPT in-line ports, and 5000 psig rating. Since it does not have a drain port, the Model 97S6 is used as an end-of-the-line compressed gas filter when little or no liquid is expected, or as a cylinder gas filter.

### Models 30/12 and 30/25

Designed specifically for quantitative measurement of solids in gases to 900°F (482°C), the filter cartridge and element retainer disc in the Model 30 housings may be weighed as a unit (see notes below).

Principal Specifications			
Model	97S6	30/12	30/25
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT
Drain Port	None	None	None
Materials of Construction			
Head	316SS	303SS	303SS
Bowl	316SS	304SS	304SS
Internals	316SS	303SS	303SS
Seals	Viton	Carbon Fiber	Carbon Fiber
Maximum Temperature	400°F (204°C)	900°F (482°C) (2)	900°F (482°C)(2)
Maximum Pressure	5000 psig (1)	100 psig (3)	100 psig (3)
Shipping Weight	0.75 lbs. (0.3 kg)	2 lbs. (0.9 kg)	3 lbs. (1.4 kg)
Dimensions	1.25"D X 3.1"L (3.2cm X 7.9cm)	1.9"D X 4.4"L (4.8cm X 11.2cm)	1.9"D X 8.6"L (4.8cm X 22cm)

Ordering Information	For assistance, call to	oll-free at 1-800-343-4048	8AM to 5PM Eastern Time
Filter Housing Model	97S6	30/12	30/25
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration Filter Cartridges Important Notes:	Included 050-05- X-type cartridges are not For high temperature qua 100-12-DH/BH-F896 for for use with the 30/25.	N/A 100-12- available for the Model 97 antitative measurement app use with the 30/12 or 10	N/A 100-25- S6. Dications order 0-25-DH/BH-F896



Model 97S6



Model 30/12 and 30/25

#### Notes:

1 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (93°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

2 15 psi pressure rating is for temperature to 900°F (482°C).3 100 psig at 450°F (241°C).




Prevent cross-contamination of samples

Pressure ratings up to 125 psig

Temperature to 275°F (135°C)

Completely disposable, constructed of recyclable plastics

# Models 9922-05, 9933-05, 4433-05 and 9900-05

The 99XX-05 models are the smallest Disposable Filter Units with 11.7 ml internal volume. These models are used in low flow gas or liquid sampling applications, such as liquids to specific-ion analyzers or gases to personal samplers. The model 9900-05-BK has a color indicating feature, which turns the cartridge red when saturated with oil. The model 4433-05 has 1/4" and 3/8" Barb Connections molded into the inlet/outlet ports.

### Models 9922-11 and 9933-11

Models 9922-11 and 9933-11 are used for applications similar to the smaller DFUs (Models 9922-05 and 9933-05) which require greater solids holding capacity and can tolerate the increased retention time.

### Model 8833-11

These Disposable Filter Units are used as continuous coalescing filters with a third port serving as the drain, slip-stream, or by-pass port.

# Chemical Compatibility, Model 9922-05, 9922-11

Suitable: Water or steam to 200°F (135°C); concentrated nitric, sulfuric, and hydrochloric acids; chlorine (gas or liquid); sodium hypochlorite, ethylene oxide (gas or liquid); Freons; ammonia (gas, liquid, or aqueous solutions); hydrogen peroxide (all concentrations); bromine (dry and aqueous solutions); all chlorinated solvents except methylene chloride; all aromatic and aliphatic solvents; all alcohols and glycols; aniline; phenol.

Limited Use: Acetone, MEK, dioxane, furfural, methylene chloride.

Unsuitable: Water above 200°F (135°C), THF, DMF, ethylene diamine, chlorosulfonic acid, ethanolamine, pyridine, sulfur trioxide.





Model 99XX-05

Model 4433-05



9922-11



Model 8833-11

### Chemical Compatibility, Model 9933-11

Suitable: Water to 158°F (70°C); benzene, toluene, other aromatic hydrocarbons; hydrocarbon solvents and fuels, perchloroethylene; trichloroethylene, nitric acid (to 10%); sulfuric acid (to 40%); hydrochloric acid (to 10%); most salt solutions; sodium and potassium hydroxide (to 50%).

Limited Use: Water at 176°F (80°C); acetone; MEK, acetaldehyde; ammonia (to 25%).

Unsuitable: Water above 158°F (70°C). alcohols; glycols, phenol; aniline; DMF; concentrated acids; chlorine.

Parker Hannifin offers a manual drain valve for removal of coalesced liquids from the Type 8833-11-DX.

Drain Valve: 1/8" NPT (male) x 1/8" ID Tubing. (Requires elbow part No. 11972). Part No. 20-125



Flow Rates		Water Flow Rate, Gallons per Hour						
DFU Model	Volume of Gallons	Housing Liters	Initial Pressure Drop	Grade DQ, DX	Grade CQ, CX	Grade BQ, BX	Grade AQ	Grade AAQ
9922-05	0.000	0.01	1 psi	12	10	3	1.5	0.4
4433-05 9933-05	0.003	0.01	5 psi	30	25	15	7.3	1.9
9922-11	0.0005	0.00	1 psi	18	15	5	2.5	0.6
9933-11	0.0005	0.02	5 psi	45	37	26	12	3.1

Flow Rates	Air	Flow at 2 psi drop, s	tandard, cu. ft. pe	r min. (SCFM) at ii	ndicated line press	ure.		
Model	2 psig	20 psig	40 psig	60 psig	80 psig	100 psig	125 psig	
8833-11-DX	1.8	3.6	5.8	8.0	10.0	12.0	14.6	
8833-11-BX	0.9	1.8	2.9	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.3	
9900-05-BK 4433-05-BX	0.4	0.8	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	

Principal Specifications							
Model	9922-05	9900-05	4433-05	9933-05	9922-11	9933-11	8833-11
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1stTier/Barb1/4"Tube 2ndTier/Barb3/8"Tube	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing
Drain	None	None	None	None	None	None	1/4" Tubing
Material of Construction	PVDF	Nylon	Nylon	Nylon	PVDF	Nylon	Nylon
Filter Cartridge Length	1.25" (3.2 cm)	1.25" (3.2 cm)	1.25" (3.2cm)	1.25" (3.2 cm)	2.25" (5.7 cm)	2.25" (5.7 cm)	2.25" (5.7 cm)
Maximum Temperature (1)	275°F (135°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)	275°F (135°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)
Maximum Pressure (2)	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig
Dimensions	1.0"D X 3.25"L (2.5 cm X 8 cm)	1.0"D X 3.25"L (2.5 cm X 8 cm)	1.0"D X 3.43"L (2.5 cm X 8.72 cm)	1.0"D X 3.25"L (2.5 cm X 8 cm)	1.4"D X 4.6"L (3.6 cm X 12 cm)	1.4"D X 4.6"L (3.6 cm X 12 cm)	1.4"D X 4.6"L (3.6 cm X 12 cm)

Ordering Informat	ion	For assistance,	call toll-free at 1-	-800-343-4048 8AN	A to 5PM Eastern	Time	
Model	9922-05	9900-05	4433-05	9933-05	9922-11	9933-11	8833-11
Box of 10 DFUs Available only in Q-grades	9922-05-🗖	9900-05-🗖	4433-05-🗖	9933-05-🗖	9922-11-🗖	9933-11-🗖	8833-11-🗆 (4)
Box 10 DAU'S (3)	9922-05-🖵	N/A	4433-05-🗖	9933-05-🖵	9922-11-🗖	9933-11-🗖	N/A

Notes: 1 At 0 psig

3 To designate adsorbent in the DAU, insert adsorbent numbers after DAU designation. For 2 At 110°F (43°C) example, to obtain a miniature clear nylon DAU with carbon adsorbent, order 9933-05-000. Adsorbent numbers are listed on page 28.

#### Installation Information

To pressure pipe or tubing: Compression fittings for 1/4" O.D. tubing may be obtained from the following manufacturers. Hoke, Inc. ("Gyrolok"); Crawford Fitting Co. ("Swagelok"); Parker-Hannifin Corp. ("CPI"); Legris, Inc. (push-on fittings); Jaco Mfg. Co. (plastic fittings).

The following brass fittings which seal by O-ring compression and which may be completely recovered and reused when changing filters may be purchased from Parker/Balston:

Connector:	1/4" tubing to 1/4" NPT female - Part No. 11970 (1 per pkg.)
Connector:	1/4" tubing to 1/4" tubing - Part No. 11971 (1 per pkg.)

To low pressure plastic tubing: Tubing with 1/4" ID may be slipped over the DFU and fittings and held with tubing clamps. Parker Hannifin supplies plastic barbs to connect the DFU to smaller diameter plastic tubing. The connection is suitable for pressures to 50 psig.

DFU to 1/16" ID tubing: DFU to 1/8" ID tubing:

Part No. 14000 (bag of 20 barbs) Part No. 14001 (bag of 20 barbs)



**Stainless steel construction** 

Pressure to 5000 psig

Temperature to 400°F (204°C)

Ideal for high pressure applications

#### Models 27/35, 27/80 and 15/80S6

Model 27 housings are among the largest 316 stainless steel filters available with high pressure capability. The 27/35 and 27/80 housings are used when 800 psig rating is required. The 27/35-3000 and 27/80-3000 models are suitable for service up to 3000 psig. The Model 15/80S6 is designed for 2" pipe systems and pressures to 500 psig.

#### Models 26/35D-3000 and 26/35D-5000

Model 26/35D filter housings are constructed of carbon steel for high pressure applications. The Model 26/35D-3000 is ASME Code stamped at the rated pressure of 3000 psig. The Model 26/35D-5000 complies with ASME Code design criteria.



Models 27/35 and 27/80 (27/35 Shown)



Models 26/35D-3000 and 26/35D-5000



Principal Specification	ons					
Model	27/35	27/35-3000	27/80	27/80-3000	26/35D-3000,	15/80S6 26/35D-5000
Inlet and Outlet Ports Drain Port Materials of Construction	1" NPT 1/4" NPT	1" NPT 1/4" NPT	1" NPT 1/4" NPT	1" NPT 1/4" NPT	1" NPT 1/4" NPT	2" NPT 1/4" NPT
Head Bowl Internals Seals Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Shipping Weight Dimensions	316SS (1) 316SS (1) 316SS (1) Viton 400°F(204°C) 800 psig (2) 16 lbs (7.3 kg) 4.0°D X 16°L	316SS (1) 316SS (1) 316SS (1) Viton 400°F(204°C) 3000 psig (2) 25 lbs. (11 kg) 4.3°D X 16°L	316SS (1) 316SS (1) 316SS (1) Viton 400°F(204°C) 800 psig (2) 33 lbs. (14.9 kg) 4.0°D X 27°L	316SS (1) 316SS (1) 316SS (1) Viton 400°F(204°C) 3000 psig (2) 42 lbs. (19kg) 4.3°D X 27″L	Carbon Steel Carbon Steel Stainless Steel Buna-N 250°F(120°C) 3000 psig (3) 80 lbs. (36 kg) (4) 7.0°D X 17″L	Stainless Steel Stainless Steel Viton 400°F(204°C) 500 psig (2) 32 lbs. (14.4 kg) 6.3°D X 28°L

Ordering Information	For assistance, o	all toll-free at 1-80	00-343-4048 8AM to	o 5PM Eastern Time	2	
Filter Housing Model	27/35	27/35-3000	27/80	27/80-3000	26/35D-3000,	15/80S6 26/35D-5000
Support Core, Required						
for Liquid Filtration	SS-200-35	SS-200-35	SS-200-80	SS-200-80	Included	SS-200-80
Filter Cartridges	200-35-🗅	200-35-🗖	200-80-🖵	200-80-🗖	200-35-🗅	200-80-🗖
Use only these cartridge types	XE, H, Q, CI (5)	XE, H, Q, CI (5)	XE, H, Q, CI (5)	XE, H, Q, CI (5)	XE, H, Q, CI (5)	XE,H,Q,CI(5)

#### Notes:

1 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance

2 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (93°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. 3 Vessel is ASME Section VIII, Div. 1 code stamped for rated pressure at 200°F (93°C). For 5000 psig pressure rating without the ASME code stamp, order Model 26/35D-5000.
4 Shipping weight of Model 26/35-5000

is 170 lbs (77kg)

5 To order CI Cartridges, indicate type of adsorbent desired by putting three digit designation after size code. For example, to order a carbon cartridge for Model 27/35 housing, order CI-200-35-000. CI cartridges are sold in boxes of 1.



**Parker Hannifin Corporation** Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston



**Stainless steel construction** 

Pressure to 5000 psig

Temperature to 400°F (204°C)

Ideal for removing solids and large quantities of liquids from gas

#### Model 85

The Model 85 filter housing is constructed of 316 stainless steel, and has a pressure rating of 5,000 psig. This Model can accommodate extended life, X-type filter cartridges and is used when larger quantities of liquids are expected.

#### Models 37/12 and 37/25

These T-type filter housings are also constructed of 316 stainless steel, and have a 4000 psig rating. These models are used as sample filters for on-line sample analyzers when a larger line size, higher flow rate, or larger bowl reservoir capacity is required.

Principal Specifications			
Model	85	37/12	37/25
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT
Drain Port	1/4" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT
Materials of Construction			
Head	316SS (1)	316SS (1)	316SS (1)
Bowl	316SS (1)	316SS (1)	316SS (1)
Internals	316SS (1)	316SS (1)	316SS (1)
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton
Maximum Temperature	400°F (204°C)	400°F (204°C)	400°F(204°C)
Maximum Pressure (2)	5000 psig	4000 psig	4000 psig
Shipping Weight	4 lbs. (2 kg)	6 lbs. (3 kg)	10 lbs. (5 kg)
Dimensions	2.5"D X 5"L (6cm X 13cm)	2.75"D X 5.75"L (7cm X 14.6cm)	2.75"D X 10.25" L (7cm X 26cm)

Ordering Information	For assistance, call	toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8	AM to 5PM Eastern Time
Filter Housing Model	85	37/12	37/25
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	Included	SS-100-12	SS-100-25
Filter Cartridges	050-11-🗖	100-12-🗖	100-25-🖵
Use only these filter cartridge types (3)	XE, H, Q	XE, H, Q, CI, SMF	XE, H, Q, CI



Model 85



Models 37/12, 37/25 (37/25 Shown)

#### Notes:

1 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance

2 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (93°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

3 To order CI Cartridges, indicate type of adsorbent desired by putting three digit designation after size code. For example, to order a carbon cartridge for Model 27/35 housing, order C1-200-35-000. CI cartridges are sold in boxes of 1.



**Stainless steel construction** 

Pressure to 425 psig

Temperature to 220°F (104°C)

#### Models 33S6 and 45S6

Models 33S6 and 45S6 Filter Housings are constructed of stainless steel and have 1/2" NPT ports. The Model 33S6 uses a 2 1/2" long filter cartridge, and the Model 45S6 uses a 7" long filter cartridge. Both filters are also available with a transparent Pyrex glass bowl (100 psig rating) with breakage-protecting external plastic shield.

#### Models 33G and 45G

These models offer a transparent Pyrex glass bowl (100 psig rating) with breakage-protecting external plastic shield. They also offer convenient molded gaskets to ensure quick and safe filter change-outs.

#### **Filter Cartridges**

X-type cartridges with integral prefilters are recommended for filtration of all liquids with high solids content, including samples from cooling water, well water, and effluent streams.



Models 33S6 and 45S6 (45S6 Shown)



Models 33G and 45G (45G Shown)

Principal Specifications							
Model	33G	45G		33S6	45S	6	
Inlet and Outlet Ports (1)	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT		1/2" NPT	1/2"	NPT	
Materials of Construction							
Head	316SS	316SS		316SS (5)	316S	S (5)	
Bowl	Pyrex	Pyrex		316SS (5)	316S	S (5)	
Internals	316SS	316SS		316SS (5)	316S	S (5)	
Seals	Viton	Viton		Viton	Viton	1	
Maximum Temperature	160°F (71°C) (2)	160°F (71°(	C) (2)	400°F (204°C) (3)	400°	F (204°C) (3)	
Maximum Pressure	100 psig (3)	100 psig (3	3)	425 psig (3)	250	psig (3)	
Shipping Weight	3 lbs (1.4 kg)	5 lbs. (2.3 l	kg)	3 lbs. (1.4 kg)	5 lbs	. (2.3 kg)	
Dimensions	2.6"D X 4.5"L	2.6"D X 9.3	"L	2.6"D X 4.5"L	2.6"D	X 9"L	
	(6.7cm X 12cm)	(6.7cm X 24	cm)	(6.6cm X 11.4cm)	(6.60	m X 22.9cm)	
Notes: 1 Also available with 1/4" ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 33G-1/4, etc.	<ol> <li>Limited by maximum tempera acrylic bowl guards.</li> <li>Maximum pressure ratings ar temperatures to 160°F (71°C).</li> </ol>	ature of re for Please	consult factory f ratings at elevate 4 Support core cartridges. Flow	for maximum pressure ed temperatures. for use with X-type v is outside-inside.	consult factor ratings at elev 5 Materials c Specification certificate of c	y for maximum pressu vated temperatures. omply with NACE MR-01-75. Request compliance.	ıre
Ordering Information For a	ssistance, call toll-free at 1-	-800-343-404	8 8AM to 5PN	A Eastern Time			
Filter Housing Model	33G	45G		33\$6	45S6		

Filter Housing Model	33G	45G	33S6	45S6
Filter Cartridge	100-12-🗖	100-25-🗖	100-12-🗖	100-25-🖵
Use only these Filter cartridge types	LP. M. XE	LP. XE	LP. F. XE	LP. XE
Support Core (4)	SS-100-12	SS-100-25	SS-100-12	SS-100-25



Stainless steel, Teflon<sup>®</sup>, or Monel construction

Pressure to 5000 psig

T-type construction allows for non-disruptive maintenance

Ideal sample filters for on-line analyzers

#### Models 91S6, 95A, 95M, 95S6, 95T, 105S6

These models are miniature T-type filters constructed of 316 stainless steel (5000 psig), Teflon<sup>®</sup> (150 psig), and other specialty materials. With only 19 ml internal volume and the opportunity for by-pass or slipstream filtration using the drain port as an exit port, the model 95 filters are ideal sample filters for on-line analyzers. The model 105S6 has a small internal volume of 15 ml, which is ideal for applications requiring fast sampling response time.



Models 91S6, 95A, 95M, 95S6, 95T (95S6 Shown)



Model 105S6

<sup>®</sup> Teflon is a registered trademark of the Dupont company

Principal Specifications							
Model	105S6	91S6	95A	95M	95S6	95T	
Inlet and Outlet Ports (1) Drain Port Materials of Construction	1/8" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT 1/8" NPT	
Head Bowl Internals	316SS (2) 316SS (2) 316SS (2)	316SS (2) 316SS (2) 316SS (2)	Aluminum Aluminum Aluminum	Monel Monel Teflon	316SS (2) 316SS (2) 316SS (2)	Teflon (2) Teflon (2) Teflon (2)	
Seals Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure (3) Shipping Weight Dimensions	Viton 400°F (204°C) 5000 psig 1 lb. (0.4 kg) 1.8"D X 3.3"L (4cm X 8cm)	Viton 400°F (204°C) 1500 psig 1 lb. (0.4 kg) 1.5"D X 3.7"L (3.8cm X 9.4cm)	Viton 200°F (93°C) 2500 psig 0.5 lb. (0.2 kg) 1.8"D X 4"L (4cm X 10cm)	Viton 400°F (204°C) 5000 psig 1 lb. (0.4 kg) 1.8°D X 4"L (4cm X 10cm)	Viton 400°F (204°C) 5000 psig 1 lb. (0.4 kg) 1.8°D X 4"L (4.6cm X 10.2cm)	Teflon/Viton 300°F (149°C) 150 psig 0.5 lb. (0.2 kg) 1.8°D X 4°L (4.6cm X 10.2cm)	

#### Notes:

1 Also available with 1/4" NPT ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 95S6-1/4, etc.

2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance. 3 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (93°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

Ordering Information	For assistance,	call toll-free at 1-	800-343-4048 8AM	to 5PM Eastern	Time	
Model	105S6	91S6	95A	95M	95S6	95T
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration Filter Cartridges Use only these filter types	Included 050-07- 🗅 Q, H	Included 050-11-⊡ Q, H	Included 050-11-🗅 Q, H	Included 050-11-⊐ Q, H, M	Included 050-11-□ Q, H, M	Included 050-11-□ Q, H, M



**Stainless steel construction** 

Pressure to 250 psig

Temperature to 400°F (204°C)

**Compact design** 

### Models 91S6, 31S6, 31G, 41S6, 41G

These models offer compact designs and half the dead volume of other sample filters resulting in faster sampling times. They are constructed of stainless steel and available with a variety of seals for easy adaptation to demanding applications. If larger amounts of condensate are expected, specify 33 or 45 series.



Models 31G, 41G (41G Shown)



Models 91S6



Models 31S6, 41S6 (31S6 Shown)

Principal Specifications					
Model	91S6	31G	41G	31S6	41S6
Inlet and Outlet Ports (1) Drain Port Materials of Construction	1/8" NPT 1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/4" NPT
Head Bowl Internals	316SS (2) 316SS (2) 316SS (2)	316SS Pyrex 316SS	316SS Pyrex 316SS	316SS 316SS 316SS	316SS 316SS 316SS
Seals Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure (3)	Viton 400°F (204°C) 1500 psig	Viton 160°F (71°C) 100 psig	Viton 160°F (71°C) 100 psig	Viton 400°F (204°C) 425 psig	Viton 400°F (204°C) 250 psig
Shipping Weight Dimensions	1 lb. (0.4 kg) 1.5"D X 3.7"L (3.8cm X 9.4cm)	2 lbs/0.9 kg 2.2"D X 5.5"L (5.7cm X 14cm)	4 lbs/1.8 kg 2.2"D X 10.0"L (5.7cm X 26cm)	3 lbs/1.4 kg 2.25"D X 5.5"L (5.7cm X 14cm)	5 lbs/2.3 kg 2.25"D X 10"L (5.7cm X 25.4cm)

#### Notes:

1 Also available with 1/4" NPT ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 31G-1/4 etc.

2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance. 3 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (104°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

Ordering Information	For assistance, call	toll-free at 1-800-343	-4048 8AM to 5PM Ea	stern Time	
Filter Housing Model	91S6	31G	41G	31S6	41S6
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration Filter Cartridges	Included 050-11-ロ	SS-100-12 100-12-ロ	SS-100-25 100-25-ロ	SS-100-12 100-12-□	SS-100-25 100-25-ロ
Use only these Filter cartridge types	Q, H, M	XE, H, Q, M	XE, H, Q	XE, H, Q, M	XE, H, Q



#### **Stainless steel construction**

Pressure to 425 psig

Temperature to 400°F (204°F)

Ideal when a large volume of condensed liquid is expected

#### Models 33S6, 33G, 45S6, 45G

These models are higher flow rate filters. All models are available with 1/4" or 1/2" NPT ports. These filters are also available with clear Pyrex glass bowls (100 psig rating) with breakage protecting external plastic shields. These housings are useful for gas sampling when a large volume of suspended liquid is expected.





Models 33S6 and 45S6 (45S6 Shown)

Models 33G and 45G (45G Shown)

Principal Specifications				
Model	33G	33S6	45G	45S6
Inlet and Outlet Ports (1) Drain Port Materials of Construction	1/2" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/8" NPT	1/2" NPT 1/8" NPT
Head Bowl	316SS Pyrex	316SS 316SS	316SS Pyrex	316SS 316SS
Internals Seals	316SS Viton	316SS Viton	316SS Viton	316SS Viton
Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure (2)	160°F (71°C) (2) 100 psig 2 lbc/1 4kg	400°F (204°C) (3) 425 psig 2 lbc /1.4 kg	160°F (71°C) (2) 100 psig	400°F (204°C) (3) 250 psig
Dimensions	2.6"D X 4.5"L (7cm X 11cm)	2.6"D X 4.5"L (6.6cm X 11.4cm)	2.6"D X 9.3"L (6.6cm X 22.9cm)	2.6"D X 9"L (6.6cm X 22.9cm)

#### Notes:

1 Also available with 1/4" NPT ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 33G-1/4, etc.

2 Limited by maximum temperature of acrylic bowl guards.

3 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (93°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. 4 To order CI Cartridges, indicate type of adsorbent desired by putting three digit designation after size code. For example, to order a carbon cartridge for Model 27/35 housing, order CI-200-35-000. CI cartridges are sold in boxes of 1.

Or	dering Information	For assistance, call toll-free a	at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to	5PM Eastern Time	
Мо	del	33G	33S6	45G	45S6
Sup for	pport Core, Required Liquid Filtration	SS-100-12	SS-100-12	SS-100-25	SS-100-25
Filte Use	er Cartridges e only these	100-12-L		100-25-L	100-25-L
filte	er cartriage types	xe, h, Q, M, Ci	XE, H, Q, M, CI	XE, H, Q, CI, M	хе, н, ц, сі, М



# Filter solids and liquids from gases with 99.99% efficiency at 0.01 micron

Liquid filtration efficiency to 1 micron

Temperature to 230°F (110°C)

#### Model 90

The Model 90 filter holder is designed to accept grade X or Q type filter cartridges. This model is used as the inlet filter on air, gas or liquid sample analyzers. It can also be used as a vent/breather filter on storage vessels. The disposable filter cartridge is easily replaced in the field, requiring no tools.

### Model 7700

The Model 7700 is constructed of transparent nylon with 1/2" NPT in-line ports. This economical, completely disposable filter can be ordered with any LP cartridge installed.

### Model 58P

The Model 58P housing has a nylon head and internals and a transparent nylon bowl, and replaceable filter cartridges. It is used for filtration of water or mildly acidic or caustic solutions.

### Model 53

The Model 53 housings are constructed of polypropylene, and are designed for a single LP-200 filter cartridge in 5", 10", or 20" lengths. The polypropylene construction provides excellent resistance to nonoxidizing acids, such as HCL in any concentration, sulfuric to 70% concentration, brines, hydrocarbon liquids, alcohols, and concentrated caustic. The Model 53 can be used with certain ketones and chlorinated solvents.

### Model 54

The Model 54 housings have a polypropylene head and a transparent styrene-acrylonitrile (SAN) bowl. The transparent bowl is available only in the 10" length. Model 54 housings are used for filtration of water or mildly acidic solutions at temperatures below 100°F (38°C).



Model 90



Model 7700-12



Model 58P



Model 53/18



Models 54/50 and 53/50 (53/50 Shown)



Parker Hannifin Corporation Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston



Principal Specificat	ions					
Model	90	7700-12	58P	53/18	53/50	54/50
Inlet and Outlet Ports Materials of Construction	1/4" Tubing	1/2" NPT	1/4" NPT	3/8" NPT	3/4" NPT	3/4" NPT
Head	Polyprop.	Nylon	Nylon	Polyprop.	Polyprop.	Polyprop.
Bowl	Polyprop.	Nylon	Nylon	Polyprop.	Polyprop.	SAN
Internals Seals			Nylon EPR	Polyprop. EPR	Polyprop. EPR	Polyprop. EPR
Maximum Temperature	230°F (110°C)	150°F (66°C)	150°F (66°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)	100°F (38°C)
Maximum Pressure (1)	60 psig (2)	75 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig
Shipping Weight	0.2 lbs. (0.1 kg)	1 lbs. (0.5 kg)	1lbs. (0.5 kg)	3 lbs. (1.4 kg)	4 lbs. (1.8 kg)	4 lbs. (1.8 kg)
Dimensions	1.4"D X 3.8"L (4cm X 10cm)	2.6"D X 4.9"L (7cm X 12cm)	2.7"D X 6.1"L (7cm X 16cm)	5"D X 6.6"L (11cm X 17cm)	5"D X 12"L (13cm X 30cm)	5"D X 12"L (13cm X 30cm)

Notes:

1 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 125°F (52°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

2 60 psig pressure rating with flow direction from inside to out. Consult factory for other operating conditions.

Ordering Information	For assistance, ca	II toll-free at 1-800	)-343-4048 8AM to !	5PM Eastern Time		
Filter Housing	90	7700-12-🗖	58P	53/18	53/50	54/50
Filter Cartridge	100-12-🗅	Included	LP-100-12-	LP-200-18-	LP-200-50-🖵	LP-200-50-🗅



Complete removal of solid particles, condensed water, and oils

Long filter life, even in high use conditions

No effect by the filter on the composition of the gas

Complete resistance to corrosion

#### Model 58N

The Model 58N housing is a rugged, economical housing with a 1/8" NPT drain. The transparent polycarbonate bowl and the nylon head, tie rod, and element retainer are resistant and non-absorbent to all components of the sample stream. The Balston 58N filter housing has much better corrosion resistance and is more economical than other filters used in this application.

The Balston Grade 404 Microfibre Filter Cartridges were developed specifically for use in sample lines to Gasoline Engine Analyzers. The filter cartridges are composed of borosilicate glass and polyolefin fibers. They have a 93% retention efficiency at 0.1 micron and offer a significantly higher solids holding capacity and lower pressure drop than conventional resin-bonded glass microfiber filter cartridges. The Balston Grade 404 filter cartridges are hydrophobic and drain water much more rapidly than all-glass fiber cartridges, greatly reducing the possibility of loss of NO<sub>2</sub> and other water-soluble components from the gas sample.

When installed with inside-to-outside flow direction, the Grade 404 filter cartridges are efficient, fast-draining coalescing filters. When installed with outside-to-inside flow direction, the pure white surface of the filter tube permits quick visual estimation of the dirt loading on the filter cartridge.

In addition to the standard 100-12 size, Grade 404 Microfibre Filter Cartridges are available in sizes to fit all Vehicle Emission Analyzer filter housings.



Model 58N

Principal	Specifications
-----------	----------------

Model	58N
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT
Drain Port	1/8" NPT
Materials of Construction	
Head	Nylon
Bowl	Polycarbonate
Internals	Nylon
Seals	Buna
Maximum Temperature	150°F (66°C)
Maximum Pressure	10 psig
Shipping Weight	1lb. (0.5 kg)
Dimensions	2.8"D X 6.3"L

Ordering Information				
Filter Housing Model	58N			
Replacement Filter Cartridges (box of 10)	100-12-404			
	Note: Filter cartridge not included. Must be ordered separately			



# Totally inorganic filter cartridge is inert and contains no extractables

#### Temperature capability to 450°F (232°C)

### Filter housing designed for convenient external heating

#### The Problem:

Diesel engine exhaust has a much higher concentration of suspended solid particles and nonvolatile liquid droplets.

Diesel engine exhaust has a high dew point and must be kept hot to prevent liquid condensation which would affect the accuracy of the analysis. To avoid contamination of sample lines with dirt and oil, most diesel engine analysis systems are designed with the primary filter close to the inlet of the sample system. The filter is externally heated to prevent liquid condensation when the system is started up, but during prolonged operation, the filter often is subjected to engine exhaust gas temperatures, which normally range from 350°F to 450°F (176°C to 232°C) and occasionally get as high as 600°F (315°C).

#### The Solution:

Model 38 filters, designed specifically for diesel engine exhaust, are all-stainless steel housings with silicone seals (maximum temperature 600°F/315°C). The 1/4" NPT inlet and outlet ports are located at one end of the cylindrical body, and the bayonet closure for changing the filter cartridge is located at the opposite end. To maintain constant temperature, the body may be wrapped in heating tape or enclosed in an oven. The novel closure design permits an operator wearing gloves to replace a filter element rapidly, without disturbing the heating provisions or gas flow connections. The filter housing may be oriented horizontally, vertically, or at any other convenient attitude.

The standard size Model 38/25 housing has a 10-inch (25 cm) long body. Where the installation requires a smaller size housing, the Model 38/12 with 5 1/2 inch (14 cm) long body is available.

The Grade DH21 filter cartridge, composed of borosilicate glass microfibers and inorganic binder, is inert to all components in the gas and stable to 900°F (482°C). The retention efficiency is 93% of 0.1 micron particles and 100% of 2 micron and larger particles. With flow



Model 38/12, 38/25 (38/25 Shown)

direction through the filter tube inside-to-outside, the internal prefilter in the Grade DH21 cartridge provides satisfactory life in a relatively dirty environment. Since the dirt is trapped on the inside of the cartridge, the external surface of the cartridge and the filter housing remain free of contaminants.

#### Principal Specifications

Model	38/12	38/25
Inlet and Outlet Ports Materials of Construction	1/4" NPT	1/4″ NPT
Head	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Bowl	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Internals	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Seals	Silicone	Silicone
Maximum Temperature	450°F (232°C)	450°F (232°C)
Maximum Pressure	20 PSIG	20 PSIG
Shipping Weight	5 lbs. / 2.3 kg	4 lbs. / 1.8 kg
Dimensions (1)	2.25"D X 5.5"L (6cm X 14cm)	2.25"D X 10.0"L (6cm X 25cm)

Filter Housing ModelFilter Cartridge38/25 (box of 10)100-25-DH21 (2)Standard Length38/12 (box of 10)38/12 (box of 10)100-12-DH21 (2)Short LengthNote: Filter cartridge not included. Must be ordered separately.	Ordering Information				
38/25 (box of 10)100-25-DH21 (2)Standard Length100-12-DH21 (2)38/12 (box of 10)100-12-DH21 (2)Short LengthNote: Filter cartridge not included. Must be ordered separately.	Filter Housing Model	Filter Cartridge			
38/12 (box of 10)       100-12-DH21 (2)         Short Length       Note: Filter cartridge not included. Must be ordered separately.	38/25 (box of 10) Standard Length	100-25-DH21 (2)			
Note: Filter cartridge not included. Must be ordered separately.	38/12 (box of 10) Short Length	100-12-DH21 (2)			
	Note: Filter cartridge not included.	Must be ordered separately.			

Notes:

1 Dimension without handle. Handle adds 3.75" (9.5 cm).

 $2\,$  If an H-Type filter cartridge is being used, order a modified element retainer kit, P/N 30205.



Ideal for protecting GCs, Mass Spectrometers, O<sub>2</sub> Analyzers, and Moisture Analyzers

Removes entrained water, submicron sulfuric acid aerosol, and ultra fine particulate

Much lower initial cost and operating costs than other membrane filters



Series 98 Membrane Filter

#### Series 98 Membrane Filter

The Series 98 Membrane Filter consists of a housing with a porous membrane filter, which is supported by a sintered porous disk located on the "outlet" side of the housing. Gas enters through the "inlet" port on the upstream side of the membrane, and exits from the "outlet" port on the downstream side. Entrained liquid will not flow through the membrane, and will exit through the "bypass" port on the upstream side of the membrane, completely protecting sensitive instrumentation from moisture. Two models are available: The 98-0 (standard) and the 98-2 (high flow). The 98 Series is identical to other hydrophobic membranes offering the same performance and features but at a much lower price.

#### The Membrane

Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapor to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. Even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane.

The membrane is extremely inert, and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for PPB, PPM, and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable.



Typical Location of a Balston Membrane Filter in an Analyzer Application

(Note: For the membrane to operate correctly, there must be a bypass flow.)







#### How to Select the Membrane and Model

- 1. Determine the following application requirements:
  - A. Gas flow rate to the analyzer excluding the bypass flow.
  - B. Type of suspended liquid to be separated and amount normally present in the sample.
  - C. Gas sample supply pressure at membrane filter inlet.

2. Use Table 1 to select a membrane filter model and membrane type which meet your application requirements. Note that the membrane differential pressure for the model and membrane type selected must be lower than the available gas sample supply pressure.

# Selecting the Appropriate Type of Membrane

There are two basic types of membranes for the 98 Series Membrane Filters: The Model 98-0 (Standard) is suitable for separation of most liquids from gases. The Model 98-2 (High Flow) is best suited for the separation of water and other high surface-tension liquids from gases.



Table 1 Housing and	Membrane Sele	ection Guide
Model	98-0	98-2
Membrane Type	Standard (1)	High Flow (2)
Max. Recommended Flow Rate in L/Min. (3)	0.60	10
Normal Amount of Liquid Present in Gas (4)	Low to Medium	Low to Medium

Notes:

1 Standard membrane is suitable for most suspended liquids.

2 High flow membrane is suitable for suspended water, solutions consisting primarily of water, sulfuric acid, caustic, glycols, oily liquids, other high surface-tension type liquids.3 Maximum recommended flow rate of gas through the membrane. Does not include

the "bypass" flow rate. 4 Amount of liquid normally expected to be present in the sample gas: <u>Low</u>: aerosol or occasional droplets. <u>Medium</u>: continuous droplets. <u>High</u>: continuous flowing liquid.

Principal Specifications			
Model	98		
Inlet, Outlet, Bypass Ports	1/4" NPT		
Materials of Construction			
Housing	316 Stainless Steel (2)		
O-rings	Viton (standard) Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)		
Maximum Operating Pressure	1000 psig @ 200°F		
Maximum Temperature	212°F (100°C)		
Maximum Flow Rate			
Standard Membrane	.60 L/Min.		
High Flow Membrane	10 L/Min.		
Typical Membrane Pressure Drop (1)			
Standard Membrane	1 psig per 100 cc/min. flow through membrane		
High Flow Membrane	1 psig per 3.8 liters/min. flow through the membrane		
Outside Dimensions	2"D x 2"L (5cm X 5cm)		
Shipping Weight	1.5 lbs. (0.7 kg)		

Notes:

1 Pressure Drops are for temperatures to 212°F (100°C).

Ordering Information		
Filter Assembly Maintenance Kits	98-0 (Standard)	98-2 (High Flow)
98014	5 each Membranes & Viton	O-Rings for 98-0
98015	5 each Membranes & Viton	O-Rings for 98-2
98002	5 each Membranes 98-0	
98020	5 each Membranes 98-2	



A98 Series offers continuous coalescing of all liquid and the security of hydrophobic membrane protection all in one unit

Fewer fittings required - reducing risk of leaks

More compact - no need for separate coalescers

Less maintenance and downtime as the membrane is fully protected from solids & liquids

#### Series A98 Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter

The Balston Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter is designed to remove entrained liquid and particulate in gas samples for a wide variety of applications, and thereby prevents contamination or damage to the analyzers and sample system components. Typically located upstream from the analyzer or component it is protecting, the Coalescer Membrane Combination provides protection even if other sample system components fail.

The Coalescer Membrane Combination offers the performance and protection of the 98 Series Membrane Filter with the additional benefits of coalescing liquids and entrapment of particulates, offering maximum protection of the membrane. There is no need for prefiltration which places more volume in the sample system, and requires more space for installation and more potential for leaks.

The Series A98 consists of a housing with a porous membrane filter, which is supported by a sintered porous disk located on the "outlet" side of the housing. Gas enters through the "inlet" port and is directed down through the coalescing filter. The coalescer traps all particulates and continuously drains liquid contaminants. The sample gas then flows upward to the upstream side of the membrane, and exits from the "outlet" port on the downstream side. Entrained liquid will not flow through the membrane, and will exit through the drain port on the downstream side of the coalescer.



Series A98 Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter



Typical Location of a Balston Membrane Filter in an Analyzer Application

(Note: For the membrane to operate correctly, there must be a bypass flow.)

### The Membrane

Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapor to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. Even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane.

The membrane is extremely inert, and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for PPB, PPM, and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable.



#### How to Select the Membrane and Model

- 1. Determine the following application requirements:
  - A. Gas flow rate to the analyzer excluding the bypass flow.
  - B. Type of suspended liquid to be separated and amount normally present in the sample.
  - C. Gas sample supply pressure at Membrane Filter inlet.

2. Use Table 1 to select a Membrane Filter model and Membrane type which meet your application requirements. Note that the membrane differential pressure for the model and membrane type selected must be lower than the available gas sample supply pressure.

# Selecting the Appropriate Type of Membrane

There are two basic types of membranes for the A98/11 Series Membrane Filters: The Model A98/11-\_\_Q-0 (Standard) is suitable for separation of most liquids from gases. The Model A98/11-\_\_Q-2 (High Flow) is best suited for the separation of water and other high surfacetension liquids from gases.



Table 1 Housing and Membrane Selection Guide		
Model	A98/11Q-0	A98/11Q-2
Membrane Type	Standard (1)	High Flow (2)
Max. Recommended Flow Rate in L/Min. (3)	0.60	10
Normal Amount of Liquid Present in Gas (4)	Low to Medium	Low to Medium

Notes:

1 Standard membrane is suitable for most suspended liquids.

2 High flow membrane is suitable for suspended water, solutions consisting primarily or water, sulfuric acid, caustic, glycols, oily liquids, other high surface-tension type liquids.

3 Maximum recommended flow rate of gas through the membrane. Does not include the "bypass" flow rate.

4 Amount of liquid normally expected to be present in the sample gas: <u>Low</u>: aerosol or occasional droplets. <u>Medium</u>: continuous droplets. <u>High</u>: continuous flowing liquid.

Principal Specifications	
Model	A98/11-[]Q-[]
Inlet, Outlet, Bypass Ports	1/4" NPT
Materials of Construction	
Housing	316 Stainless Steel
O-rings	Viton (standard)
	Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)
Maximum Operating Pressure	1000 psig @ 200°F
Maximum Temperature	212°F (100°C)
Maximum Flow Rate	
Standard Membrane	.60 L/Min.
High Flow Membrane	10 L/Min.
Typical Membrane Pressure Drop (1)	
Standard Membrane	1 psig per 100 cc/min.
	flow through membrane
High Flow Membrane	1 psig per 3.8 liters/min.
	flow through the membrane
Outside Dimensions	2"D x 4"L (5cm X 10cm)
Shipping Weight	2.4 lbs. (1.1 kg)

Notes:

1 Pressure Drops are for temperatures to 212°F (100°C).

2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.

### Ordering Information

Filter Assembly	A98/11Q-0 A98/11Q-2
98011	5 ea. DQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98/11-DQ-O
98012	5 ea. BQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98/11-BQ-2
98013	5 ea. DQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98/11-DQ-2
98010	5 ea. BQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98/11-bq-O
98002	5 ea. Membranes for A98-0 or A98/11_Q-0
98020	5 ea. Membranes for A98-2 or A98/11_Q-2
050-11Q	10 ea. Coalescing Filter Cartridges



The A39/12 Series offers continuous coalescing of all liquid and the security of hydrophobic membrane protection all in one unit

Fewer fittings required - reducing risk of leaks

More compact - no need for separate coalescers

Less maintenance and downtime as the membrane is fully protected from solids & liquids

# Series A39/12 Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter

The Balston Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter is designed to remove entrained liquid and particulate in gas samples for a wide variety of applications, and thereby prevents contamination or damage to the analyzers and sample system components. Typically located upstream from the analyzer or component it is protecting, the Coalescer Membrane Combination provides protection even if other sample system components fail.

The Coalescer Membrane Combination offers the performance and protection of the A39/12 Series Membrane Filter with the additional benefits of coalescing liquids and entrapment of particulates, offering maximum protection of the membrane. There is no need for prefiltration which places more volume in the sample system, and requires more space for installation and more potential for leaks.

The A39/12 Series consists of a housing with a porous membrane filter, which is supported by a sintered porous disk located on the "outlet" side of the housing. Gas enters through the "inlet" port and is directed down through the coalescing filter. The coalescer traps all particulates and continuously drains liquid contaminants. The sample gas then flows upward to the upstream side of the membrane, and exits from the "outlet" port on the downstream side. Entrained liquid will not flow through the membrane, and will exit through the drain port on the downstream side of the coalescer.









(Note: For the membrane to operate correctly, there must be a bypass flow.)

### The Membrane

Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapor to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. Even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane.

The membrane is extremely inert, and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for PPB, PPM, and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable.



#### How to Select the Membrane and Model

- 1. Determine the following application requirements:
  - A. Gas flow rate to the analyzer excluding the bypass flow.
  - B. Type of suspended liquid to be separated and amount normally present in the sample.
  - C. Gas sample supply pressure at Membrane Filter inlet.

2. Use Table 1 to select a Membrane Filter model and Membrane type which meet your application requirements. Note that the membrane differential pressure for the model and membrane type selected must be lower than the available gas sample supply pressure.

# Selecting the Appropriate Type of Membrane

There are two basic types of membranes for the A39/12 Series Membrane Filters: The Model A39/12-0 (Standard) is suitable for separation of most liquids from gases. The Model A39/12-2 (High Flow) is best suited for the separation of water and other high surfacetension liquids from gases. A Pyrex bowl is available which offers full visibility of coalescing chamber.



Table 1 Housing and	Membrane Sele	ection Guide
Model	A39-0 Series	A39-2 Series
Membrane Type	Standard (1)	High Flow (2)
Max. Recommended Flow Rate in L/Min. (3)	1.0 lpm	70 lpm
Normal Amount of Liquid Present in Gas (4)	Low to Medium	Low to Medium

Notes:

1 Standard membrane is suitable for most suspended liquids.

2 High flow membrane is suitable for suspended water, solutions consisting primarily or water, sulfuric acid, caustic, glycols, oily liquids, other high surface-tension type liquids.

3 Maximum recommended flow rate of gas through the membrane. Does not include the "bypass" flow rate.

4 Amount of liquid normally expected to be present in the sample gas: <u>Low</u>: aerosol or occasional droplets. <u>Medium</u>: continuous droplets. <u>High</u>: continuous flowing liquid.

Principal Specifications			
Model	A39/12 Series		
Bypass Ports	1/2" NPT		
Sample Port	1/4" NPT		
Materials of Construction			
Housing	316 Stainless Steel (2)		
O-rings	Viton (standard) Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)		
Maximum Operating Pressure	425 psig @ 200°F (100 psig @ 200°F with Pyrex bowl)		
Maximum Temperature	212°F (100°C)		
Maximum Flow Rate			
Standard Membrane	1 L/Min.		
High Flow Membrane	70 L/Min.		
Typical Membrane Pressure Drop (1)			
Standard Membrane	1 psig per 250 cc/min. flow through membrane		
High Flow Membrane	1 psig per 20 liters/min. flow through the membrane		
Outside Dimensions	3.3"D x 7.3"L (8.4 cm X 18.5 cm)		
Shipping Weight	7 lbs. (1.1 kg)		

Notes:

1 Pressure Drops are for temperatures to 212°F (100°C).

2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.

Ordering Information	
Filter Assembly	A39/12X-0, A39/12X-2
39014	5 ea. Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A39/12-0
39015	5 ea. Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A39/12-2
39002	5 ea. Membranes for A39/12-0
39020	5 ea. Membranes for A39/12-2
150-12XE	10 ea. Coalescing Filter Cartridges

Notes:

1 For Glass Bowl version order: A39/12G-\_X-(0)-(2)



Ideal for protecting GCs, Mass Spectrometers, O<sub>2</sub> Analyzers, and Moisture Analyzers

Removes entrained water, submicron sulfuric acid aerosol, and ultra fine particulate

Much lower initial cost and operating costs than other membrane filters

#### The 39 Series Membrane Filter

The 39 Series Membrane Filter consists of a housing with a porous membrane filter, which is supported by a sintered porous disk located on the "outlet" side of the housing. Gas enters through the "inlet" port on the upstream side of the membrane, and exits from the "outlet" port on the downstream side. Entrained liquid will not flow through the membrane, and will exit through the "bypass" port on the upstream side of the membrane, completely protecting sensitive instrumentation from moisture. Two models are available: The 39-0 (standard) and the 39-2 (high flow). The 39 Series is identical to other hydrophobic membranes offering the same performance and features but at a much lower price.

### The Membrane

Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapor to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. Even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane.

The membrane is extremely inert, and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for PPB, PPM, and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable.



39 Series





(Note: For the membrane to operate correctly, there must be a bypass flow.)





#### How to Select the Membrane and Model

1. Determine the following application requirements:

A. Gas flow rate to the analyzer excluding the bypass flow.

B. Type of suspended liquid to be separated and amount normally present in the sample.

C. Gas sample supply pressure at membrane filter inlet.

2. Use Table 1 to select a membrane filter model and membrane type which meet your application requirements. Note that the membrane differential pressure for the model and membrane type selected must be lower than the available gas sample supply pressure.

# Selecting the Appropriate Type of Membrane

There are two basic types of membranes for the 39-2 Series Membrane Filters: The Model 39-0 (Standard) is suitable for separation of most liquids from gases. The Model 39-2 (High Flow) is best suited for the separation of water and other high surface-tension liquids from gases.



Table 1 Housing and	Membrane Sele	ction Guide
Model	39-0	39-2 Series
Membrane Type	Standard (1)	High Flow (2)
Max. Recommended Flow Rate in L/Min. (3)	1.0 lpm	70 lpm
Normal Amount of Liquid Present in Gas (4)	Low to Medium	Low to Medium

Notes:

1 Standard membrane is suitable for most suspended liquids.

 High flow membrane is suitable for suspended water, solutions consisting primarily of water, sulfuric acid, caustic, glycols, oily liquids, other high surface-tension type liquids.
 Maximum recommended flow rate of gas through the membrane. Does not include the "bypass" flow rate.

4 Amount of liquid normally expected to be present in the sample gas: <u>Low</u>: aerosol or occasional droplets. <u>Medium</u>: continuous droplets. <u>High</u>: continuous flowing liquid.

Principal Specifications			
Model	39 Series		
Bypass Ports	1/2" NPT		
Sample Port	1/4" NPT		
Materials of Construction			
Housing	316 Stainless Steel (2)		
O-rings	Viton (standard) Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)		
Maximum Operating Pressure	500 psig @ 200°F (100 psig @ 200°F with Pyrex bowl)		
Maximum Temperature	212°F (100°C)		
Maximum Flow Rate			
Standard Membrane	1 L/Min.		
High Flow Membrane	70 L/Min.		
Typical Membrane Pressure Drop (1	)		
Standard Membrane	1 psig per 250 cc/min. flow through membrane		
High Flow Membrane	1 psig per 20 liters/min. flow through the membrane		
Outside Dimensions	3.3"D x 2"L (8.4cm X 5.1cm)		
Shipping Weight	3 lbs.		

Notes:

1 Pressure Drops are for temperatures to 212°F (100°C).

2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.

Ordering Information		
Filter Assembly	39-0, 39-2	
39014	5 ea. Viton O-Rings and Membranes for 39-0	
39015	5 ea. Viton O-Rings and Membranes for 39-2	
39002	5 ea. Membranes for 39-0	
39020	5 ea. Membranes for 39-2	

#### All 316 Stainless steel/Pyrex construction

Accepts Balston disposable microfibre filter cartridge and stainless steel cartridge

Compact design for fast response time

Process stream inlet/outlet ports and sample flow ports are identical, eliminating backup pressure in the system



Model 41GCFL-1/4



Balston fast loop filters are constructed of 316 stainless steel with an optional stainless steel bowl or pyrex bowl. This flow through design continuously flushes the filter cartridge carrying the contaminates back out to the process stream, thus maximizing the filter cartridge life. The low flow sample stream pulled into the analyzer is filtered to ranges of 100 micron to 0.01 micron (depending on the filtration efficiency required). Two designs are available. The T-type design is suitable for high flow, high volume applications. The In-line design is ideal for heavily contaminated applications.

### Operation

Axial velocity flushes the bulk contaminants through the filter housing back to the process stream. The sample stream passes through the filter cartridge wall with low flow and radial velocity. The clean side of the sample filter system has very low volume which minimizes lag time. A four to one flow rate is recommended to realize the benefits of prolonged filter cartridge life associated with continuous flushing.



Model 48S6



Model 49S6





Principal Specifications							
Model	31GCFL-1/4	31S6CFL-1/4	41GCFL-1/4	41S6CFL-1/4	48S6	49S6	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	
Drain Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT			
Materials of Construction							
Head	316 SS	316 SS (2)	316 SS	316 SS (2)	316 SS (2)	316 SS (2)	
Bowl (1)	Pyrex	316SS (2)	Pyrex	316 SS (2)	316 SS (2)	316 SS (2)	
Internals	316SS	316 SS (2)	316 SS	316 SS (2)	316 SS (2)	316 SS (2)	
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	
Maximum Temperature	160°F (71°C)	400°F (204°C)	160°F (71°C)	400°F (204°C)	400°F (204°C)	400°F (204°C)	
Maximum Pressure (2)	100 psig	425 psig	100 psig	250 psig	5,000 psig	1,500 psig	
Shipping Weight	2 lbs/0.9 kg	3 lbs/1.4 kg	4 lbs/1.8 kg	5 lbs/2.3 kg	1.1 lbs/0.2 kg	2.5 lbs/0.4 kg	
Dimensions	2.2"D x 5.5"L (5.7cm x 14cm)	2.2"D x 5.5"L (5.7cm x 14cm)	2.2"D x 10"L (5.7cm x 25cm)	2.2"D x 10"L (5.7cm x 25cm)	1.35"D x 4"L (3.2cm x 10cm)	1.9"D x 7"L (4.8cm x 17.8cm)	

Notes:

1 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (104°C). Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. 2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.

Ordering Information	For Assistance, o	all toll-free at 1-800	-343-4048 8AM to 5	PM Eastern Time		
Filter Housing Model	31GCFL-1/4	31S6CFL-1/4	41GCFL-1/4	41S6CFL-1/4	48S6	49S6
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration Filter Cartridges Use only these Filter types	SS-100-12 100-12-□ XE, H, Q, M	SS-100-12 100-12-□ XE, H, Q, M	SS-100-25 100-25- <b>□</b> XE, H, Q, M	SS-100-25 100-25- <b>D</b> XE, H, Q, M	Included 050-11-⊐ XE, H, Q, M	 100-185- <b>□</b> XE, H, Q

Horizontal mounting minimizes space requirement on panel

All connections are made to the head eliminating the need to break the lines for filter changeouts

The only filter available that is mounted at an angle to ensure complete removal of all liquids

Includes cadmium plated steel mounting bracket



Model 47S6

#### Model 47S6

The Model 47S6 is designed to filter particulates and liquids from a gas sample, protecting on-line process analyzers from contamination. This unique design allows the filter to be mounted horizontally which minimizes the amount of space taken up on the panel.

It is also angled at 10° which ensures all collected liquids drain back to the drain port and not carried downstream to the analyzer. The drain port is drilled and tapped at an opposing angle eliminating the need to bend tubing.

Additionally, all connections (including the drain connection) are made to the head which eliminates the need to break the lines for filter changeouts. This is an ideal filter for those applications requiring high efficiency filtration with the need for convenient filter changes on crowded panels.

#### Principal Specifications

Model	47S6
Inlet and Outlet Ports Drain Port Materials of Construction Seals Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Shipping Weight Dimensions	1/4" NPT 1/4" NPT 316 SS (2) Viton 400°F (204°C) 1500 psig (1) 1lb. (0.4 kg) 1.5"D X 3.7"L (4cm X 9cm)

#### Ordering Information

Filter Housing Model	47S6
Filter Cartridges	050-11-🖵
Use only these filter types	Q, H
Support Core required for liquid filtration	Included

Notes:

1 1500 psig @ 200°F consult factory for pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

2 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.



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# Coalescing Filtration: Separating Liquids From Gases

Microfibre Filter Cartridges efficiently separate suspended liquids from gases. The micro fibers capture the fine liquid droplets suspended in the gas and cause the droplets to run together to form large drops within the depth of the filter cartridge. The large drops, forced by the gas, flow to the downstream surface of the filter cartridge, from which the liquid drains by gravity. This process is called "coalescing". Since the coalesced liquid drains from the cartridge at the same rate that liquid droplets enter the cartridge, the cartridge has an unlimited life when coalescing liquids from relatively clean gases, and the filters operate at their initial retention efficiency even when wet with liquid (see Figure 1). Note that the flow direction is inside-to-outside, to permit the liquid to drip from the outside of the filter to the housing drain.

Since the coalesced liquid drips from the downstream surface of the filter cartridge in the presence of filtered gas, it is important to avoid carryover, or entrainment, of liquid droplets by the gas leaving the filter housing. The possibility of entraining coalesced liquid is minimized by using an X-Type filter cartridge. The X-Type filter cartridges are constructed of two layers, an inner highefficiency coalescing layer and an outer layer of coarse glass fibers. The coarse, rapidly-draining outer layer ensures that the liquid drips continuously from the bottom of the filter cartridge and minimizes the chance of liquid carryover. (The small internal volume of some filter housings does not permit use of the thick-wall X-Type cartridges, and therefore Q-Type cartridges must be used.) Re-entrainment of coalesced liquid is also avoided by ensuring that the gas flow rate through the housing is safely below the maximum shown in the flow charts on page 31. For most requirements for removing liquid from gas samples, Grade DX or DQ filter cartridges should be used.

#### CLARKER CLARKE

Figure 1 Balston Compressed Air Filter

### **Draining Collected Liquid**

If liquid is carried into the filter in slugs rather than dispersed as droplets in the gas, a filter which is properly sized for steady-state conditions can be flooded and permit liquid carryover. If slugging of liquid is expected, a filter with a relatively large bowl should be selected to provide adequate liquid holding capacity and provisions should be made to drain the liquid automatically from the bowl of the housing as fast as it accumulates. An automatic float drain can be used if the pressure is in the 10-400 psig range. Above 400 psig, the possibilities are: a constant bleed drain, a valve with automatic timed actuator (supplied by customer), or an external reservoir with manual valves (see Figure 2). The external reservoir can be constructed of pipe or tubing with sufficient volume to hold all the liquid which is expected to be collected during any period of unattended operation.

If the filter is under vacuum, the external reservoir is a practical method of collecting coalesced liquid for manual draining from time to time. If an external vacuum source, such as an aspirator, is available, the liquid may be drained continuously from the housing drain port.



#### Figure 2

To drain liquid while filter is operating at pressure or vacuum conditions, close valve #1, and open valve #2



# Coalescing Filtration: Separating Two Liquid Phases

In principle, Microfibre Filter Cartridges separate suspended droplets of a liquid which is immiscible in another liquid by the same process as they separate droplets of liquid from a gas. The liquid droplets suspended in the continuous liquid phase are trapped on the fibers and run together to form large drops, which are then forced through the filter to the downstream surface. The large drops separate from the continuous liquid phase by gravity difference, settling if heavier than the continuous phase and rising if lighter. The coalescing action of Balston<sup>®</sup> filters is effective with aqueous droplets suspended in oil or other hydrocarbons, and also with oil in water suspensions.

In practice, liquid-liquid separations are much more difficult than liquid-gas separations. The specific gravity difference between two liquids is always less than between a liquid and a gas, and therefore a longer phase separation time is needed. Either the filter housing must be oversized or the flow rate greatly reduced to avoid carryover of the coalesced phase. As a rule of thumb, flow rate for liquid-liquid separation should be no more than one-fifth the flow rate for solid-liquid separation shown in the chart on page 30. Even at low flow rates, if the specific gravity difference between the two liquids is less than 0.1 units (for example, if an oil suspended in water has a specific gravity between 0.9 and 1.1), the separation time for the coalesced phase may be impracticably long. In that case, if there is only a small quantity of suspended liquid, the filter tube can be used until saturated with the suspended liquid and then changed.

Another practical problem with liquid-liquid separations is that small quantities of impurities can act as surfaceactive agents and interfere with the coalescing action. For that reason it is not possible to predict accurately the performance of a liquid-liquid coalescing filter, and each system must be tested on site. The general guidelines for the system to start testing are to use Grade DXE filter cartridges, and flow inside-to-outside at very low flow rates. If the suspended liquid is lighter than the continuous phase, the housing should be oriented so that the drain port is up. In general, Microfibre Filter Cartridges should be used for liquid-liquid coalescing in slipstream sampling applications only.

#### Membrane Separation of Sample Streams

A Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter is designed to remove entrained liquid and particulate in gas samples for a wide variety of applications, and to prevent contamination or damage to the analyzers and sample system components. Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapor to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. However, even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane.

The membrane is extremely inert, and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for PPB, PPM, and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable. Typically located upstream from the analyzer or component it is protecting, the Coalescer Membrane Combination provides protection even if other sample system components fail.

### **Removing Gas Bubbles from Liquids**

Microfibre Filter Cartridges readily remove suspended gas bubbles from liquid, eliminating the need for deaeration tanks, baffles, or other separation devices. Flow direction through the filter is outside-to-inside. The separated gas bubbles rise to the top of the housing and are vented through the drain port. If slipstream sampling is used, the separated bubbles are swept out of the housing with the bypassed liquid. Grade DXE or Grade DQ is a good choice for gas bubble separation.



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#### **Quantitative Measurement of Solids in Gas**

Quantitative determination of solids in gas, often a requirement in stack gas or other exhaust gas sampling, is readily accomplished using a Balston® Model 30 filter housing. In the Model 30 housing, the filter cartridge is sealed in place by a stainless steel spring acting on a lightweight stainless retainer disc (Figure 3). The retainer disc is pressed firmly into the end of the filter cartridge. When the housing is disassembled, the filter cartridge and retainer disc may be easily removed as a unit. At the beginning of the run, a tare weight is obtained on the filter cartridge-retainer disc assembly. When the filter is in service, flow through the filter cartridge is inside-tooutside so that even large solid particles which fall off the filter cartridge are held in the cartridge-disc assembly. At the conclusion of the run with a known volume of gas, the cartridge-disc assembly is reweighed, and the increase in weight can be expressed as solids concentration in the gas. Grade DH Filter Cartridges are recommended for high temperature sampling (up to 900°F/482°C). If the sampling or oven-drying temperatures do not exceed 300°F (149°C), Grade DQ may be used.



#### Figure 3

Filter cartridge and retainer disc of Model 30 housing may be weighed as a unit for quantitative determination of solids in gases.

#### Slipstream or Bypass Sampling

Instrument sample use rates are invariably quite low, yet it is essential to minimize lag time in the sample system. Since analyzers often are located some distance from the sampling point, samples are usually transported to the analyzer at a relatively high flow rate to minimize lag time. The sample is divided at the analyzer, with the analyzer using the portion it requires (usually a very small fraction of the total sample), and the balance recycled to the process, or vented.

If the sample filter is located in the low-flow line to the analyzer, it will have good life between filter element changes because the solids loading rate is very low; however, the filter must be carefully selected to avoid introducing unacceptable lag time. If the filter is located in the high-flow portion of the sample system, its effect on sample lag time can be relatively low, but the life between filter changes may be inconveniently short because the element is filtering a much greater volume of material than the analyzer is using.

Ideally, a filter should be located at the point where the low-flow stream is withdrawn to the analyzer (Figure 4). This arrangement permits the main volume of the filter to be swept continuously by the high flow rate stream, thus minimizing lag time; at the same time, only the low-flow stream to the analyzer is filtered, thus maximizing filter life.

A slipstream filter requires inlet and outlet ports at opposite ends of the filter element to allow the high flow rate of the by-passed material to sweep the surface of the filter element and the filter reservoir, and a third port connected to the low flow rate line to the analyzer, which allows filtered samples to be withdrawn from the filter reservoir.

The Model 95 housings, 31GCFL, 41GCFL, 48S6, 49S6, DFU 8822-11, and DFU 8833-11 are ideal designs for slipstream sampling, since the inlet and the bypass ports are located at opposite ends of the housing, and the bypass port is as large as the inlet port. Larger housings, such as the Model 33S6, Model 45S6, and Model 27/35, can also be used for slipstream sampling, but the relatively small size of the drain port may limit the slipstream rate in some applications.

If bubble removal from a liquid is a requirement, this function may be combined with slipstream filtration, since the recommended flow direction for bubble removal is outside-to-inside, and the separated bubbles will be swept out of the housing by the bypass stream. In this case, the liquid feed should enter at the bottom of the housing and the bypass liquid exit at the top of the housing.



# Slipstream Sampling Plus Coalescing Filtration

A special problem arises in slipstream sampling if the filter is to coalesce and continuously drain suspended liquid from a gas stream or to coalesce liquid droplets from a liquid stream. As noted earlier (see page 32), the coalesced liquid is removed in the form of large drops from the downstream side of the filter. Therefore, the coalescing filter requires two outlet ports, one for the dry gas and one for the liquid drain. To combine coalescing and slipstream filtration, a filter housing would need four ports - two for inlet and bypass and two for filtered gas and coalesced liquid - which is not a practical design. Therefore, slipstreaming plus coalescing requires two stages of filtration (Figure 5). The second (coalescing) stage must be located in the sample line to the analyzer, and should be as small as possible to minimize lag time. If the quantity of suspended liquid is not large, an in-line Disposable Filter Unit (9933-05 or 9922-05) may be considered as a trap for the suspended liquid, to be replaced when saturated.

#### Quantitative Measurement of Liquids in Gas

Quantitative determination of nonvolatile liquids suspended in a gas may be accomplished by a procedure similar to the solids determination (see page 33). In the case of liquids, the test is designed so that all the liquid entering the filter cartridge during the test period remains trapped on the fibers; i.e., the sample period is short enough that the filter cartridge does not become saturated and begin to drain liquid.

Any convenient filter housing may be used. The filter cartridge should be Grade BQ, to assure quantitative retention of aerosols, no matter what droplet size. With a known gas flow rate and test duration, the increase in weight of the filter cartridge will be a measure of the weight concentration of aerosol in the gas.

Considerable care must be taken to obtain a representative sample of aerosol in gas. If sampling from a large line, the sample probe should enter the pipe from above and if possible, extend into the pipe to avoid picking up liquid clinging to the wall of the pipe. There should be no valves, reducers, or sharp elbows in the sample line upstream from the filter.







Figure 5 Slipstream Filtration plus coalescing filtration



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#### **Acid Plant Stack Gas**

A frequently encountered sampling requirement is to analyze the gas composition in the exhaust from absorbers or scrubbers in acid manufacturing plants. The exhaust gas invariably contains droplets of dilute acid, which must be removed from the sample before it enters the analyzer. The recommendations are similar to those for natural gas sample filtration: Grade DQ or DXE filter tube, inside-to-outside flow, and two stages of filtration if slipstream sampling is required. Depending upon the composition of the suspended liquid, housings may be stainless steel, Teflon (Model 95T), Monel (Model 95M), or PVDF (DFU 8822-11).

#### Sampling Ambient Air or Other Atmospheric Pressure Gas

The filtration requirement for ambient air samplers is usually to remove solid particles or liquid droplets which could deposit on analyzer optical surfaces or cause other calibration problems. Grade DXE or DQ filter cartridges are recommended. For low flow rate personal samplers, the compact and lightweight DFU 9933-05-DQ is often used. For higher flow rates, the Model 90 filter holder with Grade DXE or DQ filters is recommended.

Ambient air sampling systems are often under negative pressure, induced by the sampling pump. If it is necessary to drain coalesced liquid from the system, the external reservoir is often the most convenient method (see Figure 2 on page 33).

### **Sampling Water**

Most water analyzers are well protected against the damage or calibration drift caused by solid contamination if a 10 micron (LP Grade 30) filter cartridge is used. If long filter life is desired in a system with high solids loading (including most tap water, well water, and cooling water), a two stage LP cartridge system is recommended: LP Grade 10 followed by LP Grade 30.

#### Sampling Liquid Effluent Streams

Liquid effluent analyzers usually deal with aqueous streams having a high solids content. In addition, the analyzers are often located in remote areas of the plant and are infrequently serviced. Therefore, the sample filter system must have long life between filter cartridge changes, even in a high solids situation. The general recommendation for this requirement is a two stage filter system, LP Grade 10 filter cartridge followed by LP Grade 30 filter cartridge. The filters should be oversized as much as possible without causing excessive lag time. Plastic filter housings are usually a good choice.

Measurements of steam and condensate conductivity, specific ion concentrations, and feedwater additive concentrations are often required in high pressure boiler systems. In a continuous sampling system, the high pressure steam or condensate is cooled to below 100°F (38°C) and then the pressure is reduced to near atmospheric pressure for metering to the analyzers. Filtration is required upstream from the pressure reducing valves, to prevent pitting of the valve seats by suspended particles and to eliminate variations in flow rate to the analyzers.

A stainless steel filter housing with the appropriate pressure rating and Grade DXE or DQ filter cartridge is recommended. Since the analyzer system is often located some distance from the sampling point, slipstream filtration is usually required. Figure 9 shows a sampling system in operation at a nuclear steam generating facility.



Figure 9

Model 27 filter with Grade DX filter cartridge protects pressure reducing valves in a steam condensate sampling system.

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#### **On-Line Process Analyzers**

The variety of filtration requirements for on-line process analyzers precludes making general recommendations above for the required filtration functions. The filter housings most frequently used for process analyzer applications are the Model 95S6 and Model 91S6, which provide the corrosion resistance of Model 316 stainless steel (complies with NACE specification MR-01-75), a pressure rating of 5000 psig, have full slipstream sampling capability, and minimum internal volume.



Figure 6 Model 95S6, 316 stainless steel with 5,000 psig pressure rating, is the filter housing most frequently used in process analyzers

#### **Natural Gas Analyzers**

To protect gas composition analyzers from liquids and solids, Grade DXE or DQ filter tubes are recommended, with inside-out flow direction. If both slipstream sampling and coalescing are required, a two stage system must be used, as described on page 35.

The Model 85 (5000 psig rating) and Model 37 (4000 psig rating) housings comply with NACE specification MR-01-75. For lower pressure applications, any stainless steel housing of appropriate flow capacity may be used.



#### Figure 7

Model 85 (left) or Model 37/12 (right) are used for natural gas sample filtration when a housing larger than the Model 95S6 is required

#### **Stack Gas Sampling**

The Model 30 housing with Grade DH filter cartridge is used for quantitative determination of solids in stack gas, as described on page 34. The Model 30 may also be used as a beginning-of-the-line filter at stack gas temperature (up to 1000°F/538°C), to prevent solids from entering the gas sample line. Grade DH is used for this purpose. After the sample is cooled, a coalescing filter with Grade DXE tube is used to remove suspended liquids before the sample goes to the analyzer. Flow direction is inside-to-outside. Model 33G or 45G housings are often used in this application to permit a visual check on the liquid level in the filter housing. Since there often is a considerable amount of liquid present at this point, positive steps must be taken to drain the housing to ensure that liquid does not build up and carry downstream to the analyzer.

The coalescing filter should be located as close to the analyzer as possible to minimize the chance of condensation between the filter and the analyzer. Additional precautions which can be taken to avoid downstream condensation are to cool the sample below ambient temperature upstream from the coalescing filter, and to heat the line.





Stack gas sample lines usually require a high temperature solids filter at the sample point and a condensate separator immediately upstream from the analyzer





### **Application Notes**



### **Application Notes**





### **Balston Liquid Filters**



Filtration to 0.22 micron with exceptional filter life, even for the dirtiest liquids

Excellent chemical and solvent resistance

*Compliance with FDA regulations for food contact surfaces* 

Seven retention efficiency grades cover the range from 75 micron to 0.22 micron

#### LP Depth Filters

The LP-Grades 10,20, and 30 depth filter cartridges are constructed entirely of polypropylene, and the LP-Grades 50, 60, 70, and 80 depth filter cartridges are constructed of polypropylene, borosilicate glass and polyethylene binder. Both types of cartridges provide excellent chemical and solvent resistance. All LP cartridges have a graded efficiency construction: the filtration efficiency increases from the inside surface to the outside surface, in the direction of flow. This construction provides exceptionally high solids holding capacity, which translates into a longer life of the filter cartridge. The seven retention efficiency grades offered cover the ranges from 75 micron to 0.22 micron (see table, below).

The Balston LP depth filter cartridges may be used for fine filtration of liquids with heavy dirt loading, when chemical or solvent resistance is required, or as prefilters to ultra-high efficiency or membrane filtration applications.



### How To Select The Filter Cartridge

- Specify the level of final filtration required, within the 1 range of 75 micron to 0.22 micron.
- 2 Select the filter system using the Final Filter Selection Table (page 2).
- Note: The recommendations are based on the assumption that the initial liquid feed is relatively dirty. If the feed has been prefiltered to about 10 micron, the first stage of filtration may be omitted.

#### How To Select The Filter Housing

- Determine the number of LP Filter Cartridge stages 1 and Grade of filter at each stage, using the Final Filter Selection Table on page 2.
- 2 Use the flow chart (next page) to determine the sizes of housings required based on the grade of filter cartridge and the liquid flow rate.
- Select the housings of the correct size which are 3 constructed of materials suitable for the application.

Retention Efficiency Ratings						
LP Dep	LP Depth Filter Cartridges					
Grade	80% Capture Rating					
10	75 micron					
20	25 micron					
30	10 micron					
50	1 micron					
60	0.6 micron					
70	0.4 micron					
80	0.22 micron					

LP-200-95 cartridges. Construction

of LP-100-12 and LP-100-25

without end caps and gaskets.

cartridges is similar, but

Retention efficiency v. particle size for the four finer grades of LP depth filters





#### Table I Final Filter LP Depth Cartridge

If the Final Filtration Filtration Requirement is:	Use This LP Cartridge Syste 1st Stage	m 2nd Stage	3rd Stage
75 micron	LP Grade 10		
25 micron	LP Grade 20		
10 micron	LP Grade 10	LP Grade 30	
1 micron	LP Grade 20	LP Grade 50	
0.6 micron	LP Grade 10	LP Grade 30	LP Grade 60
0.4 micron	LP Grade 20	LP Grade 50	LP Grade 70
0.22 micron	LP Grade 20	LP Grade 50	LP Grade 80

#### Notes:

1 For a liquid with viscosity higher than the viscosity of water (1 centipoise), divide the flow rates in the above table by the viscosity of the liquid in centipoises. Example: for liquid with 10 centipoise viscosity, flow rate with C-0395 housing, Grade 20 cartridges at 10 psi drop will be 132/10 = 13.2 GPM.

#### Flow Rates of Filter with LP Cartridges

Filter Housing Model	Number of Cartridges	Cartridge Length & Designation	Initial Pressure Drop	Water Flow Grade 10	Rate, Gallons Grade 20	per Minute L Grade 30	P Cartridges Grade 50	Grade 60	Grade 70	Grade 80
7700-12 33S6, 33G 1 58P	2 1/2"	5 psi	3.5	3.5	3.0	0.75	0.60	0.30	0.07	
	I	LP-100-12	10 psi	4.3	4.2	3.9	0.95	0.80	0.37	0.10
45S6 1 45G	1	7" LP-100-25	5 psi	5.0	5.0	4.3	1.1	0.90	0.45	0.11
	I		10 psi	6.2	6.2	5.4	1.4	1.2	0.60	0.15
53/18 1	1	5"	5 psi	6	6	6	3.2	1.3	0.6	0.5
	LF-200-18	10 psi	11	11	11	6	2.5	1.0	0.9	
27/50 53/50, 54/50	1 1	10" LP-200-50	5 psi 10 psi	12 22	12 22	12 22	6.4 12	2.5 5	1.2 2.0	1.0 1.7
1 53/95, 27/95 3	1	20" L D. 200, 05	5 psi	24	24	24	13	5	2.4	2.0
	3	LF-200-95	10 psi	44	44	44	24	10	4.0	3.4



Chemical and Solvent Compatibility							
Liquid	LP Cartridge	Liquid	LP Cartridge				
Acetic Acid (Glacial)	NR	Hydrochloric Acid (35%)	R				
Acetic Acid (5%)	R	Hydrofluoric Acid	NR				
Acetone	R	Hydrogen Peroxide	NR				
Acetonitrile	R	N-Methyl Pyrrolidone (NMP)	R				
Alcohols	R	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	R				
Ammonia, Liquid or Gas	R (1)	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK)	R				
Amyl Acetate	Ν	Methylene Chloride	NR				
Ammonium Hydroxide (6N)	R	Metal Etch (H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> /HAC/HNO <sub>3</sub> )	Ν				
B.O.E. (NH <sub>4</sub> F/HF)	NR	Nitric Acid (30%)	R				
Butyl Acetate	Ν	Nitrobenzene	R				
Carbon Tetrachloride	NR	Pentane	NR				
Chlorine, Liquid or Gas	NR	Perchlorethylene	NR				
Chloroform	NR	Phenol	NR				
Cyclohexane	NR	Plating Solutions	R				
Dimethyl Acetamide(DMAC)	R	Phosphoric Acid (50%)	R				
Dimethyl Formamide(DMF)	R	Silicone Oils	R				
Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)	R	Sodium Hydroxide					
Esters	NR	Below 20%	R				
Ethanolamine	R	20-45%	R				
Ethyl Acetate	R	Above 45%	NR				
Ethylene Diamine	R	Steam	NR				
Ethylene Glycol	R	Sulfuric Acid (50%)	R				
Ethylene Oxide	R	Toluene	NR				
Formaldahyde (37%)	R	Trichloroethane	NR				
Freon TF	NR	Trichloroethylene	NR				
Freon TMC	NR	Water to 180°F (82°C)	R				
Hexane	NR	Xylene	NR				

Notes:

R - Recommended NR - Not Recommended N - No data available; consult factory

Chemical Compatibility: The above compatibility data is for the filter cartridges only, at an operating temperature of 70°F (21°C). The filter housing is not necessarily compatible with the same chemicals and solvents.

Food Grade Applications: All LP Filter Cartridges are constructed entirely of materials which are in compliance with FDA regulations for food contact surfaces. All stainless steel liquid filter in this bulletin comply with FDA regulations for food contact applications.

1 Grades 10, 20, 30 only.





#### Model 7700-12 Housing

Made of transparent nylon with 1/2" NPT in-line ports. The economical, completely disposable 7700-12 can be ordered with any grade of LP cartridge installed.

#### **Miniature Model 58P Housing**

Has a nylon head, nylon internals, and a clear nylon bowl. The Model 58P Housing accepts a single LP cartridge, and may be used to filter water, mildly acidic, or caustic solutions.

#### **Model 53 Housings**

Are all-polypropylene, designed for a single LP-200 filter cartridge. Polypropylene construction provides excellent resistance to non-oxidizing acids, such as HCL in any concentration, sulfuric to 70% concentration, brines, hydrocarbon liquids, alcohols and concentrated caustic.

The Model 53 Housings may be used with certain ketones and chlorinated solvents. Please see page 3 or contact the Technical Services Dept. for specific recommendations.



Model 7700-12



54/50



Models 53/18, 53/50, and 53/95



Model 58P


Ordering Information							
Model	7700-12	58P	53/18	53/50	53/95	54/50	
Port Size (NPT) Material of Construction	1/2" (1)	1/4"	3/8"	3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	
Head	Nylon	Nylon	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	
Bowl	Nylon	Nylon	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	SAN	
Internals		Nylon					
Seals		EPR	EPR	EPR	EPR	EPR	
Max. Temperature	150°F (66°C)	150°F (66°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)	125°F (52°C)	
Max. Pressure (2)	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	60 psi	
Max. Differential Press. (3)	60 psi	60 psi	60 psi	60 psi	60 psi	60 psi	
Shipping Weight	1 lb. (0.5 kg)	1 lb. (0.5 kg)	3 lbs. (1.3 kg)	4 lbs. (1.8 kg)	6 lbs. (2.7 kg)	4 lbs. (1.8 kg)	
Dimensions	2.6"D x 4.9"L (6.6cm x 12cm)	2.7"D x 6.1"L (6.9cm x 15cm)	4.4"D x 6.6"L (11cm x 17cm)	5.0"D x 12"L (13cm x 30cm)	5.0"D x 22"L (13cm x 56cm)	5.0"D x 12"L (13cm x 30cm)	

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<b>U</b> u u u	ormation	

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time								
Model	7700-12	58P	53/18	53/50	53/95	54/50		
Depth Filters (4)	7700-12-🖵 (5)	LP-100-12-	LP-200-18-	LP-200-50-🖵	LP-200-95-🖵	LP-200-50-🖵		
Number of Cartridges required		1	1	1	1	1		

Notes:

1 Plastic barbs are available to connect the 7700-12 to plastic or rubber tubing.

7700-12 to 1/4" ID tubing Part No. 12415 (bag of 2)

7700-12 to 1/2" ID tubing Part No. 12416 (bag of 2) 2 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 125°F (52°C). Please consult the Technical Services Dept. for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

3 Inside-out flow, LP filter cartridges.

4 To order filter cartridges, indicate grade by putting appropriate grade number after size designation. For example, to obtain 0.22 micron depth filter cartridges for the model 53/18, order LP-200-18-80. 5 7700-12 is supplied with any grade LP cartridge. To order, put appropriate grade number after 7700-12 designation. For example, to order with LP grade 20 cartridge, order part number 7700-12-20. 7700-12-D filters are sold one per box.





## **Model 27 Housings**

Model 27 housings are constructed of 316 stainless steel. These models have 1" NPT ports and are rated to 800 psig. The model 27 housings hold a single LP-200 filter cartridge, available in a 10" or 20" length.



Models 27/50, 27/95

Principal Specifications		
Model	27/50	27/95
Port Size (NPT) (1)	1"	1"
Material of Construction		
Head	316 SS	316 SS
Seals	Viton	Viton
Max. Temperature (2)	180°F (82°C)	180°F (82°C)
Max. Pressure	800 psig	800 psig
Max. Differential Press. (3)	60 psi	60 psi
Shipping Weight	16 lb. (7.3 kg)	20 lb. (9 kg)
Dimensions	4.0"D X 16"L (10cm X 41cm)	4.0"D X 27"L (10cm X 69cm)

## Notes:

1 Adaptors are available which convert threaded ports to sanitary type clamp connections.

2 Limited by maximum temperature of LP Filter Cartridges.

3 Inside-out flow, LP filter cartridge.

4 To order filter cartridges, indicate grade by putting appropriate grade number after size designation. For example, to obtain 0.22 micron depth filter cartridges for the model 27/50, order LP-200-50-80.

## Ordering Information

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time						
Model LP Filter Cartridges Depth Filters (4)	27/50 LP-200-50-🗖	27/95 LP-200-95- <b>D</b>				
Number of Cartridges Required	1	1				

## Model 33S6 and 45S6 Filters

All-stainless steel with 1/2" NPT inlet and outlet ports. Both filters are also available with clear Pyrex<sup>®</sup> glass bowl (100 psig rating) with breakage-protection external plastic shield.



Models 33S6 and 45S6

Principal Specifications				
Model	33S6	33G	45S6	45G
Port Size (NPT) (1) Material of Construction	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
Head	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS
Bowl	316SS	Pyrex	316SS	Pyrex
Internals	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton
Max. Temperature (2)	180°F (82°C)	160°F (71°C)	180°F (82°C)	160°F (71°C)
Max. Pressure (3)	425 psig	100 psig	250 psig	100 psig
Max. Differential Press. (4)	60 psi	60 psi	60 psi	60 psi
Shipping Weight	3 lb. (1.3 kg)	3 lb. (1.3 kg)	5 lb. (2.3 kg)	5 lb. (2.3 kg)
Dimensions	2.6"D x 4.8"L (7cm x 12cm)	2.6"D x 4.5"L (7cm x 11cm)	2.6"D x 9.0"L (7cm x 23cm)	2.6"D x 9.3"L (7cm x 23cm)

Ordering Information						
For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time						
Model LP Filter Cartridges, Depth Filters (5)	33S6 LP-100-12-🗅	33G LP-100-12-□	45S6 LP-100-25-□	45G LP-100-25-□		
Number of Cartridges required	1	1	1	1		

Notes: 1 Adaptors are available which convert threaded ports to sanitary type clamp connections.

2 Limited by maximum temperature of LP Filter Cartridges.

3 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 200°F (93°C). Please consult the Technical Services Dept. for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

4 Inside-out flow, LP filter cartridges.

5 To order filter cartridges, indicate grade by putting appropriate grade number after size designation. For example, to obtain 0.22 micron depth filter cartridges for the model 33S6, order LP-200-12-80.

Adaptor Ordering Information:

P/N 73803 1" NPT x 1" Sanitary P/N 73804 1 1/2" NPT x 1 1/2" Sanitary P/N 73805 2" NPT c 2" Sanitary





Filter samples to on-line liquid analyzers Prevent cross-contamination of samples Pressure ratings up to 125 psig Temperature to 275°F (135°C)

Completely disposable, constructed of recyclable plastics

# **Disposable Filter Units**

Balston Microfibre® Disposable Filter Unit (DFU) consists of a Microfibre Filter Cartridge permanently bonded into a sealed plastic holder with 125 psig pressure rating. The economical DFU offers all the advantages of Microfibre Filter Cartridges for high efficiency liquid filtrations, combined with the convenience of complete disposability. The 1/4" O.D. ports permit pressure-tight connections using standard compression fittings. Slip-on 1/4" timbing or plastic barbs may be used for low pressure applications.

The housings are available in two different materials of construction: clear nylon or corrosion-resistant (opaque) PVDF. The nylon DFU's are designated with the prefix 9933, and the PVDF DFU's are designated with the prefix 9922.

## Model 9922-05

The Model 99XX-05 DFU's are the smallest DFU's available. They have an internal volume of less than 12 ml. the DFU's may be used in low flow liquid applications or sampling systems which require short retention times.

## Model 9933-11

The Model 99XX-11 DFU's are similar in construction to the Model 99XX-05 DFU's, but they have approximately twice the solids holding capacity. The 99XX-11 DFU's may be used in higher flow liquid applications or in sampling applications where longer retention times are acceptable.



Model 9933-05



Model 9922-11

Retention Efficiency Ratings				
DFU Grade	98% retention particle size			
DQ	25 micron			
CQ	8 micron			
BQ	2 micron			
AQ	0.9 micron			
AAQ	0.3 micron			



Flow Rates								
DFU Model	Volume of I Gallons	Housing Liters	Initial Pressure Drop	Water Flow Grade DQ, DX	Rate, Gallons Grade CQ, CX	s per Hour Grade BQ, BX	Grade AQ	Grade AAQ
9922-05	0.003 0.01	0.01	1 psi	12	10	3	1.5	0.4
9933-05		0.01	5 psi	30	25	15	7.3	1.9
9922-11	0.005	0.02	1 psi	18	15	5	2.5	0.6
9933-11	0.005	0.02	5 psi	45	37	26	12	3.1

Principal Specifications						
Model	9922-05	9933-05	4433-05	9922-11	9933-11	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1 <sup>st</sup> Tier/Barb 1/4"Tubing 2 <sup>nd</sup> Tier/Barb 3/8"Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	
Construction Material	PVDF	Nylon	Nylon	PVDF	Nylon	
Max. Temperature (1)	275°F (135°C)	230°F (110°C)	230°F (110°C)	275°F (135°C)	230°F (110°C)	
Max. Pressure (2)	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	125 psig	
Dimensions	1.0"D x 3.25"L (2.5cm x 6cm)	1.0"D x 3.25"L (2.5cm x 6cm)	1.0"D x 3.43"L (2.5cm x 8.72cm)	1.4"D x 4.6"L (3.6cm x 12cm)	1.4"D x 4.6"L (3.6cm x 12cm)	

Ordering Information						
For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time						
Model	9922-05	9933-05	4433-05	9922-11	9933-11	
Box of 10 DFUs	9922-05-🗅	9933-05-🗖	4433-05-□	9922-11-□	9933-11-🗅	
Grades supplied	DQ, CQ, BQ,					
	AQ, AAQ					

# **Chemical Compatibility**

#### Models 9922-05, 9922-11

Suitable: Water or steam to 275°F (135°C); concentrated nitric, sulfuric, and hydrochloric acids; chlorine (gas or liquid); sodium hypochlorite, ethylene oxide (gas or liquid); Freons; ammonia (gas, liquid, or aqueous solutions); hydrogen peroxide (all concentrations); bromine (dry and aqueous solutions); all chlorinated solvents except methylene chloride; all aromatic and aliphatic solvents; all alcohols and glycols; aniline; phenol.

Limited Use: Acetone, MEK, dioxane, furfural, methylene chloride.

Unsuitable: Water above 275°F (135°C), THF, DMF, ethylene diamine, chlorosulfonic acid, ethanolamine, pyridine, sulfur trioxide.

#### Models 9933-05, 9933-11, 4433-05

Suitable: Water to 158°F (70°C); benzene, toluene, other aromatic hydrocarbons; hydrocarbon solvents and fuels, perchloroethylene; trichloroethylene, nitric acid (to 10%); sulfuric acid (to 40%); hydrochloric acid (to 10%); most salt solutions; sodium and potassium hydroxide (to 50%).

Limited Use: Water at 176°F (80°C); acetone; MEK, acetaldehyde; ammonia (to 25%).

Unsuitable: Water above 158°F (70°C). alcohols; glycols, phenol; aniline; DMF; concentrated acids; chlorine.



Notes: 1 At 0 psig

2 At 110°F (43°C)

Installation Information: Please contact the Technical Services Department for manufacturers of compression and brass fittings. To Pressure Pipe or Tubing: Connector 1/4" tubing to 1/4"NPT female P/N 11970 (1 per pkg)

Connector 1/4" tubing to 1/4" tubing P/N 11971 (1 per pkg)

To Low Pressure Plastic Tubing:

Tubing with 1/4" ID may be slipped over the DFU and fittings and held with tubing clamps. Parker supplies plastic barbs to connect the DFU to smaller diameter plastic tubing. The connection is suitable for pressures to 50 psig.

DFU to 1/16" ID tubing P/N 14000 (bag of 20 barbs)

DFU to 1/8" ID tubing P/N 14001 (bag of 20 barbs)



Remove contaminants to 5 micron Prevent fixture discoloration Materials comply with USFDA regulations Constructed of non-corrosive materials Ideal for drinking water systems Inexpensive replacement filter cartridges Transparent bowl for visual monitoring



Model 57-501

## **Balston Water Filter**

The Balston 57-501 Series water filters provide economical, efficient liquid filtration in a one-step filter. These filters are designed to fit most 3/4" water supply lines and are available in three different efficiency ranges.

#### **Retention Efficiency Ratings**

Model	Retention efficiency Nominal µm rating	Water Flo 5 psi	w Rate 10 psi
57-501-C	80 (course grade)	15 GPM	30 GPM
57-501-M	30 (medium grade)	10 GPM	20 GPM
57-501-F	5 (fine grade)	8 GPM	16 GPM

### **Principal Specifications**

Model	Materials Head	of const Bowl	truction Cartridge	Max. Press. (1)	Max. Temp.	Port Size	Shipping Weight	Dimensions
57-501-C	Polypro.	SAN	Polypro.	150 psi	125°F (52°C)	3/4" NPT	3.5 lbs.	5.5"D x 17"L (14cm x 43cm)
57-501-M	Polypro.	SAN	Polypro.	150 psi	125°F (52°C)	3/4" NPT	3.5 lbs.	5.5"D x 17"L (14cm x 43cm)
57-501-F	Polypro.	SAN	Polypro.	150 psi	125°F (52°C)	3/4" NPT	3.5 lbs.	5.5"D x 17"L (14cm x 43cm)

Notes:

1 Maximum pressure at 70°F (21°C)

#### **Ordering Information**

For assistance, call toll-free a	t 1-800-343-4048 8AM to	5PM Eastern Time
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Model	Replacement Filter Cartridges	Replacement Filter Cartridges				
	Box of 3	Box of 10				
57-501-C (Course grade)	WF-3/200-50-C	WF-200-50-C				
57-501-M (Medium grade)	WF-3/200-50-M	WF-200-50-M				
57-501-F (Fine grade)	WF-3/200-50-F	WF-200-50-F				
Mounting Bracket Kit	P/N 11057					





# Balston Filters and Air Dryers for Hospital Applications



## **Balston Steam Filters**

The 23R Steam Filter contains a patented Microfibre<sup>®</sup> Filter Cartridge in a rugged stainless steel housing designed especially for steam service. Included as standard items with the 23R Steam Filter are a stainless steel condensate drain and a high quality bleeder valve. The unit, as received, is complete and ready for installation. Install the filter on the hospital steam line, directly upstream from the sterilizer control valve.

## Balston SMART Dryer<sup>™</sup> Medical Air Dryers

Now, there is only one sensible way to dry compressed air and comply with the new NFPA 99/2002 specification! High efficiency, durable membrane technology is quickly becoming the standard for drying compressed air. Parker Hannifin is leading the way with membrane technology that consumes the least amount of compressed air for drying.



## **Steam Filters**

*Eliminate instrument staining, spotting, and rusting* 

Reduced contamination of sterilizer interiors

**Reduced maintenance** 

## SMART Dryer™

*Meets new NFPA 99/2002 Medical Air Specification of 32°F dewpoint* 

*Output capacities to 400 scfm* 

Durable - will hold up to the dirtiest compressed air system



Model 23/75R

## How the Balston Steam Filter Works

The 23R Steam Filter contains a patented Microfibre® Filter Cartridge in a rugged stainless steel housing designed especially for steam service. Included as standard items with the 23R Steam Filter are a stainless steel condensate drain and a high quality bleeder valve. The unit, as received, is complete and ready for installation. Install the filter on the hospital steam line, directly upstream from the sterilizer control valve.

Steam enters the housing and moves into an expansion chamber, where much of the condensate is removed from the steam by the abrupt change in flow direction and velocity. The steam then flows upward in the housing, through the Grade R Microfibre filter cartridge, and downward to the exit port. The water draining from the filter cartridges and expansion chamber is removed from the housing by the automatic condensate drain.

The Grade R Microfibre filter cartridge, the heart of the 23R Steam Filter, combines sturdy construction with remarkably efficient filtration of solid particles and liquid droplets. The cartridge is rated at 98+% at 0.1 micron. Solid particles remain trapped in the depth of the filter cartridge, and liquid water drips from the filter cartridge to the automatic drain. The Microfibre filter cartridge is constructed from chemically inert borosilicate glass fibers and fluorocarbon resin binder. The filter cartridge is completely free of impurities which could extract into the steam.

The Balston 23/75R Steam Filter is recommended for use on 3/4" and 1" steam lines (line sizes for the vast majority of hospital sterilizers). Please consult our technical support department for recommendations on filters for larger steam lines. Use only products designed specifically for steam filtration in steam installations.



Principal Specifications												
Model	Port Size	Filter Cartridge Designation	Materials of Head	Construction Bowl	Internals	Seals	Maximum Steam Pressure	Shipping Weight				
23/75R	1" NPT (1)	200-75-R (2)	304SS	304SS	304SS	EPR	80 psig	25 lbs. (11 kg)				

Ordering Information											
For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time											
Model	Automatic Drain	No. Filter Cartridges Required	Replacement Filter Cartridges (box of 15)								
23/75R	Included	1	200-75-R								

Notes:

1 The 1" port size can be installed in a 3/4" line by using the appropriate reducing bushings.

2 Each filter is supplied with one filter cartridge installed. Replacement filter cartridges are sold in boxes of 15. To order, use complete size and grade designation; for example 200-75-R.



**Recommended Installation** 





# Unique, graded efficiency design provides exceptionally long filter life

**Reduces costly sterilizer maintenance** 

Easy to change filter cartridge - no tools required

Safe, inert materials of construction

# Filtering Water with the Balston LP-20 Water Filter

Dirt and rust in the hot or cold water supply to washersterilizers leave deposits and stains on valuable instruments and sterilizers. In most hospitals, the cleanliness of the water depends upon the efficiency of the municipal water treatment system. Excessive dirt in the water can be an intermittent problem caused by a drought, a fire in the neighborhood, water main problems, or scores of other random events well beyond the control of the hospital engineers. This unpredictable, expensive problem can be permanently solved by installing an inexpensive and easily maintained Balston LP Grade 20 water filter on the water line to the washer-sterilizer. On any washer-sterilizer, installing a Balston 23R Steam Filter on the steam line and a Balston LP Grade 20 Water Filter on the water line guarantees freedom from the outside contaminants.

## How the cartridge works

The LP Grade 20 liquid filter cartridge is constructed entirely from polypropylene, rendering it safe and inert for use in hospital water supplies. The polypropylene construction makes this filter acceptable for use in cold and hot (to 180°F/82°C) water supplies. The filter cartridge consists of a polypropylene external support structure with EPR seals and an internal filtering element. The internal filter is made of self-bonded polypropylene fibers which are graded from coarse to fine in the direction of flow (inside-to-outside). Since the coarse inner layer acts as a prefilter for the finer outer layer, the life of this cartridge is exceptionally long. For example: Approximately 50,000 gallons of water can be filtered by a single 20" liquid filter cartridge.



Model C-0195



Model 53/50



Model 53/95

# Model C-0195

This model is a rugged, stainless steel housing for hot water service. One cartridge is securely mounted with an internal tierod and threaded cartridge retainer. This model accommodates the 20" length filter cartridge.

## Models 53/50 and 53/95

These models are constructed entirely of polypropylene and designed for a single filter cartridge in the 10" and 20" lengths. The Model 53 housings are used for cold water service only.

Filter Assembly Selection Recommendations										
Water Line Size (1)	Hot Water (125°F/52°C-180°F/82°C)	Cold Water (below 125°F/52°C)								
3/4"	C-0195 with LP-200-95-20	53/95 with LP-200-95-20								
1/2"	—	53/50 with LP-200-50-20								



## Water Filters for Washer Sterilizers

Principal Specifications													
Port Size	Materials Head	of Constru Bowl	iction Internals	Seals	Maximum Temperature	Maximum Pressure	Maximum Diff. Press. (1)	Shipping Weight	Dimensions				
ER FILTER													
1" NPT	304SS	304SS	304SS	EPR	180°F (82°C)	150 psig	60 psig	11 lbs (5 kg)	4"D x 28"L (10cm x 71cm)				
COLD WATER FILTER													
3/4" NPT	Polypro.	Polypro.		EPR	125°F (52°C)	125 psig	60 psig	4 lbs (2 kg)	5"D x 12"L (13cm x 31cm)				
3/4" NPT	Polypro.	Polypro.		EPR	125°F (52°C)	125 psig	60 psig	6 lbs (3 kg)	5"D x 22"L (13cm x 56cm)				
	Al Specific Port Size ER FILTER 1" NPT STER FILTER 3/4" NPT 3/4" NPT	Al Specifications Port Materials Size Head TER FILTER 1" NPT 304SS ATER FILTER 3/4" NPT Polypro. 3/4" NPT Polypro.	Al Specifications Port Materials of Constru- Size Head Bowl TER FILTER 1" NPT 304SS 304SS ATER FILTER 3/4" NPT Polypro. Polypro. 3/4" NPT Polypro. Polypro.	Al SpecificationsPort SizeMaterials Headof Construction BowlTer FILTERInternals1" NPT304SS304SSATER FILTER3/4" NPTPolypro.Polypro.3/4" NPTPolypro.Polypro3/4" NPTPolypro.Polypro	Al SpecificationsPort SizeMaterials of Construction HeadSealsER FILTERInternalsSeals1" NPT304SS304SS304SSVIER FILTER3/4" NPTPolypro.Polypro3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR	Al SpecificationsPort SizeMaterials of Construction BowlMaximum InternalsFER FILTER1" NPT304SS304SS304SSEPR180°F (82°C)ITER FILTER3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR125°F (52°C)3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR125°F (52°C)	Al SpecificationsPort SizeMaterials Headof Construction InternalsMaximum SealsMaximum TemperatureMaximum PressureTER FILTER 1" NPT304SS304SS304SSEPR180°F (82°C)150 psigATER FILTER 3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR125°F (52°C)125 psig3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR125°F (52°C)125 psig	Al Specifications         Port Size       Materials Head       of Construction Bowl       Maximum Internals       Maximum Seals       Maximum Temperature       Maximum Pressure       Maximum Diff. Press. (1)         TER FILTER       1" NPT       304SS       304SS       EPR       180°F (82°C)       150 psig       60 psig         ATER FILTER       3/4" NPT       Polypro.       Polypro.        EPR       125°F (52°C)       125 psig       60 psig         3/4" NPT       Polypro.       Polypro.        EPR       125°F (52°C)       125 psig       60 psig	Al SpecificationsPort SizeMaterials Headof Construction InternalsMaximum SealsMaximum TemperatureMaximum PressureMaximum Diff. Press. (1)Shipping WeightTER FILTER 1" NPT304SS304SS304SSEPR180°F (82°C)150 psig60 psig11 lbs (5 kg)ATER FILTER 3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR125°F (52°C)125 psig60 psig4 lbs (2 kg)3/4" NPTPolypro.PolyproEPR125°F (52°C)125 psig60 psig6 lbs (3 kg)				

### **Ordering Information**

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time Model No Filter Cartridges Required (2) Filter Cartridge Designation

wodel	No. Filter Cartridges Required (2)	Filter Cartridge Designation
C-0195	1	LP-200-95-20
53/50	1	LP-200-50-20
53/95	1	LP-200-95-20

Notes: 1 LP Grade 20 Filter Cartridge. Inside-to-outside flow. 2 Filter Cartridge not included with housing and must

be ordered separately.





## **EtO Filters**

## Long filter life

Easy to change filter cartridge

Eliminate unexpected downtime due to clogged components

Stainless steel and Teflon<sup>®</sup> provide safe, trouble-free operation



Model A34

## Model A34

The cleanliness of Ethylene Oxide (EtO) typically varies from supplier to supplier and from delivery to delivery. In addition, EtO inherently polymerizes, causing valves to clog and regulators to malfunction. Filtering EtO at the point of use assures the delivery of clean EtO to the sterilizers, significantly improves sterilizer performance, and reduces sterilizer maintenance.

Balston EtO Filters, specifically designed for ethylene oxide service, are constructed of stainless steel with Teflon seals. The ET Grade 30 filter cartridge is inexpensive and simple to replace when necessary.

The model A34 is sized for most hospital sterilizer applications.

"Teflon" is a registered trademark of the Dupont Company.

Principal S	Principal Specifications													
Model	Port Size	Filter Cartridge Designation	Materials of ( Head	Construction Bowl	Internals	Seals	Maximum Steam Pressure	Shipping Weight						
A34	1/4" NPT	ET-100-12-30 (1)	316SS	316SS	316SS	Teflon (2)	250 psig	4 lbs. (2 kg)						

### Ordering Information

For assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-343-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time

Model F A34 Included F

Filter Cartridge Designation ET-100-12-30

Notes:

1 Each filter is supplied with one filter cartridge installed.

2 Each filter is supplied with one spare Teflon seal set.



## Balston<sup>®</sup> Filters and Air Dryers for Hospital Applications

Meets new NFPA 99/2002 Medical Air Specification of 32°F Dewpoint

State-of-the-art membrane technology

**Guaranteed 32°F dewpoint** 

Durable - will hold up to the dirtiest compressed air system

No requirement for costly maintenance contracts

Output capacities to 400 scfm

Complete system with prefilters, autodrains, and differential pressure indicator

## State-of-the-Art Membrane Technology

Water vapor from the compressed air supply passes through the hollow fibers of the membrane. At the same time, a small portion of the dry air product is redirected along the length of the fibers to sweep out the water vapor which has permeated the membrane. The moisture-laden sweep gas is then vented to the atmosphere, and clean, dry air is supplied to the compressed air distribution system.

The SMART Dryer<sup>™</sup> utilizes sophisticated technology to monitor the air consumption and automatically adjusts the regenerative sweep flow as required. The variable sweep system results in significant energy savings and low operating costs. (NFPA 3025 and NFPA 3050 are fixed sweep systems)

Desiccant / Pressure swing adsorption technology is the only other technology that will meet this new NFPA specification. But this technology is designed to produce -40°F to -100°F dew point which results in high operating costs, in terms of both electrical costs and maintenance costs. The initial capital cost is also higher than that of membrane technology.

The SMART Dryer technology has been specifically designed to produce the required NFPA dew point. In addition, there are no desiccant towers to maintain and change out periodically. No heaters required nor final



filters to capture desiccant particles from traveling out into the facility and to sensitive tools and medical equipment.

The Balston SMART Dryer Medical Air Dryer is designed to operate continuously, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week with the only maintenance requirement of changing the prefilter cartridges twice a year - a 5 minute procedure requiring no tools!

Medical AirEasy to install - no electrician required to install or maintain systemGeneral Compressed Air MainlinesEasy to install - no electri- cian required to install or maintain systemProcess ControlsNo refrigerants or freons - environmentally friendlyHVAC SystemsSimilar configuration of inlet/ outlet ports to that of refrigerant dryers for easy replacement installationProumatic ControlsComplete system with prefilters, auto drains, and pressure gauges	Applications	Benefits
Laser Optics	Medical Air General Compressed Air Mainlines Process Controls HVAC Systems Instrument Cabinets Fire and Sprinkler Systems Pneumatic Controls Dry Air for Hazardous Areas Chemical Blanketing and Packaging Laser Optics	Easy to install - no electri- cian required to install or maintain system No refrigerants or freons - environmentally friendly Similar configuration of inlet/ outlet ports to that of refrigerant dryers for easy replacement installation Complete system with prefilters, auto drains, and pressure gauges

\*Non-cycling refrigerant air dryer \*\* Ref pg 99-38 - Section 5.1.3.5.7

## Membrane Air Dryer - Principles of Operation

Phase I



Figure 1

Figure 2

Phase II



Figure 3

# Phase I - Coalescing Filtration

Prior to entering the membrane drying module, the compressed air passes through a high efficiency water separator and coalescing filter to remove oil and water droplets and particulate contamination with an efficiency of 99.99% at 0.01 micron. The liquids removed by the filter cartridge continuously drip from the filter cartridge into the bottom of the housing, where they are automatically emptied by an autodrain assembly (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2). The air leaving the prefilter, therefore, is laden only with water vapor, which will be removed in the membrane module.



Figure 4

# Phase II - Drying

The water vapor in the compressed air is removed by the principle of selective permeation through a membrane (see Fig. 3). The membrane module consists of bundles of hollow membrane fibers, each permeable only to water vapor. As the compressed air passes through the center of these fibers, water vapor permeates through the walls of the fiber, and dry air exits from the other end of the fiber. A small portion of the dry air (regeneration flow) is redirected along the length of the membrane fiber to carry away the moisture-laden air which surrounds the membrane fibers (see Figure 4). The remainder of the dry air is piped to the application.



# NFPA 99 Standard for Health Care Facilities 2002 Edition\*

99-38

#### HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

- Components complying with 5.1.3.5.4 through 5.1.3.5.10, arranged per 5.1.3.5.11
- (2) An automatic means to prevent backflow from all on-cycle compressors through all off-cycle compressors
- (3) A manual shutoff valve to isolate each compressor from the centrally piped system and from other compressors for maintenance or repair without loss of pressure in the system
- (4) Intake filter-muffler(s) of the dry type
- (5) Pressure relief valve(s) set at 50 percent above line pressure
- (6) Piping between the compressor and the source shutoff valve compatible with oxygen, that does not contribute to contaminant levels and is cleaned for oxygen use

5.1.3.5.3.3 Medical air compressor systems shall preclude the condensation of water vapor in the piping distribution system by the selection of the air drying equipment.

#### 5.1.3.5.4 Compressors for Medical Air.

5.1.3.5.4.1\* Compressors for medical air shall be designed to prevent the introduction of contaminants or liquid into the pipeline by either of the following methods:

- Elimination of oil anywhere in the compressor (e.g., liquid ring and permanently sealed bearing compressors)
- (2) Separation of the oil-containing section from the compression chamber by at least two seals creating an area open to atmosphere that allows the following:
  - (a) Direct and unobstructed visual inspection of the interconnecting shaft through vent and inspection openings no smaller than 1.5 shaft diameters in size
  - (b) The facility operators to confirm proper seal operation by direct visual inspection through the aboveshaft opening, without disassembly of the compressor (e.g., extended head compressors with an atmospheric vent between the compression chamber and the crankcase)

5.1.3.5.4.2 For liquid ring compressors, service water and seal water of a quality recommended by the compressor manufacturer shall be used.

5.1.3.5.4.3 Compressors shall be permitted to be constructed of ferrous and/or non-ferrous materials.

5.1.3.5.4.4 Anti-vibration mountings shall be installed for compressors as required by equipment dynamics or location and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

5.1.3.5.4.5 Flexible connectors shall connect the air compressors with their intake and outlet piping.

5.1.3.5.5 Aftercoolers. Aftercoolers, where required, shall be provided with individual condensate traps. The receiver shall not be used as an aftercooler or aftercooler trap.

5.1.3.5.5.1 Aftercoolers shall be permitted to be constructed of ferrous and/or non-ferrous materials.

5.1.3.5.5.2 Anti-vibration mountings shall be installed for aftercoolers as required by equipment dynamics or location and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

5.1.5.5.6 Medical Air Receivers. Receivers for medical air shall meet the following requirements:

- Be made of corrosion resistant materials or otherwise be made corrosion resistant
- (2) Comply with Section VIII, Unfired Pressure Vessels, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code

- (3) Be equipped with a pressure relief valve, automatic drain, manual drain, sight glass, and pressure indicator
- (4) Be of a capacity sufficient to prevent the compressors from short-cycling

5.1.3.5.7 Medical Air Dryers. Medical air dryers shall meet the following requirements:

- Be designed to provide air at a maximum dew point that is below the frost point [0°C (32°F)] at any level of demand.
- (2) Be sized for 100 percent of the system peak calculated demand at design conditions
- (3) Be permitted to be constructed of ferrous and/or nonferrous materials
- (4) Be provided with anti-vibration mountings installed as required by equipment dynamics or location and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations

5.1.3.5.8 Medical Air Filters. Medical air filters shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) Be appropriate for the intake air conditions
- (2) Be located upstream of the final line regulators
- (3) Be sized for 100 percent of the system peak calculated demand at design conditions and be rated for a minimum of 98 percent efficiency at 1 micron or greater
- (4) Be equipped with a continuous visual indicator showing the status of the filter element life
- (5) Be permitted to be constructed of ferrous and/or nonferrous materials

5.1.3.5.8.1 Compressors complying with 5.1.3.5.4.1(2) shall be provided with the following:

- (1) Coalescing filters with element change indicators
- (2) Charcoal absorbers with colorimetric hydrocarbon indicators

5.1.3.5.9 Medical Air Regulators. Medical air regulators shall meet the following requirements:

- Be sized for 100 percent of the system peak calculated demand at design condition
- (2) Be permitted to be constructed of ferrous and/or nonferrous materials
- (3) Be equipped with a pressure indicator indicating delivery pressure

5.1.3.5.10\* Medical Air Local Alarm. A local alarm complying with 5.1.9.4 shall be provided for the medical air compressor source.

#### 5.1.3.5.11 Piping Arrangement and Redundancies.

5.1.3.5.11.1 Component arrangement shall be as follows:

- Components shall be arranged to permit service and a continuous supply of medical air in the event of a single fault failure.
- (2) Component arrangement shall be permitted to vary as required by the technology(ies) employed, provided an equal level of operating redundancy and medical air quality is maintained.

5.1.3.5.11.2 Medical air compressors shall be sufficient to serve the peak calculated demand with the largest single compressor out of service. In no case shall there be fewer than 2 (two) compressors.

5.1.3.5.11.3 When aftercoolers are provided, they shall be sufficient to serve the peak calculated demand with the largest single aftercooler out of service and provided with valves ad-

\* Printed with permission from the NFPA, Quincy, MA 02269



#### **Principal Specifications**

	Membrane Air Dryers								
Model Number	NFPA3025NA	NFPA3050NA	NFPA5100NA	NFPA5200NA	NFPA5300NA	NFPA5400NA			
CSA Safety Standard	CAN/CSA 22.2 No.101	0.1-92							
IEC 1010 Safety Standard	IEC 1010-1: 1990 + A1	:1992 + A2:1995/EN610	010-1:1993						
EIC 1010	Installation Category II,	Pollution Degree 2 —							
UL Safety Standard	UL 3101-1, First Edition	1							
Max Flow Rate @32°F dewpoint	25 SCFM	50 SCFM	100 SCFM	200 SCFM	300 SCFM	400 SCFM			
Dewpoint (1)	32°F (0°C)								
Min/Max Inlet Air Temp.(2)	40°F/100°F (4°C/38°C)								
Ambient Temp. Range	40°F/95°F (4°/35°C)								
Min/Max Inlet Pressure	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 b	arg/10 barg)							
Max Relative Humidity	80%								
Altitude	2000M								
Max Compressed Air Requirement	31 SCFM	62 SCFM	120 SCFM	240 SCFM	360 SCFM	480 SCFM			
Max Pressure Drop (5)	6 psi (0.4 bar)					>			
Inlet/Outlet Port Size	1/2"NPT(male)	3/4"NPT(male)	1"NPT(male)	1-1/2"NPT(male)	2"NPT(male)	3"NPT(male)			
Electrical Requirements	120 VAC, 60 Hz, 1 Amp								
Fuse Type	T, 250V, 1 Amp@120 VAC								
Physical Dimensions	18"wx34"hx13"d (46cmx87cmx32cm)	26"wx57"hx18"d (66cmx145cmx45cm)	12.5"wx44"hx16"d (32cmx112cmx40cm)	12.5"wx44"hx16"d (32cmx112cmx40cm)	12.5"wx43.25"hx27"d (32cmx112cmx68cm)	12.5"wx43.25"hx27 (32cmx112cmx68c			
Shipping Weight	65 lbs(30 kg)	175 lbs(79 kg)	175 lbs(80 kg)	225 lbs(102 kg)	300 lbs(136 kg)	375 lbs(170 kg)			

#### Ordering Information For assistance call 1-800-343-4048

Model Number	NFPA3025NA	NFPA3050NA	NFPA5100NA	NFPA5200NA	NFPA5300NA	NFPA5400NA
Coalescing Prefilter Assembly	76915-DX 76915-BX	76962-DX 76962-BX	2312N-1B1-DX 2312N-1B1-BX	A15/80-DX A15/80-BX	C02-2356 C02-2357	CO2-2358 CO2-2359
Replacement Prefilter Cartridges (every 6 mos)	100-18-DXE 100-18-BXE	150-19-DXE 150-19-BXE	200-35-DX 200-35-BX	200-80-DX 200-80-BX	210-800-DX 210-800-BX	210-955-DX 210-955-BX
Membrane Module	D01-0048	D01-0077	D01-0086 (ea.)	D01-0086 (4ea.)	D01-0086(6ea.)	D01-0086(8ea.)
Automatic Drain Kit	N/A	N/A	21552	21552	21552	21552
Drip Leg Drain	N/A	N/A	A01-0086	A01-0086	A01-0086	A01-0086

#### Notes:

1 Product dewpoint is 32°F or lower at all demand conditions (see table 1)

2 Inlet compressed air dewpoint must not exceed the ambient air temperature.

3 If compressed air is extremely contaminated, a Balston Grade DX prefilter should be installed directly upstream from the membrane dryer. 4 Max. compressed air requirement is at 100 psig operating pressure. For max. compressed air consumption at other pressures, see tables 1 and 2.

5 Max pressure drop measured at max flow rate @ 100 psig. Pressure drop will increase at lower feed pressures consult factory.



## Table 1

Outlet Flow (SCFM) at Indicated Operating Pressure (PSIG) for 32°F Pressure Dew Point					
Model Number	60 psig	80 psig	100 psig	120 psig	
NFPA3025NA	10	17.5	25	32.5	
NFPA3050NA	20	35	50	65	
NFPA5100NA	40	70	100	130	
NFPA5200NA	80	140	200	260	
NFPA5300NA	120	210	300	390	
NFPA5400NA	160	280	400	520	

# **Technical Drawings**



Model NFPA 3050NA





# Balston<sup>®</sup> Filters and Air Dryers for Hospital Applications



-Parker



# **Compressed Air Dryers**



Unattended 24 hour operation

Compact

Membrane and PSA technologies available

Silent operation

No desiccant to change

*Easy to install and operate* 

## **Balston Membrane and PSA Air Dryers**

Balston offers both membrane and PSA technology. Balston Membrane Air Dryers combine superior coalescing technology with a proven, innovative membrane system to supply clean, dry compressed air with dewpoints as low as  $-40^{\circ}$ F (-40°C)

Balston PSA Compressed Air Dryers will reduce the dewpoint of compressed air to -100°F (-73°C). Each dryer is delivered complete and ready for easy installation.





Balston Membrane Air Dryers

## Applications

- Low dewpoint instrument air Pneumatic equipment Pressurizing electronic cabinets Analytical instrumentation Prevention of freeze-ups Dry air for hazardous areas
- General laboratory air supply

- "We have not had one shutdown due to freeze-ups since the Balston Membrane Dryer was installed." Peter Vogt International Filler Corp. Offer a reliable, efficient, and economical alternative to pressure swing and refrigerant dryer technologies

Require no electricity thus lowering operating costs

Dewpoints as low as -40°F (-40°C) prevent freeze-ups

**Explosion proof** 

**Silent operation** 

No desiccant to change

# Models 76-01, 76-02, 76-10, 76-20, 76-40, and 76-100-4050

Balston Membrane Air Dryers combine a superior coalescing technology with a proven, innovative membrane system to supply clean, dry compressed air with dewpoints as low as -40°F (-40°C). The Balston Membrane Dryers are available in 6 different models which can deliver compressed air at flow rates up to 100 SCFM with a -40°F (-40°C) dewpoint. The Balston Membrane Air Dryers are engineered for easy installation, operation, and long term reliability. The dryers incorporate high efficiency coalescing filtration and the highest efficiency membrane available to provide low cost operation and minimal maintenance.

# State-of-the-Art Membrane Technology

Water vapor from the compressed air supply passes through the hollow fibers of the membrane. At the same time, a small portion of the dry air product is redirected along the length of the fibers to sweep out the water vapor laden air which has permeated the membrane. The moisture-laden sweep gas is then vented to the atmosphere, and clean, dry air is supplied to the application. The drying power of the membrane is controlled by varying the compressed air flow rate and pressure. The Balston Membrane Air Dryer is designed to operate continuously, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. The only maintenance required is changing the prefilter cartridge once a year. This annual maintenance takes approximately 5 minutes.



# **Membrane Air Dryer - Principle of Operation**



## **Phase I - Coalescing Filtration**

Prior to entering the membrane drying module, the compressed air passes through a high efficiency coalescing filter to remove oil and water droplets and particulate contamination with an efficiency of 99.99% at 0.01 micron. The liquids removed by filter cartridge continuously drip from the filter cartridge into the bottom of the housing, where they are automatically emptied by an autodrain assembly (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2). The air leaving the prefilter, therefore, is laden only with water vapor, which will be removed in the membrane module.

## **Phase II - Drying**

The water vapor in the compressed air is removed by the principle of selective permeation through a membrane (see Fig. 3). The membrane module consists of bundles of hollow membrane fibers (see Fig. 4), each permeable only to water vapor. As the compressed air passes through the center of these fibers, water vapor permeates through the walls of the fiber, and dry air exits from the other end of the fiber. A small portion of the dry air (regeneration flow) is redirected along the length of the membrane fiber to carry away the moisture-laden air which surrounds the membrane fibers. The remainder of the dry air is piped to the application.





Flow Rates	Outlet Flow (SCFM) a	at Indicated Operating Pres	ssure (psig) for -40°F (-40°	C) Pressure Dewpoint	
Pressure Dewpoint	60 psig -40°F(-40°C)	80 psig -40°F(-40°C)	100 psig -40°F(-40°C)	120 psig -40°F(-40°C)	140 psig -40°F(-40°C)
Model 76-01	.3	.6	1	1.3	1.7
Model 76-02	.7	1	2	2.6	3.4
Model 76-10	3.3	5	10	13	17
Model 76-20	6.6	10	20	26	34
Model 76-40	13.2	20	40	52	68
Model 76-100-4050	33	50	100	130	170

Membrane Module Regeneration Flow	Regeneration Flow (SCFM) at Indicated Operating Pressure (psig) and all dewpoints				
Pressure Dewpoint	60 psig	80 psig	100 psig	120 psig	140 psig
Model 76-01	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3
Model 76-02	.34	.4	.5	.6	.7
Model 76-10	1.7	2.1	2.5	3	3.5
Model 76-20	3.4	4.2	5	6	7
Model 76-40	6.8	8.4	10	12	14
Model 76-100-4050	17	21	25	30	35

Principal Specifications						
Model	76-01	76-02	76-10	76-20	76-40	76-100-4050
Max. Flow Rate At -40°F (-40°C) Dewpoint (1) Min/Max Inlet Air Temp. (2)	1 SCFM 40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)	2 SCFM	10 SCFM	20 SCFM	40 SCFM	100 SCFM
Ambient Temp. Range	40°F - 120°F (4°C - 49°C	)				
Min/Max Inlet Pressure	60 psig/150 psig				I	
Compressed Air Requirement	Total Air Consumption: I	Regeneration Flow (above)	) + Outlet Flow Requireme	ents (see tables on pg. 3)		
Max. Pressure Drop (3)	5 psid	5 psid	5 psid	5 psid	5 psid	5 psid
Wall Mountable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Prefilter (included) (4)	A912A-BX	A912A-BX	A915A-BX	75962-BX	A960-BX	15/80-DX, 15/80-BX
Inlet/Outlet Port Size	1/4" NPT (female)	1/4" NPT (female)	1/2" NPT (female)	1" NPT (female)	1 1/2" NPT (female)/ 3/4" NPT (female)	2" NPT (male)
Electrical Requirements	None	None	None	None	None	None
Dimensions	6"W x 22"H x 5"D (15cm x 58cm x 13cm)	6"W x 23"H x 5"D (15cm x 58cm x 13cm)	6"W x 37"H x 5"D (15cm x 94cm x 13cm)	12"W x 37"H x 7"D (30cm x 94cm x 18cm)	19"W x 39"H x 8"D (48cm x 99cm x 21cm)	51"W x 66"H x 28"D (129cm x 167cm x 71cm)
Shipping Weight	9 lbs. (4 kg)	10 lbs. (5 kg)	18 lbs. (9 kg)	20 lbs. (9 kg)	35 lbs. (16 kg)	550 lbs. (250 kg)

#### Notes:

1 Dewpoint specified for saturated inlet air at 100°F (38°C) and 100 psig. Outlet flows will vary slightly for other inlet conditions. 2 Inlet compressed air dewpoint must not exceed the ambient air temperature.
3 5 psid at -40°F (-40°C) dewpoint operating parameters. 4 If compressed air is extremely contaminated, a Balston Grade DX prefilter should be installed directly upstream from the membrane dryer.

Ordering Information						
For Assistance, call toll-free at 1-80	00-343-4048 8AM to	5PM Eastern Time				
Description	Model Number					
Balston Membrane Air Dryer	76-01	76-02	76-10	76-20	76-40	76-100-4050
Replacement Prefilter Cartridges	100-12-BXE	100-12-BXE	100-18-BXE	150-19-BXE	200-35-BXE	200-80-DXE 200-80-BXE
Optional Additional Coalescing Prefilter	A912A-DX	A912A-DX	A915A-DX	75962-DX	A960-DX	15/80-DX
Replacement Filter Cartridges for Optional Prefilter	100-12-DXE	100-12-DXE	100-18-DXE	150-19-DXE	200-35-DXE	200-80-DXE
Pressure Regulator (0-130 psig) 1/2" NPT Ports Differential Pressure	72-130	72-130	72-130	72-130		
Indicator Assembly					41-071(1)	

(1) optional accessory



Operating costs are 35 - 40% less than a refrigerant air dryer\*

No electricity required

State-of-the-art membrane technology

Guaranteed 35°F dewpoint - 13% dryer than refrigerant dryers

Durable - will hold up to the dirtiest compressed air system

No requirement for costly maintenance contracts

Output capacities to 1200 scfm \*

Complete system with prefilters, autodrains, and pressure indicators



5000 Series SMART Dryer

# The Only Way To Dry Compressed Air!

Now, there is only one sensible way to dry compressed air! High efficiency, durable membrane technology is quickly becoming the standard for drying compressed air. Parker Hannifin is leading the way with membrane technology that consumes the least amount of compressed air for drying.

The SMART Dryer<sup>™</sup> utilizes sophisticated technology to monitor system parameters and automatically adjusts the regenerative sweep flow as required. The variable sweep system results in significant energy savings and low operating costs.

The SMART Dryer<sup>™</sup> technology offers another advantage over refrigerant air drying technology as it does not produce condensate. An average 100 CFM compressor system can produce up to 1,800 gallons of oily condensate per year! The refrigerant dryer condenses it into an oily/water emulsion which has to be disposed of at a high cost to you! The Balston<sup>®</sup> Membrane Air Dryer is designed to operate continuously, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The only maintenance required is changing the prefilter cartridges twice a year, which take approximately 5 minutes and requires no tools!

Applications	Benefits
General Compressed Air Mainlines Process Controls HVAC Systems Instrument Cabinets CNC/CMM Machinery Fire and Sprinkler Systems Pneumatic Controls Dry Air for Hazardous Areas Chemical Blanketing and Packaging Electronics/Dry Boxes Laser Optics	Easy to install - no electri- cian required to install or maintain system No refrigerants or freons - environmentally friendly Complete system with prefilters, auto drains, and pressure gauges Compact size



Parker Hannifin Corporation Filtration and Separation Division Haverhill, MA 1-800-343-4048 www.parker.com/balston

\*Non-cycling refrigerant air dryer \*\* Consult Factory



# Why buy a Balston SMART Dryer<sup>™</sup> instead of a cycling refrigerant air dryer?

The Balston SMART Dryer will save YOU money and offer better performance!

All Balston SMART Dryers require no electricity.

All air dryers are sized based on the maximum capacity output of a compressed air system with inlet conditions assumed to be 100°F inlet temperature, 100 psig inlet pressure and 100°F ambient temperature. In the majority of installations, it is unlikely air dryers will be required to operate under these extreme conditions. Most importantly, the majority of compressed air systems are not operating at the maximum output capacity.

Refrigerant and desiccant air dryers, sized to meet these operating conditions are designed to run continuously regardless of the systems demands, when in fact the actual system conditions are far less.

The result is significant operating costs in wasted energy and wear and tear on refrigerant compressors, cooling systems, drains and other componentry.

In a typical manufacturing plant operating one 8 hour shift with a 100 SCFM compressor system running at 75% capacity (on average over the 8 hour shift), a typical non-cycling refrigerant air dryer would cost \$716 in just electrical costs alone, compared to the Balston SMART Dryer with only \$436 in electrical costs. If you factor in the annual maintenance costs of \$600 for a non-cycling refrigerant dryer compared to \$130 for the Balston SMART Dryer, there is a total annual savings of over \$750.

Recently, refrigerant manufacturers have responded to this issue by developing a cycling air dryer which cools a cold storage heat sink reservoir. Once the reservoir is cooled to the minimum temperature the compressor (refrigerant) is shut off. The compressor cycles back on when the temperature of the storage reservoir reaches a preset upper limit. This reduces the total energy consumption of the dryer however it could produce significant variations in output dewpoints.

The Balston SMART Dryer does not require refrigerant, compressors, cooling systems or other componentry that carries high operating costs (energy) and maintenance costs. The Balston SMART Dryer utilizes sophisticated technology to monitor the system parameters and automatically adjusts the regenerative sweep flow as required. The variable sweep system results in significant energy savings and low operating costs with no fluctuation in output dewpoints.

In a typical manufacturing plant operating an 8 hour shift with 100 SCFM compressor system running at 75% capacity (on average over the 8 hour shift), a typical cycling refrigerant air dryer would cost \$454.00 in electrical costs alone, compared to the Balston SMART Dryer with only \$436.00 in electrical costs. If you factor in the annual maintenance cost of \$800 for a cycling refrigerant dryer compared to \$130.00 for the Balston SMART Dryer, there is a total annual savings of over \$685.00

Additionally, there are no moving parts, no freons that need recharging, no compressors to be serviced and no cooling coils to be cored and cleaned.

Most importantly, the Balston SMART Dryer is producing a constant 35°F dewpoint which is 13% dryer than a cycling refrigerant air dryer (ppm weight in air).



## Here's What Our Customers Say

"Our compressed air system is now completely dry and clean at a very reasonable cost. And we gain at least three hours of production time each week by not having to shut down to clean rusted valves..."

Wayne Etchells, Vice President Melton Corporation, Cranston, R.I.

"This new type of membrane dryer was just what we needed to eliminate problems with water building up in compressed air lines...Since the day we installed it, we haven't had a single problem with rust. The time and money we save by not having to repair spindles and air motors pays for the cost of the dryer every few months."

> John Napier, Maintenance Engineer King Machine, Akron, OH





Model SMRT5200

#### **Principal Specifications**

	Membrane Air Dryers	
Model Number	SMRT5100	SMRT5200
Max Flow Rate @35°F dewpoint	100 SCFM	200 SCFM
Dewpoint	35°F (2°C)	35°F (2°C)
Min/Max Inlet Air Temp.	40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)	40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)
Ambient Temp. Range	40°F/110°F (4°/43°C)	40°F/110°F (4°/43°C)
Min/Max Inlet Pressure	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 barg/10 barg)	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 barg/10 barg)
Max Dewpoint	120°F PDF	120°F PDF
Altitude	2000M	2000M
Max Compressed Air (1) Requirement	113 SCFM	226 SCFM
Max Pressure Drop (2)	10 psi (0.7 bar)	10 psi (0.7 bar)
Inlet/Outlet Port Size	1 1/2"NPT(male)	2"NPT(male)
Physical Dimensions (3)	12.5"w x 44"h x 18"d (32cm x 112cm x 46cm)	12.5"w x 44"h x 18"d (32cm x 112cm x46cm)
Shipping Weight	175 lbs(86 kg)	175 lbs(100 kg)

12 1/2"

### Ordering Information For assistance call 1-800-343-4048

Model Number	SMRT5100	SMRT5200
Coalescing Prefilter Assembly	2312N-1B1-DX 2312N-1B1-BX	A15/80-DX A15/80-BX
Replacement Prefilter Cartridges (every 6 months)	200-35-DXE 200-35-BXE	200-35-DXE 200-35-BXE
Membrane Replacement Module	D01-0086	D01-0086
Automatic Drain Kit	21552	21552

Notes:

1 Dewpoint specified for saturated inlet air at  $100^{\circ}F(38^{\circ}C)$  and max. flow at 100 psig. Outlet flow and dewpoint will vary for other inlet conditions.

2 Max. pressure drop measured at max flow rate @ 100 psig. Pressure drop will increase at lower feed pressures - consult factory.

**3** Excluding coalescing prefilter assembly.

Parker



	I TOTIC VIEW				
27	7"				
<b>43</b> 1/4"					
<u> </u>					
	12 1/2"				

### **Principal Specifications**

	Membrane Air Dryers			
Model Number	SMRT5300	SMRT5400		
Max Flow Rate @35°F dewpoint	300 SCFM	400 SCFM		
Dewpoint (1)	35°F (2°C)	35°F (2°C)		
Min/Max Inlet Air Temp.	40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)	40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)		
Ambient Temp. Range	40°F/110°F (4°/43°C)	40°F/110°F (4°/43°C)		
Min/Max Inlet Pressure	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 barg/10 barg)	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 barg/10 barg)		
Max Inlet Dewpoint	120°F PDP	120°F PDP		
Altitude	2000M	2000M		
Max Compressed Air Requirement (1)	339 SCFM	452 SCFM		
Max Pressure Drop (2)	10 psi (0.7 bar)	10 psi (0.7 bar)		
Inlet/Outlet Port Size	2"NPT(male)	2"NPT(male)		
Physical Dimensions (3)	32"w x 112"h x 74"d	32"w x 112"h x 74"d		
Shipping Weight	300 lbs	375 lbs		

#### Notes:

1 Dewpoint and maximum flow specified for saturated inlet air at 100°F(38°C) at 100 psig. Outlet flow and dewpoint will vary for other inlet conditions.

2 Max. pressure drop measured at max flow rate @ 100 psig. Pressure drop will increase at lower feed pressures - consult factory.

3 Excluding coalescing prefilter assemblies.

Ordering Information	For assistance call 1-800-343-4048	
Model Number	SMRT5300	SMRT5400
Coalescing Prefilter Assembly	C02-2356 C02-2357	C02-2358 C02-2359
Replacement Prefilter Cartridges (every 6 months)	210-800-DXE 210-800-BXE	210-955-DXE 210-955-BXE
Membrane Module	D01-0086	D01-0086
Automatic Drain Kit	21552	21552





Model SMRT5600

**Front View** 

Model SMRT5500 Front View





## **Principal Specifications**

	Membrane Air Dryers			
Model Number	SMRT5500	SMRT5600		
Max Flow Rate @35°F dewpoint	500 SCFM	600 SCFM		
Dewpoint (1)	35°F (2°C)	35°F (2°C)		
Min/Max Inlet Air Temp.	40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)	40°F/120°F (4°C/49°C)		
Ambient Temp. Range	40°F/110°F (4°/43°C)	40°F/110°F (4°/43°C)		
Min/Max Inlet Pressure	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 barg/10 barg)	80 psig/150 psig (5.5 barg/10 barg		
Max Relative Dewpoint	120°F PDP	120°F PDP		
Altitude	2000M	2000M		
Max Compressed Air Requirement (1)	565 SCFM	678 SCFM		
Max Pressure Drop	10 psi (0.7 bar)	10 psi (0.7 bar)		
Inlet/Outlet Port Size	2 1/2"NPT	3"NPT		
Physical Dimensions	32"w x 112"h x 102"d	32"w x 112"h x 102"d		
Shipping Weight	475 lbs	550 lbs		

Ordering Information	For assistance call 1-800-343-4048	
Model Number	SMRT5500	SMRT5600
Coalescing Prefilter Assembly	C02-2360 C02-2361	C02-2362 C02-2363
Replacement Prefilter Cartridges (every 6 months)	300-960-DXE 300-960-BXE	300-960-DXE 300-960-BXE
Membrane Module	D01-0086	D01-0086
Automatic Drain Kit	21552	21552

#### Notes:

1 Dewpoint and maximum flow specified for saturated inlet air at 100°F(38°C) at 100 psig. Outlet flow and dewpoint will vary for other inlet conditions.

2 Max. pressure drop measured at max flow rate @ 100 psig. Pressure drop will increase at lower feed pressures - consult factory.

**3** Excluding coalescing prefilter assemblies.

## Membrane Air Dryers for Coordinate Measurement Machines



Protects CMMs from costly repairs caused by oil and water

Guaranteed dewpoint of 35°F

Offers a reliable, efficient, and economical alternative to PSA and refrigerant dryer technologies

Ideal for supplying pure, dry air to Starrett, Brown & Sharpe, Zeiss, and MTI CMMs

Requires no electricity resulting in lower operating costs

Silent operation

No desiccant to change

# Problems that cause costly repairs to Coordinate Measurement Machines

A CMM has 26 highly sensitive air bearings per machine. If oil and moisture are present in the air system supplying the air bearings, the .5mm hole in the bottom of the air bearing will become clogged producing a "drag" in the machine. As the resistance builds, it causes historesious in the measurements producing an inaccurate measurement.

If this problem is allowed to continue, the bearing will drag on the aluminum ways and wear a groove in the machine. Once a groove develops, the air bearing will not produce lift if air is leaking out through the groove in the machine ways. To correct the problem, a complete rebuild of the machine at the factory is necessary which can be as costly as purchasing a new machine.

If the problem is caught in time, a service team will be required to come to the facility to repair the machine. The team will remove the bearings and the holes and grooves are cleaned with alcohol. Each bearing is then resurfaced with 600-1500 grit paper. Badly corroded or pitted air bearings are replaced at a cost of \$200.00 per bearing. Air hoses are also replaced, and all air passages are cleaned. The machine is then reassembled, and the time-consuming and costly task of recalibrating the machine with the ball bar and B89 test is performed as the final step in repairing the machine.

## How to avoid costly maintenance problems

Many repairs average upwards of \$5,000.00. These costly repairs and downtime can easily be avoided by installing a Balston high efficiency Membrane Air Dryer. The Balston Membrane Air Dryer will provide extremely clean, dry air to a CMM, eliminating the possibility of contamination. The Dryer utilizes patented membrane technology, unsurpassed in performance and durability to dehydrate and purify the compressed air. The Balston Membrane Dryer is the only system designed specifically for CMM applications.





## Membrane Air Dryers for Coordinate Measurement Machines

Flow Rates	Outlet Flow (SCFM) at Indicated Operating Pressure (psig)				
Pressure Dewpoint	60 psig -40°F(40°C) 32°F (0°C)	80 psig -40°F(40°C) 32°F (0°C)	100 psig -40°F(40°C) 32°F (0°C)	120 psig -40°F(40°C) 32°F (0°C)	140 psig -40°F(40°C) 32°F (0°C)
Model 76-25-3560	25	25	25		
Model 76-25-3500				25	25

Principal Specifications	
Model	76-25-XX
Max. Flow Rate at 35°F (2°C) Dewpoint (1)	25 SCFM
Min/Max Inlet Air Temp. (2)	40°F/100°F (4°C/38°C)
Ambient Temp. Range	40°F/100°F (4°C/38°C)
Min/Max Inlet Pressure	60 psig / 140 psig
Compressed Air Requirement	28 SCFM
Max. Pressure Drop	6 psi
Prefilter	76-915-DX, 76-915-BX
Inlet/Outlet Port Size	1/2" NPT (male)
Electrical Requirements	None
Dimensions	18"W X 33"H X 13"D (45cmX85cmX32cm)
Shipping Weight	65 lbs. (30 kg)

Notes:

1 Dewpoint specified for inlet air at 100°F (38°C) and 100 psig (The Compressed air & Gas Institute Standard for Testing and Rating compressed air dryers) Outlet dewpoint will vary slightly for inlet air > 100°F (38°C) conditions. Outlet dewpoint will vary with operating pressures other than 100 psig. Consult factory. 2 Inlet compressed air dewpoint must

not exceed the ambient air temperature. 3 Compressed air is extremely contaminated, an aftercooler and separator must be installed directly upstream from the membrane dryer. Consult factory for recommendation. 4 Pressures from 101 PSIG to 140 PSIG.
5 Pressures from 60 PSIG to 100 PSIG.

### **Ordering Information**

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For Assistance, call toll-free at 1-800-3	43-4048 8AM to 5PM Eastern Time
Description	Model Number
Balston Membrane (5)	76-25-3500
Air Dryer (6)	76-25-3560
Replacement Prefilter Cartridges (4) First Stage	100-18-DXE
Second Stage	100-18-BXF



Balston Compressed Air Dryer

#### Applications

Pneumatic Tool Stations HVAC Systems Purge Electrical Boxes Air Lines Subject to Sub-Freezing Temperatures Blanketing Moisture Sensitive Materials Spray Painting Pneumatic Instrumentation Robotics Lasers Dry Boxes Reduce the dewpoint of compressed air to -100°F (-73°C)

**Unattended 24 hour operation** 

Lightweight and compact

No desiccant to change

## Model 75-20

Balston regenerative PSA desiccant dryers reduce the atmospheric dewpoint of compressed air without operator attention. Model 75-20 will reduce the dewpoint to -100°F (-73°C). Each dryer is delivered complete and ready for easy installation. Each model has coalescing prefilters, PSA drying towers, automatic drains, a particulate final filter, a moisture indicator, differential pressure indicator, and pretested controls.

Balston regenerative dryers have safe, 12 VDC electrical controls. To install, simply attach the inlet (60 psig minimum) and outlet air lines, plug the electrical transformer into a wall outlet - no electrician required - and the unit is ready for trouble-free operation.

These reliable dryers can be easily installed, operated, and maintained by personnel not trained in instrumentation. In addition to supplying analytical instruments with dry, particulate-free air, the Balston dryers are useful when air comes into contact with moisture-sensitive materials, or when outside compressed air lines are subjected to sub-freezing temperatures.

The 75-20 is a wall mountable unit. It has a 10 SCFM/min. capacity (at 100 psig inlet pressure).